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ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA

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CHORDATA: REPTILIA

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FAUNA OF INDIA CHECKLIST



CHORDATA: REPTILIA

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Introduction:

Reptiles, members of the Class Reptilia, constitute one of the most ancient and diverse groups of vertebrates, having originated during the Mesozoic era approximately 250 million years ago. While numerous lineages have gone extinct due to major natural events and climatic shifts, extant reptiles display remarkable adaptations that enable their survival in a wide range of terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, excluding only the polar and subpolar regions. Key characteristics of reptiles include a scaly integument, ectothermic (cold-blooded) metabolism, and typically a three-chambered heart, with the notable exception of crocodilians, which possess a four-chambered heart akin to that of birds and mammals.

In India, modern reptiles are categorized into three taxonomic orders: Order Crocodylia (crocodiles & gharial), Order Testudines (turtles and tortoises), and Order Squamata (lizards and snakes). India's diverse physiographic and climatic zones ranging from arid deserts and coastal plains to dense forests and montane ecosystems harbor a rich reptilian fauna. Notably, biodiversity hotspots such as the Western Ghats, Eastern Himalayas, and parts of the Indo-Burma region support high species

richness and endemism.

Unlike birds and mammals, many reptiles demonstrate narrow habitat preferences and restricted distributions, often tied to specific microhabitats or ecological niches. This ecological specialization renders them particularly vulnerable to environmental disturbances. Major threats to reptilian biodiversity in India include habitat fragmentation and degradation, illegal wildlife trade, pollution, road mortality, and the intensifying impacts of climate change. Given their ecological significance as both predators and prey, and their sensitivity to environmental changes, reptiles serve as important bioindicators. Enhanced efforts in field research, habitat protection, and community-inclusive conservation programs are crucial to ensure the long-term survival of India's reptilian diversity.

Diversity: Out of nearly 12,370 species of extant reptiles recorded worldwide till December 2024, 833 species and subspecies (6.33%) are distributed in India, which comprises 16 subspecies (Uetz *et al.*, 2025 and the present compilation). With the advancement of molecular taxonomy, the actual species



diversity is rapidly being unravelled using integrative taxonomy, i.e., combining both morphological and genetic data. Most reptiles are cryptic, whether in locating them in their habitat or dealing with their taxonomy. Comparing the new species of reptiles discovered in the last two decades, there is a nearly 8-fold increase in species discoveries in the last decade (2015-2024) in comparison to the previous decade (2005-2014). It is interesting to note that in the last decade itself, 245 (27.2%) new species of reptiles have been described from India, comprising 195 species of lizards (80%) and 50 species of snakes (20%), most of which were delineated from the species complexes. Apart from new species discoveries, many taxonomic resurrections, emendations and corrections have happened in the field of reptile taxonomy. In terms of the number of species discoveries per year in reptiles in India, the maximum number was in the year 2024 (41 species), followed by 2020 (39 species), 2021 (36 species), 2022 (32 species), 2018 (29 species), 2019 (28 species), 2023 (18 species), 2016 (12 species) and 2015 & 2017 (05 species each). After the publication of the checklist by Aengals *et al.*, 2018 numerous novel species were described (Agarwal *et al.*, 2018a,b; Cyriac *et al.*, 2018; Deepak *et al.*, 2018; Mirza, 2018; Mirza *et al.*, 2018; Pal *et al.*, 2018; Sayyed *et al.*, 2018; Srikanthan *et al.*, 2018; Srinivasulu *et al.*, 2018; Agarwal *et al.*, 2019a,b; Bhosale *et al.*, 2019; Captain *et al.*, 2019; Chaitanya *et al.*, 2019a,b; Deepak *et al.*, 2019; Giri *et al.*, 2019a,b,c; Khandekar, 2019; Khandekar *et al.*, 2019a,b; Mallik *et al.*, 2019; Murthy *et al.*, 2019; Purkayastha & David, 2019; Sayyed *et al.*, 2019; Agarwal *et al.*, 2020a,b,c,d; Amarasinghe *et al.*, 2020; Ambekar *et al.*, 2020; Bhosale *et al.*, 2020; Chandramouli, 2020a,b; Chandramouli *et al.*, 2020; Cyriac *et al.*, 2020a,b; Das *et al.*, 2020; Deepak *et al.*, 2020; Ganesh & Achyuthan, 2020; Ganesh *et al.*,

2020; Khandekar *et al.*, 2020a,b,c; Lajmi *et al.*, 2020; Mallik *et al.*, 2020; Mirza *et al.*, 2020; Mohapatra *et al.*, 2020; Patel & Vyas, 2020; Purkayastha *et al.*, 2020; Sampaio *et al.*, 2020; Sayyed & Sulakhe, 2020; Sayyed *et al.*, 2020; Agarwal *et al.*, 2021; Chandramouli *et al.*, 2021; Das *et al.*, 2021; Deepak *et al.*, 2021a,b; Ganesh *et al.*, 2021b,c; Kamei & Mahony, 2021; Khandekar *et al.*, 2021a,b,c,d; Lalronunga *et al.*, 2021; Mahony & Kamei, 2021; Mallik *et al.*, 2021; Mirza *et al.*, 2021a,b; Narayanan *et al.*, 2021; Pal *et al.*, 2021; Purkayastha *et al.*, 2021; Sayyed *et al.*, 2021; Wagner *et al.*, 2021; Adhikari *et al.*, 2022; Agarwal *et al.*, 2022; Bandara *et al.*, 2022; Bohra *et al.*, 2022; Das *et al.*, 2022; Khandekar *et al.*, 2022a,b; Kumar *et al.*, 2022; Kuttalam *et al.*, 2022; Lalremsanga *et al.*, 2022a,b; Mirza & Gnaneswar, 2022; Mirza *et al.*, 2022a,b; Narayanan & Aravind, 2022; Narayanan *et al.*, 2022; Pal & Mirza, 2022; Purkayastha *et al.*, 2022; Rathee *et al.*, 2022; Adhikari *et al.*, 2023; Agarwal *et al.*, 2023a,b; Blanck *et al.*, 2023; Chandramouli *et al.*, 2023; Gower, 2023; Khandekar *et al.*, 2023a,b; Lalremsanga *et al.*, 2023a,b; Mohapatra *et al.*, 2023; Narayanan *et al.*, 2023b,c; Sayyed, 2023; Sayyed *et al.*, 2023a,b,c; Agarwal *et al.*, 2024a,b; Boruah *et al.*, 2024; Cyriac *et al.*, 2024; Das *et al.*, 2024a,b; Gower *et al.*, 2024; Khandekar *et al.*, 2024a,b,c,d,e; Mirza *et al.*, 2024a,b,c,d; Patel *et al.*, 2024), several new country-records were documented and nomenclatural changes were made, resurrecting synonyms, elevating subspecies to species and reallocating genera (Deuti & Bag, 2020; Vogel *et al.*, 2020; Amarasinghe *et al.*, 2021; David & Vogel, 2021; David *et al.*, 2021; Ganesh *et al.*, 2021a; Boruah *et al.*, 2022; Srikanthan *et al.*, 2022; Amarasinghe *et al.*, 2023; Biakzuala *et al.*, 2023; Krishna *et al.*, 2023; Narayanan *et al.*, 2023a; Patel *et al.*, 2023a,b; Biakzuala *et al.*, 2024; Gerard *et al.*, 2024; Hakim, 2024; Hmar *et al.*, 2024; Mirza, 2024).



In the present compilation, *Phrynocephalus reticulatus* Eichwald, 1831 with doubtful distributional records from India, has been excluded from this checklist (Smith 1935, Sindaco & Jeremčenko 2008, Uetz *et al.* 2025). Although *Hemidactylus imbricatus* (Bauer *et al.*, 2008) and *Eublepharis madarensis* (Sharma, 1980) are currently listed in the checklist, their taxonomic validity has been questioned by Uetz *et al.* (2025). The presence of *Mesalina watsonana* (Stoliczka, 1872) in India, based solely on a historical report by Smith (1935), has been provisionally retained in the checklist pending further confirmation. Additionally, *Chalcides pentadactylus* (Beddome, 1870) is treated as a “lost species,” as it is known from a single historical record with no recent confirmations.

The reptilian diversity of India is represented by 03 species of crocodiles, 44 species and subspecies of turtles and tortoises, 419 species and subspecies of lizards (252 species of Gekkonidae, 69 species of Agamidae, 69

species Scincidae, 15 species Lacertidae, 6 species in Eublepharidae, 5 species and subspecies in Varanidae, one species each in Anguidae, Chamaeleonidae and Diabamidae) and 367 species and subspecies of snakes (one Acrochordidae, three Boidae, three Pythonidae, one Xenopeltidae, five Gerrhopilidae, two Leptotyphlopidae, 12 Typhlopidae, 54 species and subspecies in Uropeltidae, 179 species and subspecies in Colubridae, nine Homalopsidae, ten Pareidae, four Psammophiidae, one Psammodynastidae, two Xenodermidae, 46 species and subspecies in Elapidae and 35 in Viperidae).

Endemism: Among the 833 species and subspecies of reptiles documented in India up to December 2024, 472 species are endemic to the country. The Western Ghats exhibit the highest level of endemism, followed by the Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Northeast India. Within the country, Tamil Nadu stands out with the highest number of endemic species (74 species) within the state.

Table 1. Diversity of various species and subspecies of reptiles in the states and Union Territories of India.

Sl. No.	Reptilia	No. of taxa	No. of taxa including subspecies	No. of species/subspecies endemic to the state
1	Andhra Pradesh	118	119	07
2	Arunachal Pradesh	126	126	11
3	Assam	140	140	04
4	Bihar	79	81	00
5	Chhattisgarh	88	89	01
6	Goa	81	82	01
7	Gujarat	116	118	05
8	Haryana	32	32	01
9	Himachal Pradesh	63	63	03
10	Jharkhand	64	65	00
11	Karnataka	174	175	25
12	Kerala	231	232	40
13	Madhya Pradesh	99	100	01



Sl. No.	Reptilia	No. of taxa	No. of taxa including subspecies	No. of species/subspecies endemic to the state
14	Maharashtra	164	167	31
15	Manipur	58	58	02
16	Meghalaya	108	108	07
17	Mizoram	124	124	15
18	Nagaland	81	81	03
19	Odisha	131	133	03
20	Punjab	54	55	00
21	Rajasthan	85	85	00
22	Sikkim	79	80	00
23	Tamil Nadu	285	286	74
24	Telangana	77	77	04
25	Tripura	61	61	01
26	Uttarakhand	82	84	00
27	Uttar Pradesh	79	81	00
28	West Bengal	178	180	05
UT_1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	93	93	43
UT_2	Chandigarh	19	19	00
UT_3	Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	26	26	00
UT_4	National Capital Territory (NCT) of Delhi	40	40	00
UT_5	Jammu & Kashmir	64	64	03
UT_6	Ladakh	12	12	00
UT_7	Lakshadweep	15	15	00
UT_8	Puducherry	42	42	00
	INDIA TOTAL	818	834	472

Habitat: Reptiles occupy a remarkably diverse array of habitats, demonstrating extensive ecological plasticity and specialized adaptations that allow them to thrive in varied environmental conditions. While most reptiles are primarily terrestrial, many species have evolved to exploit other ecological niches, leading to classification based on their preferred habitats: arboreal (tree-dwelling), fossorial (burrowing), rupicolous (rock-dwelling), aquatic and semi-aquatic. Species adapted for arboreal life often possess prehensile tails, elongated limbs, or specialized toe pads for climbing. Examples include *Calotes versicolor*

(common garden lizard), many species of geckos (*Hemidactylus* spp.), vine snakes (*Ahaetulla* spp.), tree snakes (*Dendrelaphis* spp. & *Chrysopelea* spp.) and pitvipers (*Trimeresurus* spp.). Reptiles adapted for a subterranean lifestyle, often feature cylindrical bodies, reduced or absent limbs, rudimentary small eyes and hardened skulls, such as the supple skinks (*Riopa* spp.), sand boas (*Eryx* spp.), shield-tailed snakes (*Uropeltis* spp.) and blind snakes (Typhlops). The rupicolous species inhabit rocky crevices and cliffs, and are typically cryptic, with flattened bodies and camouflaged colouration. Examples include



Hemidactylus spp., *Psammophilus* spp. etc. The aquatic reptiles are adapted to freshwater or marine ecosystems, with modifications for swimming and aquatic respiration. Freshwater forms include *Lissemys punctata* (Indian flapshell turtle) and *Nilssonia* spp. (softshell turtles). Marine reptiles include sea snakes (Hydrophiinae), which are adapted for fully marine life with laterally compressed bodies and valvular nostrils. Marine turtles, such as members of Cheloniidae and Dermochelyidae, known for long-distance migrations and salt gland adaptations. Similarly the file snake (*Acrochordus granulatus*) and certain species of the family Homalopsidae, such as *Cerberus* spp. are found in brackish or tidal environments and exhibit adaptations like valved nostrils and dorsally placed eyes.

This ecological diversity highlights the evolutionary success of reptiles in colonizing a broad spectrum of habitats from deserts and forests to mountain slopes and coral reefs. Understanding habitat preferences is crucial for conservation planning, especially since many species are habitat specialists and vulnerable to habitat modification and loss.

Ecological Significance: Reptiles play a crucial role in ecosystem functioning, serving both as prey and predators. They are integral components of food webs in most ecosystems. While most reptile species are carnivorous and predatory, there are exceptions like the *Saara hardwickii*, an herbivorous species found in the arid regions of Northwest India. The removal of any species from its ecosystem can significantly impact the populations of other organisms, especially critical species known as keystone species. Top predators such as crocodiles, turtles, and large snakes are often considered keystone species, despite also serving as prey when young. Additionally, some species are critical for the way they modify their habitats. Large snakes, for example, can play a beneficial

anthropogenic role by controlling rodent pests in agricultural ecosystems.

Monitor lizards face severe threats from poaching for their meat, skin (used in making musical instruments), and hemipenis (used in black magic). Other lizards, like chameleons and fat-tailed geckos, are poached for traditional medicine and as pets. Beyond intentional poaching, lizards and snakes are often killed due to blind beliefs and misconceptions about their danger. Snakes, in particular, are poached for displays, kept as pets, and for their meat and skin. Many people kill snakes on sight due to the myths and fears associated with them, regardless of whether they are venomous. In India, four snake species—the Spectacled Cobra, Common Krait, Russell's Viper, and Saw-scaled Viper—are known as the "Big Four" because they are responsible for most snakebite-related deaths. Despite the legal protection afforded to most reptile species in India under the Wild Life (Protection) Act of 1972, this has not been sufficient to prevent them from becoming threatened. Compared to other vertebrate groups, reptiles often have very restricted distributions and specific microhabitat requirements, making them particularly vulnerable to anthropogenic environmental changes.

Human Significance: Throughout history, humans have poached and traded reptiles for their meat, skin, eggs, and body parts used in traditional medicines. Certain reptiles, like dangerous snakes (Elapids and Viperids), pose significant health risks to millions annually. Their venom, however, is utilized in the production of life-saving drugs and anti-snake venom. In the past, and still in some parts of India today, displaying live snakes has been the sole livelihood for snake charmers. Currently, many reptiles, particularly exotic species, are increasingly traded as pets, a trend that is rapidly growing in India. Fear of reptiles, such as snakes



and crocodilians, has led to the persecution of specific species. Our development has led to excessive exploitation, unnecessary persecution, habitat degradation, and various

direct and indirect factors like climate change, pollution, and forest fires, causing many species to become increasingly threatened.

Table 2. Threatened species of reptiles distributed in the states of India as per IUCN Red List Assessment.

Sl. No.	States	CR	EN	VU	NT	LC	DD	NE
1	Andhra Pradesh	02	04	06	06	77	12	11
2	Arunachal Pradesh	02	06	05	07	77	13	16
3	Assam	07	09	08	06	85	15	10
4	Bihar	04	08	05	05	51	02	04
5	Chhattisgarh	01	06	05	04	61	08	03
6	Goa	01	02	05	05	60	02	06
7	Gujarat	02	05	08	04	84	08	05
8	Haryana	00	03	03	02	21	03	01
9	Himachal Pradesh	01	03	03	07	40	04	05
10	Jharkhand	02	07	04	03	40	03	04
11	Karnataka	02	07	09	07	106	12	32
12	Kerala	05	13	11	14	110	36	42
13	Madhya Pradesh	03	06	06	04	67	07	06
14	Maharashtra	03	07	09	06	100	19	20
15	Manipur	02	05	01	02	38	01	09
16	Meghalaya	03	08	07	05	68	06	12
17	Mizoram	05	04	05	05	75	10	19
18	Nagaland	03	02	02	03	58	04	09
19	Odisha	07	08	08	04	88	09	07
20	Punjab	00	05	03	04	39	01	02
21	Rajasthan	03	06	06	04	56	07	03
22	Sikkim	00	01	05	04	60	07	03
23	Tamil Nadu	08	17	13	12	127	38	70
24	Telangana	01	03	04	05	55	04	05
25	Tripura	04	03	02	02	01	11	
26	Uttarakhand	02	08	05	06	54	05	02
27	Uttar Pradesh	03	08	08	07	50	01	02
28	West Bengal	09	10	09	08	116	19	07
UT_1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	02	07	06	02	49	13	10
UT_2	Chandigarh	00	00	02	03		00	
UT_3	Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	00	01	02	02		01	
UT_4	National Capital Territory (NCT) of Delhi	01	02	02	04		00	



Sl. No.	States	CR	EN	VU	NT	LC	DD	NE
UT_5	Jammu & Kashmir	00	03	02	07		05	
UT_6	Ladakh	00	00	00	00		01	
UT_7	Lakshadweep	01	01	02	00		01	
UT_8	Puducherry	01	03	03	02		01	

* As per IUCN status Threatened category includes Critically Endangered (CR), Endangered (EN), Vulnerable (VU) and Near Threatened (NT).

Threatened Reptiles of India: Of the 818 species of reptiles recorded from India, 613 species (75%) have been evaluated by IUCN. As per the IUCN Red List Assessment, 25 species are Critically Endangered, 47 are Endangered, 32 are Vulnerable, 33 are Near Threatened, 343 are Least Concern, and 133 species are of Data Deficient categories. The **Critically Endangered** species comprises one species of Gharial (Gavialidae), seven species of freshwater turtles (4 species of Geoemydidae and 3 species of Trionychidae); one species of marine turtle (Cheloniidae); 2 species of tortoises (Testudinidae); 11 species of lizards (1 species in Agamidae, 9 species in Gekkonidae, and 1 species in Scincidae); 3 species of snakes (2 species in Uropeltidae and 1 species in Viperidae). The species listed in the **Endangered** category include 9 species of

freshwater turtles (6 species of Geoemydidae and 3 species of Trionychidae), 2 species of marine turtle (Cheloniidae) and 1 species of tortoises (Testudinidae); 24 species of lizards (5 species of Agamidae, 13 in Gekkonidae, 2 in Lacertidae, 3 in Scincidae, 1 in Varanidae); 11 species of snakes (3 species in Colubridae, 4 in Uropeltidae, 2 in Elapidae, and 2 in Viperidae). The **Vulnerable** species comprises 1 species of crocodile (Crocodylidae), two species of freshwater turtles (1 species of Geoemydidae, and 1 species of Trionychidae), two species of marine turtles (1 species each in Cheloniidae and Dermochelyidae); two species of tortoises (Testudinidae); 14 species of lizards (4 species of Agamidae, 8 in Gekkonidae, 2 in Scincidae); and 11 species of snakes (1 species in Pythonidae, 6 in Colubridae, 3 in Uropeltidae, and 1 in Elapidae).

Table 3 Threatened reptiles of India, species under different families.

Sl. No.	Family	CR	EN	VU	Threatened species in India
1.	Crocodylidae	0	0	01	1
2.	Gavialidae	01	0	0	1
3.	Cheloniidae	01	02	01	4
4.	Dermochelyidae	0	0	01	1
5.	Geoemydidae	04	06	01	11
6.	Trionychidae	03	03	01	7
7.	Testudinidae	02	01	02	5
8.	Agamidae	01	05	04	10
9.	Gekkonidae	09	13	08	30
10.	Lacertidae	0	02	0	2
11.	Scincidae	01	03	02	6



Sl. No.	Family	CR	EN	VU	Threatened species in India
12.	Varanidae	0	01	0	1
13.	Colubridae	0	03	06	9
14.	Elapidae	0	02	01	3
15.	Pythonidae	0	0	01	1
16.	Uropeltidae	02	04	03	9
17.	Viperidae	01	02	0	3
Total Threatened species		25	47	32	104

Protected Species as per WPA (2022) (Number of species in different schedules):

The recent amendment in the Indian Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 (now Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 2022) includes most species of reptiles in various schedules of the Act. In Schedule I of the act 71 species of reptiles are listed followed by 340 species in Schedule-II.

Species under CITES. All the species of reptiles in Appendix I to III of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), except those which are included in Schedules I and II, are now included in Schedule IV of the Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 2022, including the exotic species. Among the Indian reptiles, 22 species are listed in Appendix-I, 46 in Appendix-II and five are in the Appendix-III of the CITES. In the recent 19th Meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the CITES two species of turtles (Red-crowned roofed turtle and Leith's softshell turtle) were shifted from Appendix I to Appendix II and the Jeypore hill gecko was included in Appendix II of CITES.

Invasive alien species. According to the Wildlife (Protection) Amendment Act of 2022, a new provision, Section 62 A, has been introduced concerning the regulation or prohibition of the importation, trade, possession, or proliferation of invasive alien species that threaten wildlife or habitats in India.

Currently, no reptile has been designated as an invasive alien species as per the Act. However, Pragatheesh *et al.* (2021) documented the presence of 84 species of exotic reptiles in the pet trade in India, with their numbers rapidly increasing. Among these, the Red-eared slider (*Trachemys scripta elegans*; RES) is particularly concerning, being labelled as one of the "world's worst invasive species" (Lowe *et al.*, 2000). Pragatheesh *et al.* (2021) also identified various other exotic reptile species, including those belonging to families such as Agamidae, Anguinae, Chamaeleonidae, Cordylidae, Eublepharidae, Gekkonidae, Iguanidae, Scincidae, Shinisauridae, Teiidae, Varanidae, Boidae, Colubridae, Elapidae, Pythonidae, Viperidae, Carettochelyidae, Chelidae, Chelydridae, Emydidae, Geomydidae, Kinosternidae, Testudinidae, Tryonichidae, and others, some of which have been seized by customs or enforcement authorities.

Gap areas (Discuss taxonomic and geographic gap areas): Despite a recent surge in new species descriptions, the reptilian diversity of India remains inadequately explored, underscoring both Wallacean and Linnean shortfalls. The Wallacean shortfall, referring to the lack of comprehensive distributional data, is evident in the many under-surveyed regions across the country. Simultaneously, the Linnean shortfall, reflecting taxonomic uncertainties and the presence of



undescribed or cryptic species, persists—particularly among widely distributed taxa with subtle morphological differences. These dual challenges emphasize the urgent need for an integrative taxonomic framework that synthesizes morphological, molecular, ecological, and biogeographic data to accurately delineate species boundaries and uncover hidden reptilian diversity.

The Deccan Peninsula emerges as one of the most under-surveyed biogeographic zones. Systematic and fine-scale field surveys in this region are critically needed, as recent findings suggest that many species exist in isolated and fragmented microhabitats. Other underexplored regions include parts of the Eastern Ghats, northeastern hill tracts, and semi-arid zones, which likely harbor unrecognized endemic lineages. A pressing gap exists in the molecular characterization of Indian reptiles. Generating DNA barcodes and comprehensive genomic datasets for all described species is essential for establishing accurate phylogenies, detecting cryptic taxa, and informing conservation priorities.

Another key concern is the taxonomic neglect of

historically described species, many of which are known only from their “Type Localities” and have not been documented since their original descriptions. These species should be prioritized in targeted field surveys and taxonomic revisions. Beyond taxonomy, ecological and biological data on Indian reptiles are extremely limited. Ecophysiological studies, reproductive biology, trophic interactions, and responses to environmental stressors remain poorly documented. Addressing these gaps is crucial for understanding the resilience and vulnerability of reptilian taxa to climate change and habitat alteration.

Moreover, India faces a growing issue with exotic and potentially invasive reptile species. Several non-native taxa, some of which are recognized as invasive elsewhere, are already present in the pet trade or in captive facilities. The risk of accidental escapes or deliberate introductions poses a threat to native ecosystems. It is imperative to develop and implement management plans for exotic reptiles, including early detection, risk assessment, and policy interventions to prevent ecological disruptions.

Table 4. Systematic Checklist of Reptiles of India

Sl. No.	Species	WPAA (2022) Schedule	CITES	IUCN Threat Category
	CLASS REPTILIA			
	ORDER CROCODILIA			
	Family Crocodylidae			
1.	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i> (Lesson, 1831)	I	I	VU
2.	<i>Crocodylus porosus</i> Schneider, 1801	I	I	LC
	Family Gavialidae			
3.	<i>Gavialis gangeticus</i> (Gmelin, 1789)	I	I	CR
	ORDER TESTUDINES			
	Family Geoemydidae			
4.	<i>Batagur baska</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	I	CR
5.	<i>Batagur dhongoka</i> (Gray, 1834)	I	II	CR
6.	<i>Batagur kachuga</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	I	CR



Sl. No.	Species	WPAA (2022) Schedule	CITES	IUCN Threat Category
7.	<i>Cuora couro</i> (Schweigger, 1812)	NL	NL	NE
8.	<i>Cuora lineata</i> (Mccord & Philippen, 1998)	NL	NL	NE
9.	<i>Cuora mouhotii</i> (Gray, 1862)	I	II	EN
10.	<i>Cuora praschagi</i> Blanck, Gaillard, Protiva, Wheatley, Shi, Liu, Ray & Anders, 2023	NL	NL	NE
11.	<i>Cyclemys fusca</i> Fritz, Guicking, Auer, Sommer, Wink & Hundsdörfer, 2008	IV	II	LC
12.	<i>Cyclemys gemeli</i> Fritz, Guicking, Auer, Sommer, Wink & Hundsdörfer, 2008	II	II	NT
13.	<i>Geoclemys hamiltonii</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	I	EN
14.	<i>Hardella thurjii</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	II	EN
15.	<i>Melanochelys tricarinata</i> (Blyth, 1856)	I	I	EN
16.	<i>Melanochelys trijuga trijuga</i> (Schweigger, 1812)	II	II	LC
	<i>Melanochelys trijuga coronata</i> (Anderson, 1879)	II	II	LC
	<i>Melanochelys trijuga indopeninsularis</i> (Annandale, 1913)	II	II	LC
	<i>Melanochelys trijuga thermalis</i> (Lesson, 1830)	II	II	LC
17.	<i>Morenia petersi</i> (Anderson, 1879)	I	II	EN
18.	<i>Pangshura smithii smithii</i> (Gray, 1863)	II	II	NT
	<i>Pangshura smithii pallidipes</i> (Moll, 1987)	II	II	NT
19.	<i>Pangshura sylhetensis</i> Jerdon, 1870	I	II	CR
20.	<i>Pangshura tecta</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	I	VU
21.	<i>Pangshura tentoria tentoria</i> (Gray, 1834)	I	II	LC
	<i>Pangshura tentoria circumdata</i> (Mertens, 1969)	I	II	LC
	<i>Pangshura tentoria flaviventer</i> (Gunther, 1864)	I	II	LC
22.	<i>Vijayachelys silvatica</i> (Henderson, 1912)	I	II	EN
	Family Cheloniidae			
23.	<i>Caretta caretta</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	I	I	EN
24.	<i>Chelonia mydas</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	I	I	EN
25.	<i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i> (Linnaeus, 1766)	I	I	CR
26.	<i>Lepidochelys olivacea</i> (Eschscholtz, 1829)	I	I	VU
	Family Dermochelyidae			
27.	<i>Dermochelys coriacea</i> (Vandelli, 1761)	I	I	VU
	Family Trionychidae			
28.	<i>Amyda ornata jongli</i> Praschag & Gemel 2022	NL	NL	NE
29.	<i>Chitra indica</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	II	EN
30.	<i>Lissemys punctata punctata</i> (Bonnaterre, 1789)	I	II	VU
	<i>Lissemys punctata andersoni</i> Webb, 1980	I	II	VU
	<i>Lissemys punctata vittata</i> (Peters, 1854)	I	II	VU
31.	<i>Nilssonia gangetica</i> (Cuvier, 1825)	I	I	EN
32.	<i>Nilssonia hurum</i> (Gray, 1831)	I	I	EN
33.	<i>Nilssonia leithii</i> (Gray, 1872)	I	I	CR



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34.	<i>Nilssononia nigricans</i> (Anderson, 1875)	I	I	CR
35.	<i>Pelochelys cantorii</i> Gray, 1864	I	II	CR
	Family Testudinidae			
36.	<i>Geochelone elegans</i> (Schoepff, 1795)	I	I	VU
37.	<i>Indotestudo elongata</i> (Blyth, 1854)	I	II	CR
38.	<i>Indotestudo travancorica</i> (Boulenger, 1907)	I	II	VU
39.	<i>Manouria emys phayrei</i> (Blyth, 1854)	I	II	CR
40.	<i>Manouria impressa</i> (Günther, 1882)	NL	II	EN
	Order Squamata			
	Family Agamidae			
41.	<i>Agasthyagama beddomei</i> (Boulenger, 1885)	NL	NL	EN
42.	<i>Agasthyagama edge</i> Das, Pal, Narayanan, Subin, Palot, Rajkumar & Deepak, 2024	NL	NL	NE
43.	<i>Bronchocela cyanopalpebra</i> Chandramouli, Adhikari, Amarasinghe & Abinawanto, 2023	NL	NL	NE
44.	<i>Bronchocela danieli</i> (Tiwari & Biswas, 1973)	NL	NL	LC
45.	<i>Bronchocela nicobarica</i> Chandramouli, Adhikari, Amarasinghe & Abinawanto, 2023	NL	NL	NE
46.	<i>Bronchocela rubrigularis</i> Hallermann, 2009	NL	NL	DD
47.	<i>Bufo niceps laungwalaensis</i> (Sharma, 1978)	NL	NL	LC
48.	<i>Calotes calotes</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	NL	NL	LC
49.	<i>Calotes emma</i> Gray, 1845	NL	NL	LC
50.	<i>Calotes geissleri</i> Wagner, Ihlow, Hartman, Flecks, Schmitz & Bohme, 2021	NL	NL	NE
51.	<i>Calotes grandisquamis</i> Gunther, 1875	NL	NL	LC
52.	<i>Calotes irawadi</i> Zug, Brown, Schulte & Vindum, 2006	NL	NL	LC
53.	<i>Calotes jerdoni</i> Gunther, 1870	NL	NL	LC
54.	<i>Calotes maria</i> Gray, 1845	NL	NL	LC
55.	<i>Calotes medogensis</i> Zhao & Li, 1984	NL	NL	NE
56.	<i>Calotes minor</i> (Hardwicke & Gray, 1827)	NL	NL	LC
57.	<i>Calotes nemoricola</i> Jerdon, 1853	NL	NL	LC
58.	<i>Calotes paulus</i> (Smith, 1935)	NL	NL	EN
59.	<i>Calotes sinyik</i> Patel, Thackeray, Sheth, Khandekar & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
60.	<i>Calotes versicolor</i> (Daudin, 1802)	NL	NL	LC
61.	<i>Calotes zolaiking</i> Giri, Chaitanya, Mahony, Lalrounga, Lalrinchhana, Das, Sarkar, Karanth & Deepak, 2019	NL	NL	DD
62.	<i>Coryphophylax brevicaudus</i> Harikrishnan, Vasudevan, Chandramouli, Choudhury, Dutta & Das, 2012	NL	NL	VU
63.	<i>Coryphophylax subcristatus</i> (Blyth, 1860)	NL	NL	LC
64.	<i>Cristidorsa otai</i> (Mahony, 2009)	NL	NL	DD
65.	<i>Cristidorsa planidorsata</i> (Jerdon, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
66.	<i>Draco blanfordii</i> Boulenger, 1885	NL	NL	LC



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67.	<i>Draco dussumieri</i> Dumeril & Bibron, 1837	II	NL	LC
68.	<i>Draco maculatus</i> (Gray, 1845)	NL	NL	LC
69.	<i>Draco norvillii</i> Alcock, 1895	NL	NL	NT
70.	<i>Japalura andersoniana</i> Annandale, 1905	NL	NL	LC
71.	<i>Japalura austeniana</i> (Annandale, 1908)	NL	NL	NE
72.	<i>Japalura kumaonensis</i> (Annandale, 1907)	NL	NL	NT
73.	<i>Japalura major</i> (Jerdon, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
74.	<i>Japalura mictophola</i> Mirza, Gowande, Thackeray, Bhosale, Sawant, Phansalkar & Patel, 2024	NL	NL	NE
75.	<i>Japalura sagittifera</i> Smith, 1940	NL	NL	DD
76.	<i>Japalura tricarinata</i> (Blyth, 1853)	NL	NL	LC
77.	<i>Japalura variegata</i> Gray, 1853	NL	NL	LC
78.	<i>Laudakia agrorensis</i> (Stoliczka, 1872)	NL	NL	LC
79.	<i>Laudakia dayana</i> (Stoliczka, 1871)	NL	NL	DD
80.	<i>Laudakia tuberculata</i> (Gray, 1827)	NL	NL	LC
81.	<i>Paralaudakia himalayana</i> (Steindachner, 1867)	NL	NL	LC
82.	<i>Microauris aurantolabium</i> (Krishnan, 2008)	NL	NL	EN
83.	<i>Monilesaurus acanthocephalus</i> Pal, Vijayakumar, Shanker, Jayarajan & Deepak, 2018	NL	NL	EN
84.	<i>Monilesaurus ellioti</i> (Gunther, 1864)	NL	NL	LC
85.	<i>Monilesaurus montanus</i> Pal, Vijayakumar, Shanker, Jayarajan & Deepak, 2018	NL	NL	LC
86.	<i>Monilesaurus rouxii</i> (Dumeril & Bibron, 1837)	NL	NL	LC
87.	<i>Phrynocephalus theobaldi</i> Blyth, 1863	NL	NL	LC
88.	<i>Psammophilus blanfordanus</i> (Stoliczka, 1871)	NL	NL	LC
89.	<i>Psammophilus dorsalis</i> (Gray, 1831)	NL	NL	LC
90.	<i>Pseudocalotes andamanensis</i> (Boulenger, 1891)	NL	NL	VU
91.	<i>Ptyctolaemus gularis</i> (Peters, 1864)	NL	NL	LC
92.	<i>Saara hardwickii</i> (Gray, 1827)	I	II	VU
93.	<i>Salea anamallayana</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	LC
94.	<i>Salea horsfieldii</i> Gray, 1845	II	NL	LC
95.	<i>Sarada darwini</i> Deepak, Karanth, Dutta & Giri, 2016	NL	NL	LC
96.	<i>Sarada deccanensis</i> (Jerdon, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
97.	<i>Sarada superba</i> Deepak, Zambre, Bhosale & Giri, 2016	NL	NL	CR
98.	<i>Sitana dharwarensis</i> Ambekar, Murthy & Mirza, 2020	NL	NL	NE
99.	<i>Sitana gokakensis</i> Deepak, Khandekar, Chaitanya & Karanth, 2018	NL	NL	DD
100.	<i>Sitana kalesari</i> Bahuguna, 2015	NL	NL	DD
101.	<i>Sitana laticeps</i> Deepak & Giri, 2016	NL	NL	LC
102.	<i>Sitana marudhamneydhal</i> Deepak, Khandekar, Varma & Chaitanya, 2016	NL	NL	EN
103.	<i>Sitana ponticeriana</i> Cuvier, 1829	NL	NL	LC



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104.	<i>Sitana sivalensis</i> Schleich, Kastle & Shah, 1998	NL	NL	LC
105.	<i>Sitana spinaecephalus</i> Deepak, Vyas & Giri, 2016	NL	NL	LC
106.	<i>Sitana sushili</i> Deepak, Tillack, Kar, Sarkar & Mohapatra, 2021	NL	NL	NE
107.	<i>Sitana thondalu</i> Deepak, Khandekar, Chaitanya & Karanth, 2018	NL	NL	NT
108.	<i>Sitana visiri</i> Deepak, 2016	NL	NL	VU
109.	<i>Trapelus agilis pakistanensis</i> Rastegar-Pouyani, 1999	NL	NL	LC
Family Chamaeleonidae				
110.	<i>Chamaeleo zeylanicus</i> Laurenti, 1768	I	II	LC
Family Gekkonidae				
111.	<i>Altiphylax stoliczkai</i> (Steindachner, 1867)	NL	NL	LC
112.	<i>Bunopus orientalis</i> (Blanford, 1876)	NL	NL	LC
113.	<i>Calodactylodes aureus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	I	NL	LC
114.	<i>Cnemaspis aaronbaueri</i> Sayyed, Grismer, Campbell & Dileepkumar, 2019	NL	NL	NE
115.	<i>Cnemaspis adii</i> Srinivasulu, Kumar & Srinivasulu, 2015	NL	NL	CR
116.	<i>Cnemaspis agamalaiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
117.	<i>Cnemaspis agarwali</i> Khandekar, 2019	NL	NL	DD
118.	<i>Cnemaspis agayagangai</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2022	NL	NL	NE
119.	<i>Cnemaspis aijiae</i> Sayyed, Pyron & Dileepkumar, 2018	NL	NL	LC
120.	<i>Cnemaspis amba</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2019	NL	NL	DD
121.	<i>Cnemaspis amboliensis</i> Sayyed, Pyron & Dileepkumar, 2018	NL	NL	DD
122.	<i>Cnemaspis anaimalaiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
123.	<i>Cnemaspis anamudiensis</i> Cyriac, Johnny, Umesh & Palot, 2018	NL	NL	LC
124.	<i>Cnemaspis anandani</i> Murthy, Nitesh, Sengupta & Deepak, 2019	NL	NL	LC
125.	<i>Cnemaspis andersonii</i> (Annandale, 1905)	NL	NL	DD
126.	<i>Cnemaspis anuradhae</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
127.	<i>Cnemaspis assamensis</i> Das & Sengupta, 2000	NL	NL	VU
128.	<i>Cnemaspis australis</i> Manamendra-Arachchi, Batuwita & Pethiyagoda, 2007	NL	NL	DD
129.	<i>Cnemaspis avasabinae</i> Agarwal, Bauer & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
130.	<i>Cnemaspis azhagu</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, & Agarwal, 2022	NL	NL	NE
131.	<i>Cnemaspis balerion</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
132.	<i>Cnemaspis bangara</i> Agarwal, Thackeray, Pal & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE



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133.	<i>Cnemaspis barkiensis</i> Khandekar, Gaikwad, Thackeray, Gangalmale & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
134.	<i>Cnemaspis basalticola</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Agarwal, Gangalmale, Kininge & Gaikwad, 2024	NL	NL	NE
135.	<i>Cnemaspis beddomei</i> (Theobald, 1876)	NL	NL	DD
136.	<i>Cnemaspis cavernicola</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Kalaimani & Agarwal, 2023	NL	NL	NE
137.	<i>Cnemaspis chandoliensis</i> Khandekar, Gaikwad, Thackeray, Gangalmale & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
138.	<i>Cnemaspis chengodumalaensis</i> Cyriac, Palot, Deuti & Umesh, 2020	NL	NL	NE
139.	<i>Cnemaspis fantastica</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2022	NL	NL	NE
140.	<i>Cnemaspis flavigularis</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
141.	<i>Cnemaspis flaviventralis</i> Sayyed, Pyron & Dahanukar, 2016	NL	NL	EN
142.	<i>Cnemaspis fortis</i> Sayyed, 2023	NL	NL	NE
143.	<i>Cnemaspis galaxia</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
144.	NL	NL	NE	
145.	NL	NL	NE	
146.	<i>Cnemaspis girii</i> Mirza, Pal, Bhosale & Sanap, 2014	NL	NL	DD
147.	<i>Cnemaspis goaensis</i> Sharma, 1976	NL	NL	EN
148.	<i>Cnemaspis gracilis</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
149.	<i>Cnemaspis graniticola</i> Agarwal, Thackeray, Pal & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
150.	<i>Cnemaspis heteropholis</i> Bauer, 2002	NL	NL	NT
151.	<i>Cnemaspis indica</i> Gray, 1846	NL	NL	VU
152.	<i>Cnemaspis jackieii</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
153.	<i>Cnemaspis jerdonii</i> (Theobald, 1868)	NL	NL	VU
154.	<i>Cnemaspis kalakadensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2022	NL	NL	NE
155.	<i>Cnemaspis kalsubaiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Agarwal, Gangalmale, Kininge & Gaikwad, 2024	NL	NL	NE
156.	<i>Cnemaspis kanyakumariensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2024	NL	NL	NE
157.	<i>Cnemaspis kolhapurensis</i> Giri, Bauer & Gaikwad, 2009	NL	NL	DD
158.	<i>Cnemaspis kottiyorensis</i> Cyriac & Umesh, 2014	NL	NL	CR
159.	<i>Cnemaspis koyanaensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2019	NL	NL	DD
160.	<i>Cnemaspis krishnagiriensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2021	NL	NL	NE
161.	<i>Cnemaspis limayei</i> Sayyed, Pyron & Dileepkumar, 2018	NL	NL	DD
162.	<i>Cnemaspis lithophilis</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
163.	<i>Cnemaspis littoralis</i> (Jerdon, 1853)	NL	NL	DD



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164.	<i>Cnemaspis maculicollis</i> Cyriac, Johny, Umesh & Palot, 2018	NL	NL	LC
165.	<i>Cnemaspis magnifica</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Pal & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
166.	<i>Cnemaspis mahabali</i> Sayyed, Pyron & Dileepkumar, 2018	NL	NL	DD
167.	<i>Cnemaspis maharashtraensis</i> Khandekar, Gaikwad, Thackeray, Gangalmale & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
168.	<i>Cnemaspis monticola</i> Manamendra-Arachchi, Batuwita & Pethiyagoda, 2007	NL	NL	DD
169.	<i>Cnemaspis mundanthuraiensis</i> Khandekar, Thakeray, & Agarwal, 2022	NL	NL	NE
170.	<i>Cnemaspis mysoriensis</i> (Jerdon, 1853)	NL	NL	LC
171.	<i>Cnemaspis nairi</i> Inger, Marx & Koshy, 1984	NL	NL	NT
172.	<i>Cnemaspis nicobaricus</i> Chandramouli, 2020	NL	NL	NE
173.	<i>Cnemaspis nigriventris</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
174.	<i>Cnemaspis nilagirica</i> Manamendra-Arachchi, Batuwita & Pethiyagoda, 2007	NL	NL	NT
175.	<i>Cnemaspis nimbus</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
176.	<i>Cnemaspis ornata</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	NT
177.	<i>Cnemaspis otai</i> Das & Bauer, 2000	NL	NL	VU
178.	<i>Cnemaspis pachaimalaiensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2022	NL	NL	NE
179.	<i>Cnemaspis pakkamalaiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Kalaimani & Agarwal, 2023	NL	NL	NE
180.	<i>Cnemaspis palakkadensis</i> Sayyed, Cyriac & Dileepkumar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
181.	<i>Cnemaspis palanica</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
182.	<i>Cnemaspis persephone</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
183.	<i>Cnemaspis rajgadensis</i> Sayyed, Cyriac, Pardeshi & Sulakhe, 2021	NL	NL	NE
184.	<i>Cnemaspis ranganaensis</i> Sayyed & Sulakhe, 2020	NL	NL	NE
185.	<i>Cnemaspis rashidi</i> Sayyed, Kirubakaran, Khot, Thanigaivel, Satheeshkumar, Sayyed, Sayyed, Purkayastha, Deshpande & Sulakhe, 2023	NL	NL	NE
186.	<i>Cnemaspis regalis</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
187.	<i>Cnemaspis reticulata</i> Sayyed, Kirubakaran, Khot, Abinash, Harshan, Sayyed, Sayyed, Adhikari, Purkayastha, Deshpande & Sulakhe, 2023	NL	NL	NE
188.	<i>Cnemaspis rishivalleyensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
189.	<i>Cnemaspis rubraoculus</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
190.	<i>Cnemaspis rudhira</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2022	NL	NL	NE



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191.	<i>Cnemaspis sahyadriensis</i> Khandekar, Gaikwad, Thackeray, Gangalmale & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
192.	<i>Cnemaspis sakleshpurensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2022	NL	NL	NE
193.	<i>Cnemaspis salimalii</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2022	NL	NL	NE
194.	<i>Cnemaspis sanctus</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
195.	<i>Cnemaspis sathuragiriensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
196.	<i>Cnemaspis schalleri</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2021	NL	NL	NE
197.	<i>Cnemaspis shevaroyensis</i> Khandekar, Gaitonde & Agarwal, 2019	NL	NL	CR
198.	<i>Cnemaspis sisparensis</i> (Theobald, 1876)	NL	NL	NT
199.	<i>Cnemaspis smaug</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
200.	<i>Cnemaspis stellapulvis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
201.	<i>Cnemaspis sundara</i> Sayyed, Kirubankaran, Khot, Harsan, Adhikari, Sayyed, Sayyed, Fazil, Jerith, Deshpande, Purkayastha & Sulakhe, 2023	NL	NL	NE
202.	<i>Cnemaspis tenkasiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
203.	<i>Cnemaspis thackerayi</i> Khandekar, Gaitonde & Agarwal, 2019	NL	NL	CR
204.	<i>Cnemaspis tigris</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2022	NL	NL	NE
205.	<i>Cnemaspis triedra</i> Sayyed, Kirubankaran, Khot, Harsan, Adhikari, Sayyed, Sayyed, Fazil, Jerith, Deshpande, Purkayastha & Sulakhe, 2023	NL	NL	NE
206.	<i>Cnemaspis tropidogaster</i> (Boulenger, 1885)	NL	NL	CR
207.	<i>Cnemaspis umashaankeri</i> Narayanan & Aravind, 2022	NL	NL	NE
208.	<i>Cnemaspis uttaraghati</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2021	NL	NL	NE
209.	<i>Cnemaspis valparaiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
210.	<i>Cnemaspis vangoghi</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2024	NL	NL	NE
211.	<i>Cnemaspis vijayae</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, & Agarwal, 2022	NL	NL	NE
212.	<i>Cnemaspis wallaceii</i> Pal, Mirza, Dsouza & Shanker, 2021	NL	NL	NE
213.	<i>Cnemaspis wicksi</i> (Stoliczka, 1873)	NL	NL	DD
214.	<i>Cnemaspis wynadensis</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	EN
215.	<i>Cnemaspis yelagiriensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray, Pal & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
216.	<i>Cnemaspis yercaudensis</i> Das & Bauer, 2000	NL	NL	EN
217.	<i>Cnemaspis zacharyi</i> Cyriac, Palot, Deuti & Umesh, 2020	NL	NL	NE



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218.	<i>Cyrtodactylus aaronbaueri</i> Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Bohra, Biakzuala, Decemson, Muansanga, Vabeiryureilai & Rathee, 2021	NL	NL	NE
219.	<i>Cyrtodactylus adleri</i> Das, 1997	NL	NL	EN
220.	<i>Cyrtodactylus agarwali</i> Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Bohra, Biakzuala, Decemson, Muansanga, Vabeiryureilai & Rathee, 2021	NL	NL	NE
221.	<i>Cyrtodactylus albofasciatus</i> (Boulenger, 1885)	II	NL	LC
222.	<i>Cyrtodactylus aravindi</i> Narayanan, Das, Balan, Tom, Divakar, Rajkumar, Hopeland & Deepak, 2022	NL	NL	NE
223.	<i>Cyrtodactylus arunachalensis</i> Mirza, Bhosale, Ansari, Phansalkar, Swant, Gowande & Patel, 2021	NL	NL	NE
224.	<i>Cyrtodactylus bapme</i> Kamei & Mahony, 2021	NL	NL	NE
225.	<i>Cyrtodactylus barailensis</i> Boruah, Narayanan, Deepak & Das, 2024	NL	NL	NE
226.	<i>Cyrtodactylus bengkhuaiai</i> Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Bohra, Biakzuala, Decemson, Muansanga, Vabeiryureilai & Rathee, 2021	NL	NL	NE
227.	<i>Cyrtodactylus bhupathyi</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	DD
228.	<i>Cyrtodactylus camortensis</i> Chandramouli, 2020	NL	NL	NE
229.	<i>Cyrtodactylus cayuensis</i> Li, 2007	NL	NL	LC
230.	<i>Cyrtodactylus chamba</i> Agarwal, Khandekar & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	CR
231.	<i>Cyrtodactylus chengodumalaensis</i> Agarwal, Umesh, Das, Bauer & Khandekar, 2023	NL	NL	NE
232.	<i>Cyrtodactylus collegalensis</i> (Beddome, 1870)	II	NL	LC
233.	<i>Cyrtodactylus deccanensis</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
234.	<i>Cyrtodactylus exercitus</i> Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Litho, Rathee, Bohra, Mathipi, Biakzuala & Muansanga, 2022	NL	NL	NE
235.	<i>Cyrtodactylus fasciolatus</i> (Blyth, 1861)	II	NL	NT
236.	<i>Cyrtodactylus gubernatoris</i> (Annandale, 1913)	NL	NL	DD
237.	<i>Cyrtodactylus guwahatiensis</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	DD
238.	<i>Cyrtodactylus himalayanus</i> Duda & Sahi, 1978	NL	NL	DD
239.	<i>Cyrtodactylus himalayicus</i> (Annandale, 1906)	NL	NL	DD
240.	<i>Cyrtodactylus irulaorum</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2023	NL	NL	NE
241.	<i>Cyrtodactylus jaintiaensis</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	NE
242.	<i>Cyrtodactylus jeyporensis</i> (Beddome, 1878)	I	II	EN
243.	<i>Cyrtodactylus kamengensis</i> Mirza, Bhosale, Thackeray, Phansalkar, Sawant, Gowande & Patel, 2022	NL	NL	NE
244.	<i>Cyrtodactylus karsticolus</i> Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Bohra, Biakzuala, Decemson, Muansanga, Vabeiryureilai & Rathee, 2021	NL	NL	NE



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245.	<i>Cyrtodactylus kazirangaensis</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	DD
246.	<i>Cyrtodactylus khasiensis</i> (Jerdon, 1870)	NL	NL	DD
247.	<i>Cyrtodactylus kiphire</i> Boruah, Narayanan, Deepak & Das, 2024	NL	NL	NE
248.	<i>Cyrtodactylus lawderanus</i> (Stoliczka, 1871)	NL	NL	DD
249.	<i>Cyrtodactylus lungleiensis</i> Lalremsanga, Chinliansiam, Bohra, Biakzuala, Vabeiryureilai, Muansanga, Malsawmdawngliana, Hmar, Decemson, Siammawii, Das & Purkayastha, 2022	NL	NL	NE
250.	<i>Cyrtodactylus manipurensis</i> Boruah, Narayanan, Deepak & Das, 2024	NL	NL	NE
251.	<i>Cyrtodactylus montanus</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	CR
252.	<i>Cyrtodactylus nagalandensis</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	DD
253.	<i>Cyrtodactylus namdaphaensis</i> Boruah, Narayanan, Deepak & Das, 2024	NL	NL	NE
254.	<i>Cyrtodactylus namtiram</i> Mahony & Kamei, 2022	NL	NL	NE
255.	<i>Cyrtodactylus nebulosus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	II	NL	LC
256.	<i>Cyrtodactylus ngengpuiensis</i> Boruah, Narayanan, Lalronunga, Deepak & Das, 2024	NL	NL	NE
257.	<i>Cyrtodactylus ngopensis</i> Bohra, Zonunsanga, Das, Purkayastha, Biakzuala & Lalremsanga, 2022	NL	NL	NE
258.	<i>Cyrtodactylus nicobaricus</i> Chandramouli, 2020	NL	NL	NE
259.	<i>Cyrtodactylus relictus</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2023	NL	NL	NE
260.	<i>Cyrtodactylus rishivalleyensis</i> Agarwal, 2016	I	NL	EN
261.	<i>Cyrtodactylus rubidus</i> (Blyth, 1861)	NL	NL	LC
262.	<i>Cyrtodactylus septentrionalis</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	DD
263.	<i>Cyrtodactylus siahaensis</i> Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Litho, Rathee, Bohra, Mathipi, Biakzuala & Muansanga, 2022	NL	NL	NE
264.	<i>Cyrtodactylus siangensis</i> Boruah, Narayanan, Aravind, Deepak & Das, 2024	NL	NL	NE
265.	<i>Cyrtodactylus speciosus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	EN
266.	<i>Cyrtodactylus srilekhae</i> Agarwal, 2016	I	NL	NT
267.	<i>Cyrtodactylus tripuraensis</i> Agarwal, Mahony, Giri, Chaitanya & Bauer, 2018	NL	NL	LC
268.	<i>Cyrtodactylus urbanus</i> Purkayastha, Das, Bohra, Bauer & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
269.	<i>Cyrtodactylus vairengtensis</i> Lalremsanga, Colney, Vabeiryureilai, Malsawmdawngliana, Bohra, Biakzuala, Muansanga, Das & Purkayastha, 2023	NL	NL	NE
270.	<i>Cyrtodactylus varadgirii</i> Agarwal, Mirza, Pal, Maddock, Mishra & Bauer, 2016	II	NL	LC
271.	<i>Cyrtopodion aravallensis</i> (Gill, 1997)	NL	NL	VU
272.	<i>Cyrtopodion kachhense</i> (Stoliczka, 1872)	NL	NL	LC



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273.	<i>Cyrtopodion mansarulus</i> (Duda & Sahi, 1978)	NL	NL	DD
274.	<i>Cyrtopodion montiumsalsorum</i> (Annandale, 1913)	NL	NL	LC
275.	<i>Cyrtopodion scabrum</i> (Heyden, 1827)	NL	NL	LC
276.	<i>Cyrtopodion vindhya</i> Patel, Thackeray, Mirza & Vyas, 2023	NL	NL	NE
277.	<i>Dravidogecko anamallensis</i> (Gunther, 1875)	NL	NL	NT
278.	<i>Dravidogecko beddomei</i> Adhikari, Srikanthan & Ganesh, 2023	NL	NL	NE
279.	<i>Dravidogecko douglasadamsi</i> Chaitanya, Giri, Deepak, Datta-Roy, Murthy & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
280.	<i>Dravidogecko janakiae</i> Chaitanya, Giri, Deepak, Datta-Roy, Murthy & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
281.	<i>Dravidogecko meghamalaiensis</i> Chaitanya, Giri, Deepak, Datta-Roy, Murthy & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
282.	<i>Dravidogecko septentrionalis</i> Chaitanya, Giri, Deepak, Datta-Roy, Murthy & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
283.	<i>Dravidogecko smithi</i> Chaitanya, Giri, Deepak, Datta-Roy, Murthy & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
284.	<i>Dravidogecko tholpalli</i> Chaitanya, Giri, Deepak, Datta-Roy, Murthy & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
285.	<i>Gehyra mutilata</i> (Wiegmann, 1834)	NL	NL	LC
286.	<i>Gekko gekko gekko</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	I	II	LC
287.	<i>Gekko horsfieldii</i> (Gray, 1827)	I	NL	LC
288.	<i>Gekko mizoramensis</i> Lalremsanga, Muansanga, Vabeiryureilai & Mirza, 2023	NL	NL	NE
289.	<i>Gekko nicobarensis</i> (Das & Vijayakumar, 2009)	I	NL	EN
290.	<i>Gekko stoliczkai</i> Chandramouli, Gokulakrishnan, Sivaperuman & Grismer, 2021	NL	NL	NE
291.	<i>Gekko verreauxi</i> Tytler, 1865	I	NL	LC
292.	<i>Hemidactylus aaronbaueri</i> Giri, 2008	NL	NL	LC
293.	<i>Hemidactylus acanthopholis</i> Mirza & Sanap, 2014	NL	NL	DD
294.	<i>Hemidactylus aemulus</i> Kumar, Srinivasulu & Srinivasulu, 2022	NL	NL	NE
295.	<i>Hemidactylus albofasciatus</i> Grandison & Soman, 1963	NL	NL	VU
296.	<i>Hemidactylus aquilonius</i> McMahan & Zug, 2007	NL	NL	LC
297.	<i>Hemidactylus chikhaldaraensis</i> Agarwal, Bauer, Giri & Khandekar, 2019	NL	NL	DD
298.	<i>Hemidactylus chipkali</i> Mirza & Raju, 2017	NL	NL	LC
299.	<i>Hemidactylus easai</i> Das, Pal, Siddarth, Palot, Deepak & Narayanan, 2022	NL	NL	NE
300.	<i>Hemidactylus flavicauda</i> Lajmi, Giri, Singh & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
301.	<i>Hemidactylus flaviviridis</i> Rüppell, 1835	NL	NL	LC
302.	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i> Dumeril & Bibron, 1836	NL	NL	LC
303.	<i>Hemidactylus garnotii</i> Duméril & Bibron, 1836	NL	NL	LC
304.	<i>Hemidactylus giganteus</i> Stoliczka, 1871	NL	NL	LC



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305.	<i>Hemidactylus gleadowi</i> Murray, 1884	NL	NL	DD
306.	<i>Hemidactylus gracilis</i> Blanford, 1870	NL	NL	LC
307.	<i>Hemidactylus graniticus</i> Agarwal, Giri & Bauer, 2011	NL	NL	LC
308.	<i>Hemidactylus gujaratensis</i> Giri, Bauer, Vyas & Patil, 2009	NL	NL	VU
309.	<i>Hemidactylus hegdei</i> Pal & Mirza, 2022	NL	NL	NE
310.	<i>Hemidactylus hemchandrai</i> Dandge & Tiple, 2015	NL	NL	LC
311.	<i>Hemidactylus imbricatus</i> (Bauer, Giri, Greenbaum, Jackman, Dharne & Shouche, 2008)	NL	NL	NE
312.	<i>Hemidactylus kangerensis</i> Mirza, Bhosale & Patil, 2017	NL	NL	EN
313.	<i>Hemidactylus kolliensis</i> Agarwal, Bauer, Giri & Khandekar, 2019	NL	NL	DD
314.	<i>Hemidactylus kushmorensis</i> Murray, 1884	NL	NL	DD
315.	<i>Hemidactylus leschenaultii</i> Dumeril & Bibron, 1836	NL	NL	LC
316.	<i>Hemidactylus maculatus</i> Dumeril & Bibron, 1836	NL	NL	LC
317.	<i>Hemidactylus mahonyi</i> Adhikari, Achyuthan, Kumar, Khot, Shreeram & Ganesh, 2022	NL	NL	NE
318.	<i>Hemidactylus malcolmsmithi</i> (Constable, 1949)	NL	NL	DD
319.	<i>Hemidactylus multisulcatus</i> Sayyed, Kirubakaran, Khot, Adhikari, Sayyed, Sayyed, Purkayastha, Deshpande & Sulakhe, 2023	NL	NL	NE
320.	<i>Hemidactylus murrayi</i> Gleadow, 1887	NL	NL	LC
321.	<i>Hemidactylus paaragowli</i> Srikanthan, Swamy, Mohan & Pal, 2018	NL	NL	DD
322.	<i>Hemidactylus pakkamalaiensis</i> Narayanan, Christopher, Raman, Mukherjee, Prabhu, Lenin, Vimalraj & Deepak, 2023	NL	NL	NE
323.	<i>Hemidactylus parvimaculatus</i> Deraniyagala, 1953	NL	NL	LC
324.	<i>Hemidactylus paucifasciatus</i> Mohapatra, Agarwal, Mohalik, Dutta & Khandekar, 2023	NL	NL	NE
325.	<i>Hemidactylus persicus</i> Anderson, 1872	NL	NL	LC
326.	<i>Hemidactylus platyurus</i> (Schneider, 1797)	NL	NL	LC
327.	<i>Hemidactylus prashadi</i> Smith, 1935	NL	NL	LC
328.	<i>Hemidactylus quartziticus</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Mariappan, Gangalmale, Waghe, Pawar & Agarwal, 2023	NL	NL	NE
329.	<i>Hemidactylus raya</i> Kumar, Srinivasulu & Srinivasulu, 2022	NL	NL	NE
330.	<i>Hemidactylus reticulatus</i> Beddome, 1870	NL	NL	LC
331.	<i>Hemidactylus rishivalleyensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
332.	<i>Hemidactylus robustus</i> Heyden, 1827	NL	NL	LC
333.	<i>Hemidactylus sahgalii</i> Mirza, Gowande, Patil, Ambekar & Patel, 2018	NL	NL	LC
334.	<i>Hemidactylus sankariensis</i> Agarwal, Bauer, Giri & Khandekar, 2019	NL	NL	DD
335.	<i>Hemidactylus sataraiensis</i> Giri & Bauer, 2008	NL	NL	VU



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336.	<i>Hemidactylus saxicolus</i> Kumar, Srinivasulu & Srinivasulu, 2022	NL	NL	NE
337.	<i>Hemidactylus scabriceps</i> (Annandale, 1906)	NL	NL	EN
338.	<i>Hemidactylus sirumalaiensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray, Pawar & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
339.	<i>Hemidactylus siva</i> Srinivasulu, Srinivasulu & Kumar, 2018	NL	NL	EN
340.	<i>Hemidactylus srikanthani</i> Adhikari, Achyuthan, Kumar, Khot, Shreeram & Ganesh, 2022	NL	NL	NE
341.	<i>Hemidactylus sushilduttai</i> Giri, Bauer, Mohapatra, Srinivasulu & Agarwal, 2017	NL	NL	LC
342.	<i>Hemidactylus tamhiniensis</i> Khandekar, Thackeray & Agarwal, 2021	NL	NL	NE
343.	<i>Hemidactylus treutleri</i> Mahony, 2009	NL	NL	LC
344.	<i>Hemidactylus triedrus</i> (Daudin, 1802)	NL	NL	LC
345.	<i>Hemidactylus vanam</i> Chaitanya, Lajmi & Giri, 2018	NL	NL	DD
346.	<i>Hemidactylus varadgirii</i> Chaitanya, Agarwal, Lajmi & Khandekar, 2019	NL	NL	DD
347.	<i>Hemidactylus vijayraghavani</i> Mirza, 2018	NL	NL	DD
348.	<i>Hemidactylus whitakeri</i> Mirza, Gowande, Patil, Ambekar & Patel, 2018	NL	NL	LC
349.	<i>Hemidactylus xericolus</i> Lajmi, Giri, Singh & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
350.	<i>Hemidactylus yajurvedi</i> Murthy, Bauer, Lajmi, Agarwal & Giri, 2015	NL	NL	EN
351.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus arakuensis</i> Agarwal, Khandekar, Giri, Ramakrishnan & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NT
352.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus aurantiacus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	CR
353.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus goaensis</i> Khandekar, Parmar, Sawant, & Agarwal, 2021	NL	NL	NE
354.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus jnana</i> Agarwal, Khandekar, Giri, Ramakrishnan & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	NE
355.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus kolliensis</i> Agarwal, Khandekar, Giri, Ramakrishnan & Karanth, 2019	NL	NL	CR
356.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus minimus</i> Mohapatra, Khandekar, Dutta, Mahapatra & Agarwal, 2020	NL	NL	NE
357.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus nilgiriensis</i> Agarwal, Bauer, Pal, Srikanthan & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
358.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus peninsularis</i> Agarwal, Bauer, Pal, Srikanthan & Khandekar, 2020	NL	NL	NE
359.	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus typus</i> Bleeker, 1860	NL	NL	LC
360.	<i>Lepidodactylus lugubris</i> (Duméril & Bibron, 1836)	NL	NL	LC
361.	<i>Microgecko persicus</i> (Nikolsky, 1903)	NL	NL	LC
362.	<i>Phelsuma andamanensis</i> BLYTH, 1861	NL	II	LC
Family Eublepharidae				
363.	<i>Eublepharis fuscus</i> Börner, 1974	I	NL	LC
364.	<i>Eublepharis hardwickii</i> Gray, 1827	I	NL	LC



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365.	<i>Eublepharis macularius</i> (Blyth, 1854)	I	NL	LC
366.	<i>Eublepharis madarensis</i> (Sharma, 1980)	NL	NL	NE
367.	<i>Eublepharis pictus</i> Mirza and Gnaneswar, 2022	I	NL	NE
368.	<i>Eublepharis satpuraensis</i> Mirza, Sanap, Raju, Gawai & Ghadekar, 2014	I	NL	LC
Family Lacertidae				
369.	<i>Acanthodactylus cantoris</i> Gunther, 1864	NL	NL	LC
370.	<i>Mesalina watsonana</i> (Stoliczka, 1872)	NL	NL	LC
371.	<i>Ophisops agarwali</i> Patel & Vyas, 2020	NL	NL	NE
372.	<i>Ophisops beddomei</i> (Jerdon, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
373.	<i>Ophisops jerdonii</i> Blyth, 1853	NL	NL	LC
374.	<i>Ophisops kutchensis</i> Agarwal, Khandekar, Ramakrishnan, Vyas & Giri, 2018	NL	NL	LC
375.	<i>Ophisops leschenaultii</i> (Milne-Edwards, 1829)	NL	NL	LC
376.	<i>Ophisops microlepis</i> Blanford, 1870	NL	NL	LC
377.	<i>Ophisops nictans</i> (Arnold, 1989)	NL	NL	LC
378.	<i>Ophisops pushkarensis</i> Agarwal, Khandekar, Ramakrishnan, Vyas & Giri, 2018	NL	NL	EN
379.	<i>Ophisops venustus</i> Patel, Vyas, Thackeray, Pal & Mirza, 2024	NL	NL	LC
380.	<i>Takydromus haughtonianus</i> Jerdon, 1870	NL	NL	DD
381.	<i>Takydromus khasiensis</i> Boulenger, 1917	NL	NL	LC
382.	<i>Takydromus sexlineatus</i> Daudin, 1802	NL	NL	LC
383.	<i>Takydromus sikkimensis</i> Gunther, 1888	NL	NL	EN
Family Scincidae				
384.	<i>Ablepharus grayanus</i> (Stoliczka, 1872)	NL	NL	DD
385.	<i>Ablepharus himalayanus</i> (Gunther, 1864)	NL	NL	LC
386.	<i>Ablepharus ladacensis</i> (Gunther, 1864)	NL	NL	LC
387.	<i>Ablepharus sikimensis</i> (Blyth, 1854)	NL	NL	LC
388.	<i>Ablepharus tragbulense</i> (Alcock, 1898)	NL	NL	LC
389.	<i>Barkudia insularis</i> Annandale, 1917	NL	NL	CR
390.	<i>Barkudia melanosticta</i> (Schneider, 1801)	NL	NL	DD
391.	<i>Chalcides pentadactylus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	DD
392.	<i>Dasia johnsinghi</i> Harikrishnan, Vasudevan, de Silva, Deepak, Kar, Naniwadekar, Lalremruata, Prasoon & Aggarwal, 2012	NL	NL	DD
393.	<i>Dasia nicobarensis</i> Biswas & Sanyal, 1977	NL	NL	DD
394.	<i>Dasia olivacea</i> Gray, 1839	NL	NL	LC
395.	<i>Dasia subcaerulea</i> (Boulenger, 1891)	NL	NL	EN
396.	<i>Dravidoseps gingeeensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2024	NL	NL	NE
397.	<i>Dravidoseps goaensis</i> (Sharma, 1976)	NL	NL	DD



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398.	<i>Dravidoseps jawadhuensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2024	NL	NL	NE
399.	<i>Dravidoseps kalakadensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2024	NL	NL	NE
400.	<i>Dravidoseps nilgiriensis</i> (Ganesh, Srikanthan, Ghosh, Adhikari, Kumar & Datta-Roy, 2021)	NL	NL	NE
401.	<i>Dravidoseps pruthi</i> (Sharma, 1977)	NL	NL	DD
402.	<i>Dravidoseps srivilliputhurensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2024	NL	NL	NE
403.	<i>Dravidoseps tamilnaduensis</i> Agarwal, Thackeray & Khandekar, 2024	NL	NL	NE
404.	<i>Eurylepis poonaensis</i> (Sharma, 1970)	NL	NL	EN
405.	<i>Eurylepis taeniolata</i> Blyth, 1854	NL	NL	LC
406.	<i>Eutropis allapallensis</i> (Schmidt, 1926)	NL	NL	DD
407.	<i>Eutropis andamanensis</i> (Smith, 1935)	NL	NL	LC
408.	<i>Eutropis ashwamedhi</i> (Sharma, 1969)	NL	NL	VU
409.	<i>Eutropis beddomei</i> (Jerdon, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
410.	<i>Eutropis bibronii</i> (Gray, 1839)	NL	NL	LC
411.	<i>Eutropis brevis</i> (Gunther, 1875)	NL	NL	NE
412.	<i>Eutropis carinata</i> (Schneider, 1801)	NL	NL	LC
413.	<i>Eutropis clivicola</i> (Inger, Shaffer, Koshy & Bakde, 1984)	NL	NL	EN
414.	<i>Eutropis dattaroyi</i> Amarasinghe, Chandramouli, Deuti, Campbell, Henkanaththegedara & Karunarathna, 2020	NL	NL	NE
415.	<i>Eutropis dawsoni</i> (Annandale, 1909)	NL	NL	NE
416.	<i>Eutropis innotata</i> (Blanford, 1870)	NL	NL	DD
417.	<i>Eutropis macularia</i> (Blyth, 1853)	NL	NL	LC
418.	<i>Eutropis multifasciata</i> (Kuhl, 1820)	NL	NL	LC
419.	<i>Eutropis nagarjunensis</i> (Sharma, 1969)	NL	NL	DD
420.	<i>Eutropis quadricarinata</i> Boulenger, 1887	NL	NL	DD
421.	<i>Eutropis rugifera</i> (Stoliczka, 1870)	NL	NL	LC
422.	<i>Eutropis trivittata</i> (Hardwicke & Gray, 1827)	NL	NL	LC
423.	<i>Eutropis tyleri</i> (Theobald, 1868)	NL	NL	LC
424.	<i>Eutropis vertebralis</i> (Boulenger, 1887)	NL	NL	NE
425.	<i>Kaestlea beddomii</i> (Boulenger, 1887)	NL	NL	LC
426.	<i>Kaestlea bilineata</i> (Gray, 1846)	NL	NL	DD
427.	<i>Kaestlea laterimaculata</i> (Boulenger, 1887)	NL	NL	VU
428.	<i>Kaestlea palnica</i> (Boettger, 1892)	NL	NL	DD
429.	<i>Kaestlea travancorica</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	DD
430.	<i>Lankascincus fallax</i> (Peters, 1860)	NL	NL	LC
431.	<i>Lipinia macrotympanum</i> (Stoliczka, 1873)	NL	NL	DD
432.	<i>Ophiomorus raithmai</i> Anderson & Leviton, 1966	NL	NL	LC



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433.	<i>Problepharus apatani</i> Mirza, Bragin, Bhosale, Gowande, Patel & Poyarkov, 2022	NL	NL	NE
434.	<i>Riopa albopunctata</i> Gray, 1846	NL	NL	LC
435.	<i>Riopa guentheri</i> (Peters, 1879)	NL	NL	LC
436.	<i>Riopa lineata</i> (Gray, 1839)	NL	NL	LC
437.	<i>Riopa punctata</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	NL	NL	LC
438.	<i>Riopa vosmaeri</i> (Gray, 1839)	NL	NL	DD
439.	<i>Ristella beddomii</i> Boulenger, 1887	NL	NL	LC
440.	<i>Ristella guentheri</i> Boulenger, 1887	NL	NL	DD
441.	<i>Ristella rurkii</i> Gray, 1839	NL	NL	DD
442.	<i>Ristella travancorica</i> (Beddome, 1870)	NL	NL	DD
443.	<i>Scincella macrotis</i> (Steindachner, 1867)	NL	NL	DD
444.	<i>Scincella reevesii</i> (Gray, 1838)	NL	NL	LC
445.	<i>Sepsophis punctatus</i> Beddome, 1870	NL	NL	DD
446.	<i>Sphenomorphus apalpebratus</i> Datta-Roy, Das, Bauer, Lyngdoh-Tron & Karanth, 2013	NL	NL	DD
447.	<i>Sphenomorphus courcyanus</i> (Annandale, 1912)	NL	NL	DD
448.	<i>Sphenomorphus dussumieri</i> (Dumeril & Bibron, 1839)	NL	NL	LC
449.	<i>Sphenomorphus indicus</i> (Gray, 1853)	NL	NL	LC
450.	<i>Sphenomorphus maculatus</i> (Blyth, 1853)	NL	NL	LC
451.	<i>Subdoluseps bowringii</i> (Gunther, 1864)	NL	NL	LC
452.	<i>Tropidophorus assamensis</i> Annandale, 1912	NL	NL	DD
Family Anguidae				
453.	<i>Dopasia gracilis</i> (Gray, 1845)	II	NL	DD
Family Dibamidae				
454.	<i>Dibamus nicobaricum</i> (Steindachner, 1867)	NL	NL	DD
Family Varanidae				
455.	<i>Varanus bengalensis bengalensis</i> (Daudin, 1802)	I	I	NT
456.	<i>Varanus flavescens</i> (Hardwicke & Gray, 1827)	I	I	EN
457.	<i>Varanus griseus koniecznyi</i> Mertens, 1954	I	I	LC
458.	<i>Varanus salvator andamanensis</i> Deraniyagala, 1944	I	II	LC
	<i>Varanus salvator macromaculatus</i> Deraniyagala, 1944	I	II	LC
Family Typhlopidae				
459.	<i>Argyrophis bothriorhynchus</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	DD
460.	<i>Argyrophis diardii</i> (Schlegel, 1839)	II	NL	LC
461.	<i>Argyrophis oatesii</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	DD
462.	<i>Gryptotyphlops acutus</i> (Duméril & Bibron, 1844)	II	NL	LC
463.	<i>Indotyphlops braminus</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	LC
464.	<i>Indotyphlops fletcheri</i> (Wall, 1919)	II	NL	DD
465.	<i>Indotyphlops jerdoni</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	LC
466.	<i>Indotyphlops meszoelyi</i> (Wallach, 1999)	II	NL	DD



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467.	<i>Indotyphlops pammeces</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
468.	<i>Indotyphlops tenuicollis</i> (Peters, 1864)	II	NL	DD
469.	<i>Pseudoinotyphlops exiguus</i> (Jan, 1864)	II	NL	DD
470.	<i>Pseudoinotyphlops porrectus</i> (Stoliczka, 1871)	II	NL	LC
Family Leptotyphlopidae				
471.	<i>Myriopholis blanfordi</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	DD
472.	<i>Myriopholis macrorhyncha</i> (Jan, 1860)	II	NL	LC
Family Gerrhopilidae				
473.	<i>Gerrhopilus andamanensis</i> (Stoliczka, 1871)	NL	NL	DD
474.	<i>Gerrhopilus beddomii</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	NL	NL	DD
475.	<i>Gerrhopilus oligolepis</i> (Wall, 1909)	NL	NL	DD
476.	<i>Gerrhopilus thurstoni</i> (Boettger, 1890)	NL	NL	DD
477.	<i>Gerrhopilus tindalli</i> (Smith, 1943) Boidae	NL	NL	DD
Family Boidae				
478.	<i>Eryx conicus</i> (Schneider, 1801)	II	II	NT
479.	<i>Eryx johnii</i> (Russell, 1801)	I	II	NT
480.	<i>Eryx whitakeri</i> Das, 1991	I	II	NT
Family Pythonidae				
481.	<i>Malayopython reticulatus</i> (Schneider, 1801)	I	II	LC
482.	<i>Python bivittatus</i> Kuhl, 1820	I	II	VU
483.	<i>Python molurus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	I	I	NT
Family Acrochordidae				
484.	<i>Acrochordus granulatus</i> (Schneider, 1799)	NL	NL	LC
Family Colubridae				
485.	<i>Ahaetulla anomala</i> (Annandale, 1906)	II	NL	LC
486.	<i>Ahaetulla borealis</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Pal, D'souza, Shanker & Ganesh, 2020	II	NL	NE
487.	<i>Ahaetulla dispar</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	NT
488.	<i>Ahaetulla farnsworthi</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Pal, D'souza, Shanker & Ganesh, 2020	II	NL	NE
489.	<i>Ahaetulla flavescens</i> (Wall, 1910)	II	NL	NE
490.	<i>Ahaetulla isabellina</i> (Wall, 1910)	II	NL	NE
491.	<i>Ahaetulla laudankia</i> Deepak, Narayanan, Sarkar, Dutta & Mohapatra, 2019	II	NL	LC
492.	<i>Ahaetulla longirostris</i> Mirza, Pattekar, Verma, Stuart, Purkayastha, Mohapatra & Patel, 2024	II	NL	NE
493.	<i>Ahaetulla malabarica</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Pal, D'souza, Shanker & Ganesh, 2020	II	NL	NE
494.	<i>Ahaetulla oxyrhyncha</i> Bell, 1825	II	NL	NE
495.	<i>Ahaetulla perroteti</i> (Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854)	II	NL	EN
496.	<i>Ahaetulla sahyadrensis</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Pal, D'souza, Shanker & Ganesh, 2020	II	NL	NE



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497.	<i>Ahaetulla travancorica</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Pal, D'souza, Shanker & Ganesh, 2020	II	NL	NE
498.	<i>Amphiesma stolatum</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	II	NL	LC
499.	<i>Anguiculus dicaprio</i> Mirza, Bhardwaj, Pal, Lalremsanga, Vogel, Campbell & Patel, 2024	II	NL	NE
500.	<i>Anguiculus rappi</i> (Gunther, 1860)	II	NL	LC
501.	<i>Archelaphe bella</i> (Stanley, 1917)	II	NL	LC
502.	<i>Platycephalus vittacaudatus</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	DD
503.	<i>Atretium schistosum</i> (Daudin, 1803)	I	III	LC
504.	<i>Blythia hmuifang</i> Vogel, Lalremsanga & Vanlalhrima, 2017	II	NL	DD
505.	<i>Blythia reticulata</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	DD
506.	<i>Boiga andamanensis</i> (Wall, 1909)	II	NL	EN
507.	<i>Boiga beddomei</i> (Wall, 1909)	II	NL	LC
508.	<i>Boiga cyanea</i> (Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854)	II	NL	LC
509.	<i>Boiga dightoni</i> (Boulenger, 1894)	II	NL	DD
510.	<i>Boiga flaviviridis</i> Vogel & Ganesh, 2013	II	NL	LC
511.	<i>Boiga forsteni</i> (Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854)	II	NL	LC
512.	<i>Boiga gocool</i> (Gray, 1834)	II	NL	LC
513.	<i>Boiga multifasciata</i> (Blyth, 1861)	II	NL	LC
514.	<i>Boiga multomaculata ochracea</i> (Theobald, 1868)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Boiga multomaculata septentrionalis</i> Köhler, Charunrochana, Mogk, Than, Kurniawan, Kadafi, Das, Tillack & O'Shea, 2023	II	NL	LC
515.	<i>Boiga nuchalis</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	LC
516.	<i>Boiga quincunciata</i> (Wall, 1908)	II	NL	LC
517.	<i>Boiga siamensis</i> Nutaphand, 1971	II	NL	LC
518.	<i>Boiga stoliczkae</i> (Wall, 1909)	II	NL	LC
519.	<i>Boiga thackerayi</i> Giri, Deepak, Captain, Pawar & Tillack, 2019	II	NL	NE
520.	<i>Boiga trigonata trigonata</i> (Schneider, 1802)	II	NL	LC
521.	<i>Boiga wallachi</i> Das, 1998	II	NL	DD
522.	<i>Boiga westermanni</i> (Reinhardt, 1863)	I	II	LC
523.	<i>Calamaria pavementata</i> Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854	II	NL	LC
524.	<i>Chrysopelea ornata</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
525.	<i>Chrysopelea paradisi</i> Boie, 1827	II	NL	LC
526.	<i>Chrysopelia taprobanica</i> (Smith, 1943)	II	NL	LC
527.	<i>Coelognathus flavolineatus</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	II	NL	LC
528.	<i>Coelognathus helena helena</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Coelognathus helena monticollaris</i> (Schulz, 1992)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Coelognathus helena nigriangularis</i> Mohapatra, Schulz, Helfenberger, Hofmann & Dutta, 2016	II	NL	LC



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529.	<i>Coelognathus radiatus</i> (Boie, 1827)	II	NL	LC
530.	<i>Dendrelaphis andamanensis</i> (Anderson, 1871)	II	NL	LC
531.	<i>Dendrelaphis ashoki</i> Vogel & Van Rooijen, 2011	II	NL	LC
532.	<i>Dendrelaphis bifrenalis</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	LC
533.	<i>Dendrelaphis biloreatus</i> Wall, 1908	II	NL	LC
534.	<i>Dendrelaphis chairecacos</i> (Boie, 1827)	II	NL	LC
535.	<i>Dendrelaphis cyanochloris</i> (Wall, 1921)	II	NL	DD
536.	<i>Dendrelaphis girii</i> Vogel & Van Rooijen, 2011	II	NL	LC
537.	<i>Dendrelaphis grandoculis</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	LC
538.	<i>Dendrelaphis humayuni</i> Tiwari & Biswas, 1973	II	NL	LC
539.	<i>Dendrelaphis proarchos</i> (Wall, 1909)	II	NL	NE
540.	<i>Dendrelaphis tristis</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	LC
541.	<i>Elaphe cantoris</i> (Boulenger, 1894)	II	NL	LC
542.	<i>Elaphe hodgsoni</i> (Günther, 1860)	II	NL	LC
543.	<i>Elaphe taeniura yunnanensis</i> Anderson, 1879	II	NL	VU
544.	<i>Euprepiophis mandarinus</i> (Cantor, 1842)	II	NL	LC
545.	<i>Fowlea piscator</i> (Schneider, 1799)	I	III	LC
546.	<i>Fowlea sanctijohannis</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	LC
547.	<i>Fowlea schnurrenbergeri</i> (Kramer, 1977)	II	III	LC
548.	<i>Fowlea tytleri</i> (Blyth, 1863)	II	NL	LC
549.	<i>Gongylosoma calamaria</i> (Gunther, 1858)	II	NL	LC
550.	<i>Gongylosoma frenata</i> (Gunther, 1858)	II	NL	LC
551.	<i>Gongylosoma nicobariensis</i> (Stoliczka, 1870)	II	NL	DD
552.	<i>Gongylosoma scriptum</i> (Theobald, 1868)	II	NL	LC
553.	<i>Gonyosoma frenatum</i> (Gray, 1853)	II	NL	LC
554.	<i>Gonyosoma oxycephalum</i> (Boie, 1827)	II	NL	LC
555.	<i>Gonyosoma prasinum</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	LC
556.	<i>Hebius clerki</i> (Wall, 1925)	II	NL	LC
557.	<i>Hebius khasiensis</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	LC
558.	<i>Hebius lacrima</i> Purkayastha & David, 2019	II	NL	DD
559.	<i>Hebius modestus</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	LC
560.	<i>Hebius monticola</i> (Jerdon, 1853)	II	NL	LC
561.	<i>Hebius parallelus</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	DD
562.	<i>Hebius taronensis</i> (Smith, 1940)	II	NL	NT
563.	<i>Hebius venningi</i> (Wall, 1910)	II	NL	LC
564.	<i>Herpetoreas murlen</i> Lalremsanga, Bal, Vogel & Biakzuala, 2022	II	NL	NE
565.	<i>Herpetoreas pealii</i> (Sclater, 1891)	II	NL	DD
566.	<i>Herpetoreas platyceps</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	LC
567.	<i>Herpetoreas sieboldii</i> Gunther, 1860	II	NL	DD



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568.	<i>Herpetoreas xenura</i> (Wall, 1907)	II	NL	NT
569.	<i>Liopeltis stoliczkae</i> (Sclater, 1891)	II	NL	LC
570.	<i>Lycodon aulicus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	II	NL	LC
571.	<i>Lycodon bicolor</i> (Nikolsky, 1903)	II	NL	NE
572.	<i>Lycodon capucinus</i> (Boie, 1827)	II	NL	LC
573.	<i>Lycodon deccanensis</i> Ganesh, Deuti, Punith, Achyuthan, Mallik, Adhikari, Vogel, 2020	II	NL	NE
574.	<i>Lycodon fasciatus</i> (Anderson, 1879)	II	NL	LC
575.	<i>Lycodon fasciolatus</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
576.	<i>Lycodon flavicollis</i> Mukherjee & Bhupathy, 2007	II	NL	LC
577.	<i>Lycodon flavomaculatus</i> Wall, 1907	II	NL	LC
578.	<i>Lycodon gammiei</i> (Blanford, 1878)	II	NL	NT
579.	<i>Lycodon gracilis</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	DD
580.	<i>Lycodon hypsirrhinoides</i> (Theobald, 1868)	II	NL	LC
581.	<i>Lycodon jara</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
582.	<i>Lycodon laoensis</i> Gunther, 1864	II	NL	LC
583.	<i>Lycodon mackinnoni</i> Wall, 1906	II	NL	NT
584.	<i>Lycodon nympha</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	LC
585.	<i>Lycodon septentrionalis</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	LC
586.	<i>Lycodon striatus</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
587.	<i>Lycodon subcinctus</i> Boie, 1827	II	NL	LC
588.	<i>Lycodon tiwarii</i> Biswas & Sanyal, 1965	II	NL	LC
589.	<i>Lycodon travancoricus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	II	NL	LC
590.	<i>Lycodon zawi</i> Slowinski, Pawar, Win, Thin, Gyi, Oo & Tun, 2001	II	NL	LC
591.	<i>Lytorhynchus paradoxus</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	LC
592.	<i>Oligodon affinis</i> Gunther, 1862	II	NL	LC
593.	<i>Oligodon albocinctus</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
594.	<i>Oligodon arnensis</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
595.	<i>Oligodon brevicauda</i> Gunther, 1862	II	NL	VU
596.	<i>Oligodon catenatus</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	LC
597.	<i>Oligodon cinereus</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
598.	<i>Oligodon cyclurus</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
599.	<i>Oligodon dorsalis</i> (Gray, 1834)	II	NL	LC
600.	<i>Oligodon erythrogaster</i> Boulenger, 1907	II	NL	NT
601.	<i>Oligodon erythrorhachis</i> Wall, 1910	II	NL	VU
602.	<i>Oligodon juglandifer</i> (Wall, 1909)	II	NL	VU
603.	<i>Oligodon kheriensis</i> Acharji & Ray, 1936	II	NL	LC
604.	<i>Oligodon melaneus</i> Wall, 1909	II	NL	DD
605.	<i>Oligodon melanozonatus</i> Wall, 1922	II	NL	DD



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606.	<i>Oligodon nikhili</i> Whitaker & Dattatri, 1982	II	NL	DD
607.	<i>Oligodon russelius</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	NE
608.	<i>Oligodon taeniolatus fasciatus</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
609.	<i>Oligodon theobaldi</i> (Gunther, 1868)	II	NL	LC
610.	<i>Oligodon tillacki</i> Bhandara, Ganesh, Kanishka, Danushka, Sharma, Campbel, Ineich, Vogel & Amarasinghe, 2022	II	NL	NE
611.	<i>Oligodon travancoricus</i> Beddome, 1877	II	NL	DD
612.	<i>Oligodon venustus</i> (Jerdon, 1853)	II	NL	LC
613.	<i>Oligodon woodmasoni</i> (Slater, 1891)	II	NL	NT
614.	<i>Oreocryptophis porphyraceus</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
615.	<i>Platycephalus bholanathi</i> (Sharma, 1976)	II	NL	DD
616.	<i>Platycephalus gracilis</i> (Gunther, 1862)	II	NL	DD
617.	<i>Platycephalus josephi</i> Deepak, Narayanan, Mohapatra, Dutta, Melvinselan, Khan, Mahlow & Tillack, 2021	II	NL	NE
618.	<i>Platycephalus plinii</i> (Merrem, 1820)	II	NL	LC
619.	<i>Platycephalus rhodorachis</i> (Jan, 1863)	II	NL	LC
620.	<i>Platycephalus ventromaculatus</i> (Gray, 1834)	II	NL	LC
621.	<i>Platycephalus vittacaudatus</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	DD
622.	<i>Prohaetulla antiqua</i> Mallik, Achyuthan, Ganesh, Pal, Vijayakumar & Shanker, 2019	II	NL	EN
623.	<i>Pseudoxenodon macrops macrops</i> (Blyth, 1855)	II	NL	LC
624.	<i>Ptyas doriae</i> (Boulenger, 1888)	II	NL	LC
625.	<i>Ptyas korros</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	II	NL	NT
626.	<i>Ptyas mucosa</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	I	II	LC
627.	<i>Ptyas nigromarginata</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	LC
628.	<i>Rhabdophis bindi</i> Das, Smith, Sidik, Sarker, Boruah, Patel, Murthy, & Deepak, 2021	II	NL	NE
629.	<i>Rhabdophis helleri</i> (Schmidt, 1925)	II	NL	LC
630.	<i>Rhabdophis himalayanus</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
631.	<i>Rhabdophis leonardi</i> (Wall, 1923)	II	NL	LC
632.	<i>Rhabdophis plumbicolor plumbicolor</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
633.	<i>Rhabdops aquaticus</i> Giri, Deepak, Captain & Gower, 2017	II	NL	LC
634.	<i>Rhabdops olivaceus</i> (Beddome, 1863)	II	NL	NT
635.	<i>Sahyadriophis beddomei</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
636.	<i>Sahyadriophis uttaraghati</i> Patel, Thackeray, Campbell & Mirza, 2023	II	NL	NE
637.	<i>Sibynophis bistrigatus</i> (Günther, 1868)	II	NL	DD
638.	<i>Sibynophis collaris</i> (Gray, 1853)	II	NL	LC
639.	<i>Sibynophis sagittarius</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
640.	<i>Sibynophis subpunctatus</i> (Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854)	II	NL	LC



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641.	<i>Smithophis arunachalensis</i> Das, Deepak, Captain, Wade & Gower, 2020	II	NL	NE
642.	<i>Smithophis atemporalis</i> Giri, Gower, Das, Lalremsanga, Lalronunga, Captain & Deepak, 2019	II	NL	DD
643.	<i>Smithophis bicolor</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	LC
644.	<i>Smithophis mizoramensis</i> Mirza, Bhardwaj, Lalmuanawma, Choure, Lalremsanga, Vabeiryureilai, Captain, Zagade & Patel, 2024	II	NL	NE
645.	<i>Spalerosophis arenarius</i> (Boulenger, 1890)	II	NL	LC
646.	<i>Spalerosophis atriceps</i> (Fischer, 1885)	II	NL	LC
647.	<i>Spalerosophis diadema</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	II	NL	LC
648.	<i>Thamnophis saurita</i> (Linnaeus, 1766)	Introduced		
649.	<i>Trachischium apteii</i> Bhosale, Gowande & Mirza, 2019	II	NL	NE
650.	<i>Trachischium fuscum</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	LC
651.	<i>Trachischium guentheri</i> Boulenger, 1890	II	NL	VU
652.	<i>Trachischium laeve</i> Peracca, 1904	II	NL	LC
653.	<i>Trachischium monticola</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
654.	<i>Trachischium sushantai</i> Raha, Das, Bag, Debnath & Pramanick, 2018	II	NL	DD
655.	<i>Trachischium tenuiceps</i> (Blyth, 1854)	II	NL	DD
656.	<i>Trimerodytes yunnanensis</i> (Rao & Yang, 1998)	II	NL	LC
657.	<i>Wallopis brachyura</i> (Gunther, 1866)	II	NL	LC
658.	<i>Wallaceophis gujaratensis</i> Mirza, Vyas, Patel, Maheta & Sanap, 2016	II	NL	LC
659.	<i>Xenochrophis cerasogaster</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	VU
660.	<i>Xenochrophis trianguligerus</i> (Boie, 1827)	II	NL	LC
Family Homalopsidae				
661.	<i>Cantoria violacea</i> Girard, 1857	NL	NL	LC
662.	<i>Cerberus rynchops</i> (Schneider, 1799)	I	III	LC
663.	<i>Cerberus schneiderii</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	NL	NL	NE
664.	<i>Dieurostus dussumieri</i> (Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854)	NL	NL	LC
665.	<i>Enhydryis enhydryis</i> (Schneider, 1799)	NL	NL	LC
666.	<i>Ferania sieboldii</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	NL	NL	LC
667.	<i>Fordonia leucobalia</i> (Schlegel, 1837)	NL	NL	LC
668.	<i>Gerarda prevostiana</i> (Eydoux & Gervais, 1837)	NL	NL	LC
669.	<i>Hypsiscopus plumbea</i> (Boie, 1827)	NL	NL	LC
Family Pareidae				
670.	<i>Pareas andersonii</i> (Boulenger, 1888)	NL	NL	LC
671.	<i>Pareas kaduri</i> Bhosale, Phansalkar, Sawant, Gowande, Patel & Mirza, 2020	NL	NL	NE
672.	<i>Pareas macularius</i> Theobald, 1868	NL	NL	LC
673.	<i>Pareas modestus</i> Theobald, 1868	NL	NL	LC



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674.	<i>Pareas monticola</i> (Cantor, 1839)	NL	NL	LC
675.	<i>Xylophis captaini</i> Gower & Winkler, 2007	NL	NL	LC
676.	<i>Xylophis deepaki</i> Narayanan, Mohapatra, Balan, Das & Gower, 2021	NL	NL	NE
677.	<i>Xylophis mosaicus</i> Deepak, Narayanan, Das, Rajkumar, Easa, Sreejith & Gower, 2020	NL	NL	NE
678.	<i>Xylophis perroteti</i> (Duméril, Bibron & Duméril, 1854)	NL	NL	LC
679.	<i>Xylophis stenorhynchus</i> (Günther, 1875)	NL	NL	DD
Family Xenodermidae				
680.	<i>Stoliczka khasiensis</i> Jerdon, 1870	NL	NL	DD
681.	<i>Stoliczka vanhnuaillianai</i> Lalronunga, Lalhmangaiha, Zosangliana, Lalhmingliani, Gower, Das & Deepak, 2021	NL	NL	NE
Family Xenopeltidae				
682.	<i>Xenopeltis unicolor</i> Reinwardt, 1827	II	NL	LC
Family Psammodynastidae				
683.	<i>Psammodynastes pulverulentus</i> (Boie, 1827)	NL	NL	LC
Family Psammophiidae				
684.	<i>Psammophis condanarus</i> (Merrem, 1820)	II	NL	LC
685.	<i>Psammophis leithii</i> Günther, 1869	II	NL	LC
686.	<i>Psammophis longifrons</i> Boulenger, 1890	II	NL	LC
687.	<i>Psammophis schokari</i> (Forsk., 1775)	II	NL	LC
Family Uropeltidae				
688.	<i>Melanophidium bilineatum</i> Beddome, 1870	II	NL	VU
689.	<i>Melanophidium khairi</i> Gower, Giri, Captain & Wilkinson, 2016	II	NL	EN
690.	<i>Melanophidium punctatum</i> Beddome, 1871	II	NL	VU
691.	<i>Melanophidium wynaudente</i> (Beddome, 1863)	II	NL	LC
692.	<i>Platyplectrurus madurensis</i> Beddome, 1877	II	NL	EN
693.	<i>Platyplectrurus trilineatus</i> (Beddome, 1867)	II	NL	DD
694.	<i>Plectrurus aureus</i> Beddome, 1880	II	NL	DD
695.	<i>Plectrurus guentheri</i> Beddome, 1863	II	NL	DD
696.	<i>Plectrurus perroteti</i> Dumeril, Bibron & Dumeril, 1854	II	NL	LC
697.	<i>Pseudoplectrurus canaricus</i> (Beddome, 1870)	II	NL	DD
698.	<i>Rhinophis fergusonianus</i> Boulenger, 1896	II	NL	DD
699.	<i>Rhinophis goweri</i> Aengals & Ganesh, 2013	II	NL	CR
700.	<i>Rhinophis karinthandani</i> Sampaio, Narayanan, Cyriac, Venu & Gower, 2020	II	NL	NE
701.	<i>Rhinophis melanoleucus</i> Cyriac, Narayanan, Sampaio, Umesh & Gower, 2020	II	NL	NE
702.	<i>Rhinophis sanguineus</i> Beddome, 1863	II	NL	LC
703.	<i>Rhinophis travancoricus</i> Boulenger, 1892	II	NL	EN



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704.	<i>Teretrurus agumbensis</i> Cyriac, Ganesh, Madani, Ghosh, Kulkarni & Shanker, 2024	II	NL	NE
705.	<i>Teretrurus albiventer</i> Cyriac, Ganesh, Madani, Ghosh, Kulkarni & Shanker, 2024	II	NL	NE
706.	<i>Teretrurus hewstoni</i> (Beddome, 1886)	II	NL	NE
707.	<i>Teretrurus periyarensis</i> Cyriac, Ganesh, Madani, Ghosh, Kulkarni & Shanker, 2024	II	NL	NE
708.	<i>Teretrurus rhodogaster</i> Wall, 1921	II	NL	LC
709.	<i>Teretrurus sanguineus</i> (Beddome, 1867)	II	NL	LC
710.	<i>Teretrurus siruvaniensis</i> Cyriac, Ganesh, Madani, Ghosh, Kulkarni & Shanker, 2024	II	NL	NE
711.	<i>Teretrurus travancoricus</i> (Beddome, 1876)	II	NL	LC
712.	<i>Uropeltis arcticeps</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	DD
713.	<i>Uropeltis beddomii</i> (Gunther, 1862)	II	NL	DD
714.	<i>Uropeltis bhupathyi</i> Jins, Sampaio & Gower, 2018	II	NL	DD
715.	<i>Uropeltis bichenovii</i> Gunther, 1864	II	NL	NT
716.	<i>Uropeltis broughami</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	DD
717.	<i>Uropeltis caudomaculata</i> Gower, Das, Deepak, Gerard & Narayanan, 2024	II	NL	NE
718.	<i>Uropeltis ceylanica</i> Cuvier, 1829	II	NL	LC
719.	<i>Uropeltis dindigalensis</i> (Beddome, 1877)	II	NL	DD
720.	<i>Uropeltis ellioti</i> (Gray, 1858)	II	NL	LC
721.	<i>Uropeltis grandis</i> (Beddome, 1867)	II	NL	NT
722.	<i>Uropeltis guentheri</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	NE
723.	<i>Uropeltis jerdoni</i> Ganesh, Punith, Adhikari & Achyuthan, 2021	II	NL	NE
724.	<i>Uropeltis liura</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	DD
725.	<i>Uropeltis macrolepis macrolepis</i> (Peters, 1862)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Uropeltis macrolepis mahableshwarensis</i> Chari, 1955	II	NL	LC
726.	<i>Uropeltis macrorhyncha</i> (Beddome, 1877)	II	NL	DD
727.	<i>Uropeltis maculata</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	DD
728.	<i>Uropeltis madurensis</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	EN
729.	<i>Uropeltis myhendrae</i> (Beddome, 1886)	II	NL	DD
730.	<i>Uropeltis nitida</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	DD
731.	<i>Uropeltis ocellata</i> (Beddome, 1863)	II	NL	LC
732.	<i>Uropeltis petersi</i> (Beddome, 1878)	II	NL	DD
733.	<i>Uropeltis phipsonii</i> (Mason, 1888)	II	NL	VU
734.	<i>Uropeltis pulneyensis</i> (Beddome, 1863)	II	NL	LC
735.	<i>Uropeltis rajendrani</i> Ganesh & Achyuthan, 2020	II	NL	NE
736.	<i>Uropeltis rubrolineata</i> (Gunther, 1875)	II	NL	LC
737.	<i>Uropeltis rubromaculata</i> (Beddome, 1867)	II	NL	LC
738.	<i>Uropeltis shorttii</i> (Beddome, 1863)	II	NL	CR



Sl. No.	Species	WPAA (2022) Schedule	CITES	IUCN Threat Category
739.	<i>Uropeltis tricuspidata</i> Gower, 2023	II	NL	NE
740.	<i>Uropeltis woodmasoni</i> (Theobald, 1876)	II	NL	LC
Family Elapidae				
741.	<i>Bungarus andamanensis</i> Biswas & Sanyal, 1978	II	NL	NT
742.	<i>Bungarus bungaroides</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
743.	<i>Bungarus caeruleus</i> (Schneider, 1801)	II	NL	LC
744.	<i>Bungarus fasciatus</i> (Schneider, 1801)	II	NL	LC
745.	<i>Bungarus lividus</i> Cantor, 1839	II	NL	LC
746.	<i>Bungarus niger</i> Wall, 1908	II	NL	LC
747.	<i>Bungarus sindanus</i> (Boulenger, 1897)	II	NL	LC
748.	<i>Bungarus suzhenae</i> Chen, Shi, Vogel, Ding & Shi, 2021	II	NL	NE
749.	<i>Bungarus walli</i> Wall, 1907	II	NL	LC
750.	<i>Calliophis beddomei</i> Smith, 1943	II	NL	DD
751.	<i>Calliophis bibroni</i> (Jan, 1858)	II	NL	LC
752.	<i>Calliophis castoe</i> Smith, Ogale, Deepak & Giri, 2012	II	NL	EN
753.	<i>Calliophis melanurus melanurus</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
754.	<i>Calliophis nigrescens</i> (Gunther, 1862)	II	NL	LC
755.	<i>Hydrophis caeruleus</i> Shaw, 1802	II	NL	LC
756.	<i>Hydrophis curtus</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
757.	<i>Hydrophis cyanocinctus</i> Daudin, 1803	II	NL	LC
758.	<i>Hydrophis fasciatus</i> (Schneider, 1799)	II	NL	LC
759.	<i>Hydrophis hardwickii</i> (Gray, 1834)	II	NL	LC
760.	<i>Hydrophis jerdoni</i> (Gray, 1864)	II	NL	LC
761.	<i>Hydrophis lapemoides</i> (Gray, 1849)	II	NL	LC
762.	<i>Hydrophis mamillaris</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	DD
763.	<i>Hydrophis melanocephalus</i> Gray, 1849	II	NL	DD
764.	<i>Hydrophis nigrocinctus</i> Daudin, 1803	II	NL	DD
765.	<i>Hydrophis obscurus</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	LC
766.	<i>Hydrophis ornatus</i> (Gray, 1842)	II	NL	LC
767.	<i>Hydrophis platurus</i> (Linnaeus, 1766)	II	NL	LC
768.	<i>Hydrophis schistosus</i> (Daudin, 1803)	II	NL	LC
769.	<i>Hydrophis spiralis</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
770.	<i>Hydrophis stokesii</i> (Gray, 1846)	II	NL	LC
771.	<i>Hydrophis stricticollis</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	DD
772.	<i>Hydrophis viperinus</i> (Schmidt, 1852)	II	NL	LC
773.	<i>Laticauda colubrina</i> (Schneider, 1799)	II	NL	LC
774.	<i>Laticauda laticaudata</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	II	NL	LC
775.	<i>Microcephalophis cantoris</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	DD
776.	<i>Microcephalophis gracilis</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
777.	<i>Naja kaouthia</i> Lesson, 1831	I	II	LC



Sl. No.	Species	WPAA (2022) Schedule	CITES	IUCN Threat Category
778.	<i>Naja naja</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	I	II	LC
779.	<i>Naja oxiana</i> (Eichwald, 1831)	I	II	NT
780.	<i>Naja sagittifera</i> Wall, 1913	I	II	EN
781.	<i>Ophiophagus hannah</i> (Cantor, 1836)	I	II	VU
782.	<i>Ophiophagus kaalinga</i> Gowri Shankar, Das & Ganesh, 2024	II	II	NE
783.	<i>Sinomicrurus gorei</i> (Wall, 1908)	II	NL	NE
784.	<i>Sinomicrurus macclellandi macclellandi</i> (Reinhardt, 1844)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Sinomicrurus macclellandi nigriventer</i> (Wall, 1908)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Sinomicrurus macclellandi univirgatus</i> (Gunther, 1858)	II	NL	LC
	Family Viperidae			
785.	<i>Craspedocephalus anamallensis</i> (Gunther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
786.	<i>Craspedocephalus gramineus</i> (Shaw, 1802)	II	NL	LC
787.	<i>Craspedocephalus macrolepis</i> (Beddome, 1862)	II	NL	NT
788.	<i>Craspedocephalus malabaricus</i> (Jerdon, 1854)	II	NL	LC
789.	<i>Craspedocephalus occidentalis</i> (Pope & Pope, 1933)	II	NL	NE
790.	<i>Craspedocephalus peltopelorus</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Ganesh, Vijayakumar, Campbell, Malhotra and Shanker, 2021	II	NL	NE
791.	<i>Craspedocephalus strigatus</i> (Gray, 1842)	II	NL	LC
792.	<i>Craspedocephalus travancoricus</i> Mallik, Srikanthan, Ganesh, Vijayakumar, Campbell, Malhotra and Shanker, 2021	II	NL	NE
793.	<i>Daboia russelii</i> (Shaw & Nodder, 1797)	I	III	LC
794.	<i>Echis carinatus carinatus</i> (Schneider, 1801)	II	NL	LC
	<i>Echis carinatus sochureki</i> Stemmler, 1969	II	NL	LC
795.	<i>Gloydius chambensis</i> Kuttalam, Santra, Owens, Selvan, Mukherjee, Graham, Togridou, Bharti, Shi, Shanker & Malhotra, 2022	II	NL	NE
796.	<i>Gloydius himalayanus</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
797.	<i>Hypnale hypnale</i> (Merrem, 1820)	II	NL	LC
798.	<i>Macrovipera lebetinus cernovi</i> (Chikin & Szczerbak, 1992)	II	NL	LC
799.	<i>Ovophis monticola</i> (Günther, 1864)	II	NL	LC
800.	<i>Ovophis zayuensis</i> (Jiang, 1977)	II	NL	LC
801.	<i>Protobothrops himalayanus</i> Pan, Chettri, Yang, Jiang, Wang, Zhang & Vogel, 2013	II	NL	LC
802.	<i>Protobothrops jerdonii jerdonii</i> (Günther, 1875)	II	NL	LC
803.	<i>Protobothrops kaulbacki</i> (Smith, 1940)	II	NL	DD
804.	<i>Protobothrops mucrosquamatus</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
805.	<i>Trimeresurus andersonii</i> Theobald, 1868	II	NL	LC
806.	<i>Trimeresurus arunachalensis</i> Captain, Deepak, Pandit, Bhatt & Athreya, 2019	II	NL	DD



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807.	<i>Trimeresurus cantori</i> (Blyth, 1846)	II	NL	EN
808.	<i>Trimeresurus davidi</i> Chandramouli, Campbell & Vogel, 2020	II	NL	NE
809.	<i>Trimeresurus erythrurus</i> (Cantor, 1839)	II	NL	LC
810.	<i>Trimeresurus labialis</i> (Steindachner, 1867)	II	NL	CR
811.	<i>Trimeresurus mayae</i> Rathee, Purkayastha, Lalremsanga, Dalal, Biakzuala, Muansanga & Mirza, 2022	II	NL	NE
812.	<i>Trimeresurus medoensis</i> Zhao, 1977	II	NL	DD
813.	<i>Trimeresurus mutabilis</i> Stoliczka, 1870	II	NL	EN
814.	<i>Trimeresurus popeiorum</i> Smith, 1937	II	NL	LC
815.	<i>Trimeresurus salazar</i> Mirza, Bhosale, Phansalkar, Sawant, Gowande & Patel, 2020	II	NL	NE
816.	<i>Trimeresurus septentrionalis</i> Kramer, 1977	II	NL	LC
817.	<i>Trimeresurus uetzi</i> Vogel, Nguyen & David, 2023	II	NL	NE
818.	<i>Tropidolaemus huttoni</i> (Smith, 1949)	II	NL	DD

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