

# FAUNA OF INDIA CHECKLIST

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## CHORDATA: MAMMALIA

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**ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA**  
Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change

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**Introduction:** The class Mammalia of Phylum Chordata is the highest taxonomic group amongst animals. Mammals are warm-blooded vertebrates and distinguished from other taxa by the possession of mammary glands, hair, three unique middle ear bones, and a specialized brain structure, the neocortex. They have evolved between the Lower and Middle Jurassic Periods (about 195-165 million years ago). Mammals show extreme morphological diversity of forms; the smallest mammals are found among the bats and shrews and can weigh as little as 2 grams; the largest mammal is the blue whale, which can weigh 1,60,000 kg. Mammals always play a vital role in whichever ecosystem they live in and are important for maintaining services and functions associated with sustaining a balanced ecosystem. Many mammalian species are considered 'Indicator Species' as they can indicate changes in aspects of biodiversity.

**Global diversity:** The global mammal diversity includes ~6,500 extant species of 1,315 genera placed in 167 families of 28 orders (Table 1). Of these, over 70% of mammal species are smaller mammals belonging to the orders Rodentia (2,552 species), Chiroptera (1,388 species), and Eulipotyphla (527 species).

**Diversity in India:** Indian mammals account for 455 species of 201 genera placed in 50 families and 13 orders (7% global species) (Table 1 & 3). Among the 455 Indian mammal species, 419 are terrestrial and 36 are marine form (including 2 freshwater dolphin species). Of the 455 species, the chiropterans represent the maximum number of species (135) followed by rodents (110) and these two taxa jointly constitute 53% of the total Indian mammal species. Indian carnivores are also diverse having 59 species followed by artiodactyls (37), eulipotyphla (36), cetartiodactyls (35), primates (23), lagomorphs (10), perissodactyls (3), scandents (3), pholidots (2), proboscideans (1) and sirenians (1) (Fig. 1). The Indian mammals also account for 135 subspecies belonging to 69 species, 49 genera, 23 families and 9 orders (Table 4).

**Table 1. Number of genera and species of Mammals in the World and India** (Source Burgin *et al.* 2018).

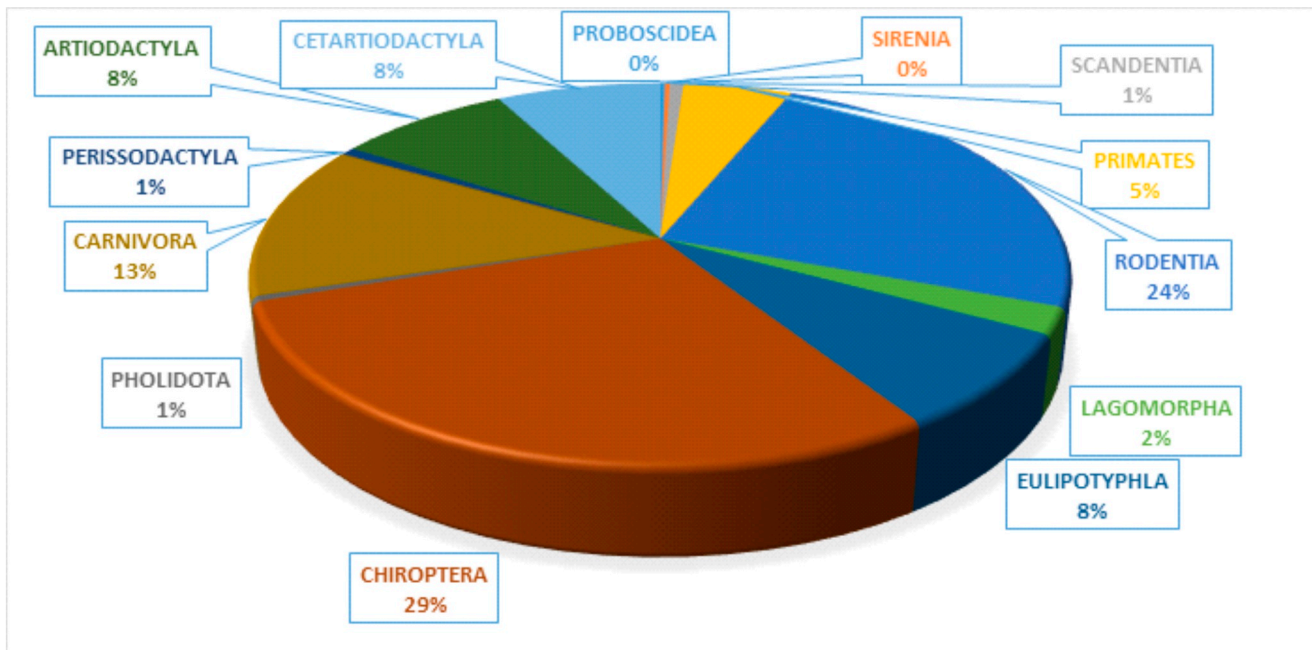
Class Mammalia	World		India	
	Genera	Species	Genera	Species
(1) Order Monotremata	3	5	-	-
Family Ornithorhynchidae	1	1	-	-
Family Tachyglossidae	2	4	-	-
(2) Order Didelphimorphia	18	111	-	-
Family Didelphidae	18	111	-	-

Class Mammalia	World		India	
	Genera	Species	Genera	Species
<b>(3) Order Paucituberculata</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	-	-
Family Caenolestidae	3	7	-	-
<b>(4) Order Microbiotheria</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	-	-
Family Microbiotheriidae	1	3	-	-
<b>(5) Order Notoryctemorphia</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	-	-
Family Notoryctidae	1	2	-	-
<b>(6) Order Dasyuromorpha</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>78</b>	-	-
Family Dasyuridae	17	76	-	-
Family Myrmecobiidae	1	1	-	-
Family Thylacinidae	1	1	-	-
<b>(7) Order Peramelemorphia</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>23</b>	-	-
Family Chaeropodidae	1	1	-	-
Family Peramelidae	6	20	-	-
Family Thylacomyidae	1	2	-	-
<b>(8) Order Diprotodontia</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>155</b>	-	-
Family Acrobatidae	2	3	-	-
Family Burramyidae	2	5	-	-
Family Hipsiprymmodontidae	1	1	-	-
Family Macropodidae	13	67	-	-
Family Petauridae	3	12	-	-
Family Phalangeridae	6	30	-	-
Family Phascolarctidae	1	1	-	-
Family Potoroidae	4	12	-	-
Family Pseudocheiridae	6	20	-	-
Family Tarsipedidae	1	1	-	-
Family Vombatidae	2	3	-	-
<b>(9) Order Tubulidentata</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	-	-
Family Orycteropodidae	1	1	-	-
<b>(10) Order Afrosoricida</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>55</b>	-	-
Family Chrysochloridae	10	21	-	-
Family Potamogalidae	2	3	-	-
Family Tenrecidae	8	31	-	-
<b>(11) Order Macroscelidea</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>	-	-
Family Macroscelididae	5	20	-	-
<b>(12) Order Hyracoidea</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	-	-
Family Procaviidae	3	5	-	-
<b>(13) Order Proboscidea</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Family Elephantidae	2	3	1	1
<b>(14) Order Sirenia</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Family Dugongidae	2	2	1	1
Family Trichechidae	1	3	-	-
<b>(15) Order Cingulata</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>20</b>	-	-
Family Chlamyphoridae	8	13	-	-
Family Dasypodidae	1	7	-	-
<b>(16) Order Pilosa</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	-	-
Family Bradypodidae	1	4	-	-
Family Cyclopedidae	1	1	-	-
Family Megalonychidae	1	2	-	-
Family Myrmecophagidae	2	3	-	-

Class Mammalia	World		India	
	Genera	Species	Genera	Species
<b>(17) Order Scandentia</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>
Family Ptilocercidae	1	1		
Family Tupaiidae	3	23	2	3
<b>(18) Order Dermoptera</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	-	-
Family Cynocephalidae	2	2	-	-
<b>(19) Order Primates</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>23</b>
Family Archaeolemuridae	1	2	-	-
Family Atelidae	4	25	-	-
Family Cebidae	11	89	-	-
Family Cercopithecidae	23	160	3	20
Family Cheirogaleidae	5	40	-	-
Family Daubentoniidae	1	1	-	-
Family Galagidae	6	20	-	-
Family Hominidae	4	7	-	-
Family Hylobatidae	4	20	1	1
Family Indriidae	3	19	-	-
Family Lemuridae	5	21	-	-
Family Lepilemuridae	1	26	-	-
Family Lorisidae	4	15	2	2
Family Megaladapidae	1	1	-	-
Family Palaeopropithecidae	1	1	-	-
Family Pitheciidae	7	58	-	-
Family Tarsiidae	3	13		
<b>(20) Order Lagomorpha</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>
Family Leporidae	11	67	2	4
Family Ochotonidae	1	30	1	6
Family Prolagidae	1	1	-	-
<b>(21) Order Rodentia</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>110</b>
Family Abrocomidae	2	10	-	-
Family Anomaluridae	2	6	-	-
Family Aplodontiidae	1	1	-	-
Family Bathyergidae	5	21	-	-
Family Calomyscidae	1	8	-	-
Family Capromyidae	7	17	-	-
Family Castoridae	1	2	-	-
Family Caviidae	6	21	-	-
Family Chinchillidae	3	7	-	-
Family Cricetidae	145	792	7	13
Family Ctenodactylidae	4	5	-	-
Family Ctenomyidae	1	69	-	-
Family Cuniculidae	1	2	-	-
Family Dasyproctidae	2	15	-	-
Family Diatomyidae	1	1	-	-
Family Dinomyidae	1	1	-	-
Family Dipodidae	13	37	1	1
Family Echimyidae	25	93	-	-
Family Erethizontidae	3	17	-	-
Family Geomyidae	7	41	-	-
Family Gliridae	9	29	-	-

Class Mammalia	World		India	
	Genera	Species	Genera	Species
Family Heterocephalidae	1	1	-	-
Family Heteromyidae	5	66	-	-
Family Hystricidae	3	11	2	3
Family Muridae	157	834	22	55
Family Nesomyidae	21	68	-	-
Family Octodontidae	7	14	-	-
Family Pedetidae	1	2	-	-
Family Petromuridae	1	1	-	-
Family Platacanthomyidae	2	5	1	1
Family Sciuridae	62	298	13	35
Family Sminthidae	1	14	-	-
Family Spalacidae	7	28	2	2
Family Thryonomyidae	1	2	-	-
Family Zapodidae	3	12	-	-
Family Zenkerellidae	1	1	-	-
<b>(22) Order Eulipotyphla</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>36</b>
Family Erinaceidae	10	24	2	3
Family Nesophontidae	1	6	-	-
Family Solenodontidae	1	3	-	-
Family Soricidae	26	440	9	30
Family Talpidae	18	54	2	2
<b>(23) Order Chiroptera</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>1,388</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>135</b>
Family Cistugidae	1	2	-	-
Family Craseonycteridae	1	1	-	-
Family Emballonuridae	14	54	2	6
Family Furipteridae	2	2	-	-
Family Hipposideridae	7	88	3	17
Family Megadermatidae	5	6	2	2
Family Miniopteridae	1	36	1	5
Family Molossididae	19	122	3	4
Family Mormoopidae	2	17	-	-
Family Mystacinidae	1	2	-	-
Family Myzopodidae	1	2	-	-
Family Natalidae	3	11	-	-
Family Noctilionidae	1	2	-	-
Family Nycteridae	1	16	-	-
Family Phyllostomidae	62	214	-	-
Family Pteropodidae	45	197	8	12
Family Rhinolophidae	1	103	1	21
Family Rhinonycteridae	4	9	-	-
Family Rhinopomatidae	1	6	1	2
Family Thyropteridae	1	5	-	-
Family Vespertilionidae	54	493	25	66
<b>(24) Order Carnivora</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>59</b>
Family Ailuridae	1	2	1	2
Family Canidae	13	39	3	6
Family Eupleridae	7	8	-	-
Family Felidae	14	42	9	15
Family Herpestidae	16	36	1	6

Class Mammalia	World		India	
	Genera	Species	Genera	Species
Family Hyaenidae	3	4	1	1
Family Mephitidae	4	12	-	-
Family Mustelidae	23	64	6	16
Family Nandiniidae	1	1	-	-
Family Odobenidae	1	1	-	-
Family Otariidae	7	16	-	-
Family Phocidae	14	19	-	-
Family Prionodontidae	1	2	1	1
Family Procyonidae	6	14	-	-
Family Ursidae	5	8	3	4
Family Viverridae	14	37	6	8
<b>(25) Order Pholidota</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
Family Manidae	3	8	1	2
<b>(26) Order Perissodactyla</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>
Family Equidae	1	12	1	2
Family Rhinocerotidae	4	5	1	1
Family Tapiridae	3	4	-	-
<b>(27) Order Artiodactyla</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>37</b>
Family Antilocapridae	1	1	-	-
Family Bovidae	54	297	16	21
Family Camelidae	2	7	-	-
Family Cervidae	18	93	5	09
Family Eschrichtiidae	1	1	-	-
Family Giraffidae	2	5	-	-
Family Hippopotamidae	2	4	-	-
Family Moschidae	1	7	1	4
Family Neobalaenidae	1	1	-	-
Family Suidae	6	28	2	2
Family Tayassuidae	3	5	-	-
Family Tragulidae	3	10	1	1
<b>(28) Order Cetartiodactyla</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>35</b>
Family Balaenidae	2	4	-	-
Family Balaenopteridae	2	8	2	8
Family Delphinidae	17	40	13	17
Family Iniidae	1	3	-	-
Family Kogiidae	1	2	-	-
Family Lipotidae	1	1	-	-
Family Monodontidae	2	2	-	-
Family Phocoenidae	3	7	1	1
Family Physeteridae	2	3	2	3
Family Platanistidae	1	2	1	2
Family Pontoporiidae	1	1	-	-
Family Ziphiidae	6	22	3	4
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,315</b>	<b>6,500</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>455</b>



**Figure 1.** The percentage frequency of Indian mammal species in different orders.

**Diversity in States and Union Territories:** Out of 455 mammalian species recorded from India, the Indian States viz., Meghalaya (163 species), West Bengal (161 species), Arunachal Pradesh (142 species), Tamil Nadu (139 species), Assam (138 species), Sikkim (137 species) and Kerala (134 species) are having the maximum number of species; the highest mammalian diversity of the Indian Union Territories are Andaman & Nicobar Islands (68 species), Ladakh (59 species), Delhi (38 species), Chandigarh (36 species), Dadra Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu (30 species). Out of 52 endemic mammal species in India, Tamil Nadu (23 species), Karnataka (19 species) and Kerala (19 species) states have high numbers of endemic species in the country (**Table 2**).

**Table 2.** Number of species/endemic species of Mammals in the Indian States and Union Territories

Sl. No.	State/Union Territory	No. Species	No. Endemic Species
1	Andhra Pradesh	109	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	142	1
3	Assam	138	2
4	Bihar	82	5
5	Chhattisgarh	62	3
6	Gujarat	100	5
7	Goa	66	5
8	Haryana	51	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	106	0
10	Jharkhand	68	3
11	Karnataka	128	19
12	Kerala	134	19
13	Madhya Pradesh	87	5
14	Maharashtra	111	10
15	Manipur	107	2
16	Meghalaya	163	4
17	Mizoram	93	1

Sl. No.	State/Union Territory	No. Species	No. Endemic Species
18	Nagaland	99	1
19	Odisha	102	3
20	Punjab	59	0
21	Rajasthan	85	3
22	Sikkim	137	0
23	Tamil Nadu	139	23
24	Telangana	59	5
25	Tripura	67	0
26	Uttar Pradesh	73	1
27	Uttarakhand	128	2
28	West Bengal	161	2
29	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	68	12
30	Chandigarh	36	0
31	Dadra Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu	30	0
32	Delhi	38	0
33	Jammu & Kashmir	84	0
34	Ladakh	59	0
35	Lakshadweep Islands	22	0
36	Puducherry	25	4
	<b>Total (India)</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>53</b>

**Endemism:** 53 species are endemic to India (Table 2 & 3). High endemism is reported from the Western Ghats hill streams of Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Karnataka, and Andaman & Nicobar Islands. Three genera such as *Anathana*, *Latidens* and *Nilgiritragus* are monotypic and found only in India.

**Habitat:** Ecologically, mammals are found on all continents, in all oceans, and on many oceanic islands of the world. Different mammalian species have evolved to live in almost all terrestrial and aquatic habitats on the Earth. The greatest majority of mammals in the world live in terrestrial environments, only 1.6 % of mammals live in marine habitats.

**Ecological Significance:** Mammals always play crucial roles in all ecosystems by performing a broad range of key functions viz., primary and secondary consumers in food chains and food webs, landscapers, seed dispersers, pollinators, regulators of insect-pest populations, etc.

**Human Significance:** Mammals are generally considered as 'Indicator Species' to the aspects of biodiversity, as their presence or absence or abundance indicates the health of the ecosystem.

**Threatened species:** As per the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species, among Indian mammals, 8 species are Critically Endangered, 43 species are Endangered, 45 species are Vulnerable, 30 species are Near Threatened, 254 species are Least Concerned, 36 species are Data Deficient and 39 species are Not Accessed (Table 3).

**Protected Species as per IWPA:** The Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 2022 listed the Indian mammalian species under two Schedules (I & II): Schedule I (190 species) and Schedule II (36 species) (Table 3).



**Species under CITES:** The CITES listed 69 species in Appendix I, 52 in Appendix II and 27 in Appendix III (Table 3).

**Invasive alien species:** No wild mammal species are reported to be invasive in the country.

**Gap areas:** Smaller mammals, especially those from Orders Rodentia, Chiroptera, and Eulipotyphla, are poorly surveyed and studied. An integrative approach is required to determine the species diversity of smaller mammals.

**Review of literature:** The first systematic review of all mammals of the world was produced by Trouessart (1897-1905), following this, several revisionary studies on world mammals were conducted viz. Simpson and Gaylord, 1945; Walker, 1964; Nowak, 1991, 1999; Sokolov 1973-79, Corbett and Hill, 1980; McKenna and Bell, 1997, etc. The diversity and taxonomy of Indian mammals dealt in several publications (Pocock, 1939; 1941; Ellerman and Morrison Scott, 1951; Corbet and Hill, 1992; Alfred et al., 2002; Nameer, 2008; Srinivasulu and Srinivasulu, 2012; Sharma et al, 2015; Kamalakannan and Venkataraman, 2017; Johnsingh and Manjrekar, 2015; Menon, 2023 etc.). However, because of taxonomic changes and recent additions of several species to the mammalian fauna of India, an effort has been made to compile an up-to-date checklist of the mammals of India with state-wise distribution data and conservation status (Table 3).

Table 3. Checklist of Mammals species of India with their distribution and conservation status.

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>I. Order: PROBOSCIDEA</b>						
1.	Asiatic Elephant <i>Elephas maximus</i> Linnaeus, 1758	North-eastern and southern India, Bihar, Jharkhand, Odisha, Uttarakhnad, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	EN	I	I
<b>II. Order: SIRENIA</b>						
<b>2. Family: Dugongidae (Dugongs)</b>						
2.	Dugong <i>Dugong dugon</i> (Muller, 1776)	Recorded from Andaman & Nicobar Is., Gulf of Mannar, Palk Bay and Gulf of Kachchh	Tropical coastal waters of north the and west Pacific Oceans and Coastal and Island waters between East Africa and Vanuatu	VU	I	I
<b>III. Order: SCANDENTIA</b>						
<b>3. Family: Tupaiidae (Tree Shrews)</b>						
3.	Madras Treeshrew <i>Anathana ellioti</i> (Waterhouse, 1850)	South of Ganges river, eastern, central, south-western and southern parts of peninsular India	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	II	II
4.	Northern Treeshrew <i>Tupaia belangeri</i> (Wagner, 1841)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand, Viet Nam and associated coastal Is.	LC	I	II
5.	Nicobar Treeshrew <i>Tupaia nicobarica</i> (Zelebor, 1869)	Andaman & Nicobar Is. (Great Nicobar and Little Nicobar Is.)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	II
6.	Gray Slender Loris <i>Loris lydekkerianus</i> Cabrera, 1908	Eastern Ghats to Mangalore, Karnataka and Malabar Coast from Goa to Trivandrum, Kerala	Sri Lanka	NT	I	II

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>IV. Order: PRIMATES</b>						
<b>4. Family: Lorisidae (Lorises)</b>						
7.	<b>Bengal Slow Loris</b> <i>Nycticebus bengalensis</i> (Lacepede, 1800)	North-eastern India and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam	EN	I	I
<b>5. Family: Cercopitheciidae (Old World Monkeys)</b>						
8.	<b>Stump-tailed Macaque</b> <i>Macaca arctoides</i> (I. Geoffroy, 1831)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh east-wards to Viet Nam, North East to China and Malaysia	VU	I	II
9.	<b>Assamese Macaque</b> <i>Macaca assamensis</i> (Mc Clelland, 1840)	North-eastern India, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Nepal to Viet Nam and China	NT	I	II
10.	<b>Long-tailed Macaque</b> <i>Macaca fascicularis</i> (Raffles, 1821)	Andaman & Nicobar Is. (Katchal, Little Nicobar & Great Nicobar Is.)	Cambodia, Myanmar to Indonesia, Laos, Philippines and Viet Nam	VU	I	II
11.	<b>Northern Pig-tailed Macaque</b> <i>Macaca leonina</i> (Blyth, 1863)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	II
12.	<b>White-checked Macaque</b> <i>Macaca leucogenys</i> Li <i>et al.</i> , 2015	Arunachal Pradesh	China (South-eastern Tibet)	NA	I	II
13.	<b>Rhesus Macaque</b> <i>Macaca mulatta</i> (Zimmermann, 1780)	North and North-eastern India except for the Himalayas and deserts, Central and South India upto Krishna river (Telangana-Andhra Pradesh border)	Afghanistan, Nepal, Pakistan and Bhutan to Thailand including China	LC	-	II
14.	<b>Arunachal Macaque</b> <i>Macaca munzala</i> Sinha <i>et al.</i> , 2005	Arunachal Pradesh	Bhutan and China	EN	I	II

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
15.	<b>Bonnet Macaque</b> <i>Macaca radiata</i> (E. Geoffroy, 1812)	Southern India, Goa, Gujarat and Maharashtra	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	I	II
16.	<b>Sela Macaque</b> <i>Macaca setai</i> Ghosh <i>et al.</i> , 2022	Arunachal Pradesh	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NA	I	II
17.	<b>Lion-tailed Macaque</b> <i>Macaca silenus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	I
18.	<b>Kashmir Gray Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus ajax</i> (Pocock, 1928)	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	Nepal	EN	I	I
19.	<b>Northern Plains Gray Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus entellus</i> (Dufresne, 1797)	Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	China, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	II	I
20.	<b>Tarai Gray Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus hector</i> (Pocock, 1928)	Himalayan terai of Bihar, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Bhutan and Nepal	NT	I	I
21.	<b>Black-footed Gray Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus hypoleucos</i> Blyth, 1841	Southern India and Maharashtra	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	I	I
22.	<b>Nilgiri Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus johnii</i> (J. Fischer, 1829)	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu (restricted to Western Ghats)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	I	II
23.	<b>Tufted Gray Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus priam</i> Blyth, 1844	Southern India	Sri Lanka	NT	I	I

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
24.	<b>Nepal Gray Langur</b> <i>Semnopithecus schistaceus</i> Hodgson, 1840	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Bhutan, China, Nepal and Pakistan	LC	I	I
25.	<b>Gee's Golden Langur</b> <i>Trachypithecus geei</i> Khajuria, 1956	Himalayan foothills along Assam- Bhutan border between Sankosh and Manas rivers	Bhutan	EN	I	I
26.	<b>Phayre's Leaf-monkey</b> <i>Trachypithecus phayrei</i> (Blyth, 1847)	Assam, Mizoram and Tripura	Bangladesh, China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	EN	I	II
27.	<b>Capped Langur</b> <i>Trachypithecus pileatus</i> (Blyth, 1843)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Bhutan and Myanmar	VU	I	I
<b>6. Family: Hylobatidae (Gibbons)</b>						
28.	<b>Hoolock Gibbon</b> <i>Hoolock hoolock</i> (Harlan, 1834)	North-eastern India	China, Bangladesh and Myanmar	EN	I	I
<b>V. Order: RODENTIA</b>						
<b>7. Family: Scuridae (Squirrels)</b>						
29.	<b>Black Giant Squirrel</b> <i>Ratufa bicolor</i> (Sparrmann, 1778)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Meghalaya, Nagaland and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	NT	I	II
30.	<b>Indian Giant Squirrel</b> <i>Ratufa indica</i> (Erxleben, 1777)	Southern, eastern and Central India and Gujarat and Maharashtra	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	I	II
31.	<b>Grizzled Giant Squirrel</b> <i>Ratufa macroura</i> Pennant, 1769	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	NT	I	II

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
32.	<b>Hairy-footed Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Belomys pearsonii</i> (Gray, 1842)	Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	DD	I	
33.	<b>Namdhapa Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Biswamoyopterus biswasi</i> Saha, 1981	Arunachal Pradesh (Namdhapa National Park)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	I	-
34.	<b>Kashmir Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Eoglaucomyx fimbriatus</i> (Gray, 1837)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir Punjab and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan and Pakistan	LC	-	-
35.	<b>Woolly Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Eupetaurus cinereus</i> Thomas, 1888	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	Afghanistan, China and Pakistan	EN	I	-
36.	<b>Tibetan Woolly Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Eupetaurus tibetensis</i> Jackson <i>et al.</i> , 2021	Sikkim	China and Bhutan	NA	I	-
37.	<b>Parti-Coloured Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Hylomys alboniger</i> (Hodgson, 1836)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
38.	<b>Indochinese Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Hylomys phayrei</i> Blyth, 1859	North-eastern India	China, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
39.	<b>White-bellied Giant Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Petaurista albiventer</i> (Gray, 1834)	Jammu & Kashmir to Arunachal Pradesh	Nepal, China and Thailand	NA	I	
40.	<b>Red and white Giant Flying Squirrel</b> <i>Petaurista alborufus</i> Milne-Edwards, 1870	North-eastern India	China, Myanmar and Thailand	LC	I	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
41.	Gray-headed Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista caniceps</i> (Gray, 1842)	Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim and West Bengal	Nepal, Bhutan and China	NA	I	-
42.	Hodgson's Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista magnificus</i> (Hodgson, 1836)	Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, China and Nepal	LC	I	-
43.	Indochinese Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista marica</i> Thomas, 1912	Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	NA	I	-
44.	Mechuka Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista mechukaensis</i> Choudhury, 2009	Arunachal Pradesh (this species described based on a single skin each, collected from the hunters by the researcher)	Not known (added to the Global Mammal Diversity database by Burgin <i>et al.</i> )	DD	I	-
45.	Mishmi Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista mishmiensis</i> Choudhury, 2009	Arunachal Pradesh (this species described based on a single skin each, collected from the hunters by the researcher)	Not known (added to the Global Mammal Diversity database by Burgin <i>et al.</i> )	DD	I	-
46.	Bhutan Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista nobilis</i> (Gray, 1842)	Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan and Nepal	NT	I	-
47.	Red Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista petaurista</i> (Pallas, 1766)	From Jammu & Kashmir to Arunachal Pradesh	Afghanistan, Brunei Darussalam, China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal and Thailand	LC	I	-
48.	Indian Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista philippensis</i> (Elliot, 1839)	Southern India, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Goa, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan and West Bengal	China, Laos, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
49.	Mebo Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista siangensis</i> Choudhury, 2013	Arunachal Pradesh (this species described based on a single skin each, collected from the hunters by the researcher)	Not known (added to the Global Mammal Diversity database by Burgin <i>et al.</i> )	NA	I	-
50.	Chindwin Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista sybilla</i> Thomas & Wroughton, 1916	Arunachal Pradesh	Myanmar and China	NA	I	-
51.	Travancore Flying Squirrel <i>Petinomys fuscocapillus</i> (Jerdon, 1847)	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	LC	I	-
52.	Pallas's Squirrel <i>Callosciurus erythraeus</i> (Pallas, 1779)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
53.	Irrawady Squirrel <i>Callosciurus pygerythrus</i> (I. Geoffroy Saint Hilaire, 1833)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	-	-
54.	Orange-bellied Himalayan Squirrel <i>Dremomys lokriah</i> (Hodgson, 1836)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	II	-
55.	Perny's Long-nosed Squirrel <i>Dremomys pernyi</i> (Milne-Edwards, 1867)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Manipur	China, Myanmar, Taiwan and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
56.	Asian Red-cheeked Squirrel <i>Dremomys rufigenis</i> (Blanford, 1878)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Nagaland	China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-



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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
49.	Mebo Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista siangensis</i> Choudhury, 2013	Arunachal Pradesh (this species described based on a single skin each, collected from the hunters by the researcher)	Not known (added to the Global Mammal Diversity database by Burgin <i>et al.</i> )	NA	I	-
50.	Chindwin Giant Flying Squirrel <i>Petaurista sybilla</i> Thomas & Wroughton, 1916	Arunachal Pradesh	Myanmar and China	NA	I	-
51.	Travancore Flying Squirrel <i>Petinomys fuscocapillus</i> (Jerdon, 1847)	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	LC	I	-
52.	Pallas's Squirrel <i>Callosciurus erythraeus</i> (Pallas, 1779)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
53.	Irrawady Squirrel <i>Callosciurus pygerythrus</i> (I. Geoffroy Saint Hilaire, 1833)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	-	-
54.	Orange-bellied Himalayan Squirrel <i>Dremomys lokriah</i> (Hodgson, 1836)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	II	-
55.	Perny's Long-nosed Squirrel <i>Dremomys pernyi</i> (Milne-Edwards, 1867)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Manipur	China, Myanmar, Taiwan and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
56.	Asian Red-cheeked Squirrel <i>Dremomys rufigenis</i> (Blanford, 1878)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Nagaland	China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
57.	<b>Indian Palm Squirrel</b> <i>Funambulus palmarum</i> (Linnaeus, 1766)	Southern India, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha and Rajasthan	Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
58.	<b>Dusky Striped Squirrel</b> <i>Funambulus sublineatus</i> (Waterhouse, 1838)	Western Ghats (south of Kodagu) in Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	VU	-	-
59.	<b>Jungle Palm Squirrel</b> <i>Funambulus tristriatus</i> (Waterhouse, 1837)	Western Ghats in Karnataka, Kerala, Goa, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	II	-
60.	<b>Northern Palm Squirrel</b> <i>Funambulus pennantii</i> Wroughton, 1905	Central, north and North-eastern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Karnataka	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Iran, Nepal and Pakistan	LC	-	-
61.	<b>Himalayan Striped Squirrel</b> <i>Tamias macclellandi</i> (Horsfield, 1840)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
62.	<b>Long-tailed Marmot</b> <i>Marmota caudata</i> (Geoffroy, 1844)	Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Nepal, China and Pakistan	LC	I	III
63.	<b>Himalayan Marmot</b> <i>Marmota himalayana</i> (Hodgson, 1841)	Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Nepal, China and Pakistan	LC	I	III
<b>8. Family: Dipodidae (Birch Mice)</b>						
64.	<b>Chinese Birch Mouse</b> <i>Sicista concolor</i> (Buchner, 1892)	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	China and Pakistan	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>9. Family: Platacanthomyidae (Tree Mice)</b>						
65.	<b>Spiny Tree Mouse</b> <i>Platacanthomys lasiurus</i> Blyth, 1859	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	II	-
<b>10. Family: Spalacidae (Spalacids)</b>						
66.	<b>Lesser Bamboo Rat</b> <i>Cannomys badius</i> (Hodgson, 1841)	North-eastern India, Bihar and West Bengal	Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
67.	<b>Hoary Bamboo Rat</b> <i>Rhizomys pruinosus</i> Blyth, 1851	North-eastern India	Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
<b>11. Family: Cricetidae (New World Rodents)</b>						
68.	<b>White-tailed Mountain Vole</b> <i>Aticola albicauda</i> (True, 1894)	Jammu & Kashmir	Pakistan	DD	-	-
69.	<b>Silver Mountain Vole</b> <i>Aticola argentatus</i> (Severtzov, 1879)	Jammu & Kashmir	Afghanistan, China, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan	LC	-	-
70.	<b>Kashmir Mountain Vole</b> <i>Aticola montosus</i> (True, 1894)	Jammu & Kashmir	Pakistan	VU	-	-
71.	<b>Royle's Mountain Vole</b> <i>Aticola roylei</i> (Gray, 1842)	Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NT	II	-
72.	<b>Stoliczka's Mountain Vole</b> <i>Aticola stoliczkanus</i> (Blanford, 1875)	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	China and Nepal	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
73.	<b>Yunnan Red-backed Vole</b> <i>Eothenomys eleusis</i> (Thomas, 1911)	Arunachal Pradesh	China, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	NA	-	-
74.	<b>Subalpine Kashmir Vole</b> <i>Hyperacrius fertilis</i> (True, 1894)	Jammu & Kashmir	Pakistan	NT	-	-
75.	<b>Conifer Kashmir Vole</b> <i>Hyperacrius wynnei</i> (Blanford, 1881)	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	Pakistan	LC	-	-
76.	<b>Sikkim Mountain Vole</b> <i>Neodon sikimensis</i> Horsfield, 1841	Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, China and Nepal	LC	-	-
77.	<b>Blyth's Mountain Vole</b> <i>Neodon leucurus</i> Blyth, 1863	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	China and Nepal	LC	-	-
78.	<b>Ladakh Dwarf Hamster</b> <i>Urocrictetus alticola</i> Thomas, 1917	Jammu & Kashmir	China and Nepal	LC	-	-
79.	<b>Gray Dwarf Hamster</b> <i>Nothocricetulus migratorius</i> (Pallas, 1773)	Jammu & Kashmir	Distributed from Eastern Europe through Russia and Central Asia to Mongolia and Western China	LC	-	-
80.	<b>Desert Hamster</b> <i>Phodopus roborovskii</i> (Satunin, 1903)	Ladakh	China, Kazakhstan, Mongolia and Russia	LC	-	-
<b>12. Family: Muridae (Old World Rodents)</b>						
81.	<b>Indian Hairy Footed Gerbil</b> <i>Gerbillus gleadowi</i> Murray, 1886	Gujarat, Rajasthan and Punjab	Pakistan	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
82.	<b>Baluchistan Gerbil</b> <i>Gerbillus nanus</i> Blanford, 1875	Rajasthan and Gujarat	Afghanistan, Algeria, Chad, Iran, Iraq, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen	LC	-	-
83.	<b>Indian Desert Jird</b> <i>Meriones hurrianae</i> Jerdon, 1867	Gujarat, Haryana, Punjab and Rajasthan	Iran and Pakistan	LC	-	-
84.	<b>Indian Gerbil</b> <i>Tatera indica</i> (Hardwicke, 1807)	Throughout India except for North-eastern India, high altitudes of the Himalayas and Sikkim	Afghanistan, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Syrian Arab Republic and Turkey	LC	-	-
85.	<b>Yunnan Field Mouse</b> <i>Apodemus ilex</i> Thomas, 1922	Arunachal Pradesh	China and Myanmar	NA	-	-
86.	<b>Large-eared Field Mouse</b> <i>Apodemus latronum</i> Thomas, 1911	Arunachal Pradesh	China and Myanmar	LC	-	-
87.	<b>Himalayan Field Mouse</b> <i>Apodemus pallipes</i> (Barrett-Hamilton, 1900)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan, China, Kyrgyzstan, Nepal, Pakistan and Tajikistan	LC	-	-
88.	<b>Kashmir Field Mouse</b> <i>Apodemus rusiges</i> Miller, 1913	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Uttarakhand	Pakistan	LC	-	-
89.	<b>Lesser Bandicoot Rat</b> <i>Bandicota bengalensis</i> (Gray, 1835)	Almost throughout the country	Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Thailand	LC	-	-
90.	<b>Greater Bandicoot Rat</b> <i>Bandicota indica</i> (Bechstein, 1800)	Almost throughout the country	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
91.	<b>Bower's Berylmys</b> <i>Berylmys bowersii</i> (Anderson, 1879)	North-eastern India	China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
92.	<b>Mackenzie's Berylmys</b> <i>Berylmys mackenziei</i> (Thomas, 1916)	Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya and Nagaland	China, Myanmar and Viet Nam	DD	-	-
93.	<b>Manipur Berylmys</b> <i>Berylmys manipulus</i> (Thomas, 1916)	Assam, Manipur and Nagaland	China and Myanmar	DD	-	-
94.	<b>Indomalayan Pencil-tailed Tree Mouse</b> <i>Chiroptomys gliroides</i> (Blyth, 1856)	North-eastern India	Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
95.	<b>Cutch Rock Rat</b> <i>Cremnomys cutchicus</i> Wroughton, 1912	Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Rajasthan and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	II	-
96.	<b>Large Rock Rat</b> <i>Cremnomys elvira</i> (Ellerman, 1946)	Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	I	-
97.	<b>Millard's Daenomys</b> <i>Daenomys millardi</i> Thomas, 1916	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Nagaland and West Bengal	China, Laos, Nepal and Viet Nam	DD	-	-
98.	<b>Crump's Diomys</b> <i>Diomys crumpi</i> Thomas, 1917	Assam, Bihar and Manipur	Myanmar and Nepal	DD	-	-
99.	<b>Indian Bush Rat</b> <i>Golunda ellioti</i> Gray, 1837	Almost throughout the country	Iran, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
100.	<b>Hume's Hadromys</b> <i>Hadromys hucutmei</i> (Thomas, 1886)	Assam and Manipur	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
101.	<b>Edward's Rat</b> <i>Leopoldamys edwardsi</i> (Thomas, 1882)	Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Sikkim and West Bengal	China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
102.	<b>Herbert's Long-tailed Giant Rat</b> <i>Leopoldamys herberti</i> Kloss, 1916	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Viet Nam, Cambodia	NA	-	-
103.	<b>Blanford's Rat</b> <i>Madromys blanfordi</i> (Thomas, 1881)	Southern India, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha and West Bengal	Bangladesh and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
104.	<b>Indochinese Harvest Mouse</b> <i>Micromys erythrotis</i> Blyth, 1856	Assam, Meghalaya and Nagaland	China, Taiwan, Myanmar, Laos and Viet Nam	NA	-	-
105.	<b>Sand-colored Metad</b> <i>Millardia gleadowi</i> (Murray, 1885)	Gujarat and Rajasthan	Pakistan	LC	-	-
106.	<b>Large Metad</b> <i>Millardia kondana</i> Mishra & Dhanda, 1975	Maharashtra	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
107.	<b>Common Metad</b> <i>Millardia meliata</i> (Gray, 1837)	Throughout the country except for North-eastern India	Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
108.	<b>Little Indian Field Mouse</b> <i>Mus booduga</i> (Gray, 1837)	Almost throughout the country	Bangladesh, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
109.	<b>Fawn-colored Mouse</b> <i>Mus cervicolor</i> Hodgson, 1845	North-eastern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
110.	<b>Cook's Mouse</b> <i>Mus cookii</i> Ryley, 1914	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Manipur, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC		
111.	<b>Bonhote's Mouse</b> <i>Mus famulus</i> Bonhote, 1898	Kerala and Tamil Nadu (fragmented locations of Western Ghats)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
112.	<b>House Mouse</b> <i>Mus musculus</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Almost throughout the country	Spread throughout most of the world association with human beings	LC	-	-
113.	<b>Sikkim Mouse</b> <i>Mus pahari</i> Thomas, 1916	Sikkim, West Bengal and North-eastern India	Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
114.	<b>Phillips's Mouse</b> <i>Mus phillipsi</i> Wroughton, 1912	Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	-	-
115.	<b>Flat-haired Mouse</b> <i>Mus playthrix</i> Bennett, 1832	Southern India, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan and West Bengal	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	-	-
116.	<b>Elliot's Spiny Mouse</b> <i>Mus saxicola</i> Elliot, 1839	Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Punjab, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Nepal and Pakistan	LC	-	-
117.	<b>Earth-colored Mouse</b> <i>Mus terricolor</i> Blyth, 1851	Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Odisha, Punjab and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Nepal, Pakistan and Indonesia	LC	-	-
118.	<b>Short-tailed Mole Rat</b> <i>Nesokia indica</i> (Gray, 1830)	Bihar, Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Distributed in North Africa, the Middle East, Central Asia, South Asia and China	LC	-	-
119.	<b>Brahman Niviventer</b> <i>Niviventer brahma</i> (Thomas, 1914)	Arunachal Pradesh and Assam	China and Myanmar	LC	-	-



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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
120.	<b>Smoke-bellied Niviventer</b> <i>Niviventer eta</i> (Wroughton, 1916)	Sikkim and West Bengal	China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	-	-
121.	<b>Chestnut Rat</b> <i>Niviventer fulvescens</i> (Gray, 1847)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Laos, Macao, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal and Thailand	LC	-	-
122.	<b>Himalayan Niviventer</b> <i>Niviventer niviventer</i> (Hodgson, 1836)	North-eastern India, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bhutan and Nepal	LC	-	-
123.	<b>Indochinese Arboreal Niviventer</b> <i>Chitomyscus langbianis</i> (Robinson & Kloss, 1922)	Assam	China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
124.	<b>Indochinese Forest Rat</b> <i>Rattus andamanensis</i> (Blyth, 1860)	Andaman & Nicobar Is., Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Nagaland and Sikkim	Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
125.	<b>Miller's Nicobar Rat</b> <i>Rattus burrus</i> (Miller, 1902)	Andaman & Nicobar Is. (Nicobar group of Is.)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
126.	<b>Himalayan Rat</b> <i>Rattus riitatus</i> (Hodgson, 1845)	North-eastern India, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand, Viet Nam, Indonesia, Palau and Philippines	LC	-	-
127.	<b>Car Nicobar Rat</b> <i>Rattus palmarum</i> (Zelevor, 1869)	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	II	-
128.	<b>Himalayan Rat</b> <i>Rattus pyctoris</i> (Hodgson, 1845)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan	LC	-	-
129.	<b>Ranjini's Rat</b> <i>Rattus ranjinae</i> Agrawal & Ghosal, 1969	Kerala	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
130.	<b>Common House Rat</b> <i>Rattus rattus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Almost throughout the country	Introduced worldwide in the tropics and temperate zones	LC	-	-
131.	<b>Sahyadris Forest Rat</b> <i>Rattus satarae</i> Hinton, 1918	Western Ghats in Karnataka, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	II	-
132.	<b>Andaman Archipelago Rat</b> <i>Rattus stoicus</i> (Miller, 1902)	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	II	-
133.	<b>Oriental House Rat</b> <i>Rattus tanezumi</i> (Temminck, 1844)	North-eastern India and Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Widespread in eastern, southern and South-eastern Asia	LC	-	-
134.	<b>Nilgiri Vandeleuria</b> <i>Vandeleuria nilagiricus</i> Jerdon, 1867	Western Ghats in Karnataka and Tamil Nadu (Nilgiris, Bramhagiri and Pushpagiri areas)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
135.	<b>Indomalayan Vandeleuria</b> <i>Vandeleuria oleraceus</i> (Bennett, 1832)	Almost throughout the country	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
<b>13. Family: Hystricidae (Old World Porcupines)</b>						
136.	<b>Asiatic Brush-tailed Porcupine</b> <i>Atherurus macrourus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Meghalaya	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	-
137.	<b>Himalayan Crestless Porcupine</b> <i>Hystrix brachypura</i> Linnaeus, 1758	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	-
138.	<b>Indian Crested Porcupine</b> <i>Hystrix indica</i> Kerr, 1792	Almost throughout the country	South and Central Asia	LC	I	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>VI. Order: LAGOMORPHA</b>						
<b>14. Family: Ochotonidae (Pikas)</b>						
139.	<b>Pleteau Pika</b> <i>Ochotona curzoniae</i> (Hodgson, 1858)	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	China and Nepal	LC	-	-
140.	<b>Ladakh Pika</b> <i>Ochotona ladacensis</i> (Günther, 1875)	Jammu & Kashmir	China and Pakistan	LC	-	-
141.	<b>Large-eared Pika</b> <i>Ochotona macrotis</i> (Günther, 1875)	Arunachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	China and Pakistan	LC	-	-
142.	<b>Nubra Pika</b> <i>Ochotona nubrica</i> Thomas, 1922	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	China	LC	-	-
143.	<b>Royle's Pika</b> <i>Ochotona roylei</i> (Ogilby, 1839)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	China and Pakistan	LC	I	-
144.	<b>Sijin Pika</b> <i>Ochotona sikimaria</i> (Thomas, 1922)	Sikkim	Bhutan, China and Myanmar	NA	-	-
<b>15. Family: Leporidae (Hares and Rabbits)</b>						
145.	<b>Hispid Hare</b> <i>Caprolagus hispidus</i> (Pearson, 1839)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Bangladesh and Nepal	EN	I	I
146.	<b>Indian Hare</b> <i>Lepus nigricollis</i> F. Cuvier, 1823	Almost throughout the country	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Indonesia, Mauritius, Reunion, Pakistan, Nepal, Seychelles and Sri Lanka	LC	II	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
147.	<b>Desert Hare</b> <i>Lepus tibetanus</i> Waterhouse, 1841	Jammu & Kashmir	Afghanistan, China, Mongolia and Pakistan	LC	II	-
148.	<b>Woolly Hare</b> <i>Lepus oiostolus</i> Hodgson, 1840	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	China, Nepal and Pakistan	LC	II	-
<b>VII. Order: EULIPOTYPHILA</b>						
<b>16. Family: Erinaceidae (Hedgehogs)</b>						
149.	<b>Indian Long-eared Hedgehog</b> <i>Hemiechinus collaris</i> (Gray, 1830)	Gujarat, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh	Pakistan	LC	II	-
150.	<b>Indian Hedgehog</b> <i>Paraechinus micropus</i> (Blyth, 1846)	Gujarat, Haryana, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh	Pakistan	LC	II	-
151.	<b>Bare-bellied Hedgehog</b> <i>Paraechinus nudiventris</i> (Horsfield, 1851)	Andhra Pradesh, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	II	-
<b>17. Family: Soricidae (Shrews)</b>						
152.	<b>Andaman Shrew</b> <i>Crocidura andamanensis</i> Miller, 1902	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	I	-
153.	<b>Asian Gray Shrew</b> <i>Crocidura attenuata</i> Milne-Edwards, 1872	North-eastern India, Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Uttarakhnad and West Bengal	Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
154.	<b>Southeast Asian Shrew</b> <i>Crocidura fuliginosa</i> (Blyth, 1855)	North-eastern India	Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
155.	Andaman Spiny Shrew <i>Crocidura hispida</i> Thomas, 1913	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	II	-
156.	Horsfield's Shrew <i>Crocidura horsfieldii</i> (Tomes, 1856)	Recorded from Jammu & Kashmir and Karnataka	China, Nepal and Sri Lanka	DD	-	-
157.	Jenkin's Shrew <i>Crocidura jenkinsi</i> Chakraborty, 1978	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	II	-
158.	Narcondam Shrew <i>Crocidura narcondamica</i> Kamalakaran <i>et al.</i> , 2021	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NA	II	-
159.	Nicobar Shrew <i>Crocidura nicobarica</i> Miller, 1902	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	II	-
160.	Pale Grey Shrew <i>Crocidura pegrisea</i> Miller, 1913	Jammu & Kashmir	Pakistan	DD	-	-
161.	Kashmir White-toothed Shrew <i>Crocidura pullata</i> Miller, 1911	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	China, Pakistan and Thailand	DD	-	-
162.	Chinese White-toothed Shrew <i>Crocidura rapax</i> G. Allen, 1923	Meghalaya	China and Taiwan	DD	-	-
163.	Voracious Shrew <i>Crocidura vorax</i> G. Allen, 1923	North-eastern India	China, Laos, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
164.	Kelaart's Long-clawed Shrew <i>Feroculus feroculus</i> (Kelaart, 1850)	Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	EN	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
165.	Day's Shrew <i>Suncus dayi</i> (Dobson, 1888)	Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
166.	Etruscan Shrew <i>Suncus etruscus</i> (Savi, 1822)	Almost throughout the country except for the cold deserts of Gujarat, Jammu & Kashmir and Rajasthan	Widespread in Southern Europe, North Africa and Asia	LC	-	-
167.	Asian Musk Shrew <i>Suncus murinus</i> (Linnaeus, 1766)	Almost throughout the country	Widespread, mainly found in South Asia but introduced widely throughout Asia	LC	-	-
168.	Indian Highland Shrew <i>Suncus niger</i> (Horsfield, 1851)	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NA	II	-
169.	Anderson's Shrew <i>Suncus stoliczkanus</i> (Anderson, 1877)	Peninsular India from Chennai (Tamil Nadu) to north Punjab	Widespread, mainly found in South Asia but introduced widely throughout Asia	LC	-	-
170.	Assam Mole Shrew <i>Anourosorex assamensis</i> Anderson, 1875	Assam, Meghalaya, Manipur and Nagaland	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	II	-
171.	Giant Mole Shrew <i>Anourosorex schmidti</i> Petter, 1963	Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim	Bhutan	DD	-	-
172.	Chinese Mole Shrew <i>Anourosorex squanipes</i> Milne-Edwards, 1872	North-eastern India	China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
173.	Himalayan Water Shrew <i>Chinarrögale himalayica</i> (Gray, 1842)	Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Taiwan and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
174.	Bailey's Brown-toothed Shrew <i>Episoriculus baileyi</i> Thomas, 1914	Assam and Sikkim	China, Myanmar and Viet Nam	NA	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
175.	<b>Hodgson's Brown-toothed Shrew</b> <i>Episoriculus caudatus</i> (Horsefield, 1851)	Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	-	-
176.	<b>Nepalese Brown-toothed Shrew</b> <i>Episoriculus soluensis</i> Gruber, 1969	Sikkim	Nepal	NA	-	-
177.	<b>Hidden Brown-toothed Shrew</b> <i>Episoriculus umbrinus</i> Allen, 1923	Arunachal Pradesh	China, Myanmar and Viet Nam	NA	-	-
178.	<b>Long-tailed Mountain Shrew</b> <i>Episoriculus macrurus</i> (Blanford, 1888)	Sikkim and West Bengal	China, Myanmar and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
179.	<b>Sikkim Water Shrew</b> <i>Nectogale sikhimensis</i> de Winton, 1899	Sikkim	Nepal, Bhutan, China and Myanmar	NA	-	-
180.	<b>Himalayan Shrew</b> <i>Soriculus nigrescens</i> (Gray, 1842)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bhutan, China and Nepal	LC	-	-
181.	<b>Eurasian Pygmy Shrew</b> <i>Sorex minutus</i> Linnaeus, 1766	Jammu & Kashmir	Europe to Yenesei River and Lake Baikal, south to Altai and Tianshan Mtns, Nepal, Pakistan and Turkey	LC	-	-
182.	<b>Kashmir Pygmy Shrew</b> <i>Sorex planiceps</i> Miller, 1911	Jammu & Kashmir	China and Pakistan	LC	-	-
<b>18. Family: Talpidae (Moles)</b>						
183.	<b>Himalayan Mole</b> <i>Euroscaptor micrurus</i> (Hodgson, 1841)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Malaysia and Nepal	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
184.	White-tailed Mole <i>Parascaptor leucurus</i> (Blyth, 1850)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, China and Myanmar	LC	-	-
<b>VIII. Order: CHIROPTERA</b>						
<b>19. Family: Pteropodidae (Old World Fruit Bats)</b>						
185.	Lesser Short-nosed Fruit Bat <i>Cynopterus brachyotis</i> (Müller, 1838)	Southern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Bihar, Goa, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	This widespread species ranges from South Asia, through parts of southern China to parts of Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
186.	Greater Short-nosed Fruit Bat <i>Cynopterus sphinx</i> (Vahl, 1797)	Almost throughout the country	This species is widely distributed from much of South Asia, through southern China, most of the mainland and insular Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
187.	Lesser Dawn Bat <i>Eonycteris spelaea</i> (Dobson, 1871)	North-eastern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu and Uttarakhand	Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Timor-Leste and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
188.	Salim Ali's Fruit Bat <i>Latidens salimalii</i> Thonglongya, 1972	Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
189.	Greater Long-nosed Fruit Bat <i>Macroglossus sobrinus</i> K. Andersen, 1911	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Timor-Leste and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
190.	Ratanaworabhan's Fruit Bat <i>Megeerops niphanae</i> Yenbutra & Felten, 1983	Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland and West Bengal	Cambodia, Laos, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
191.	Nicobar Flying Fox <i>Pteropus faunulus</i> Miller, 1902	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Sri Lanka	EN	I	II



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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
192.	<b>Indian Flying Fox</b> <i>Pteropus medius</i> Temminck, 1825	Almost throughout the country	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Maldives, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	II	II
193.	<b>Variable Flying Fox</b> <i>Pteropus hypomelanus</i> Temminck, 1853	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Indonesia, Malaysia, Maldives, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Solomon Is., Thailand and Viet Nam	NT		II
194.	<b>Black-eared Flying Fox</b> <i>Pteropus melanotus</i> Blyth, 1863	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Indonesia	VU	I	II
195.	<b>Leschenault's Rousette</b> <i>Rousettus leschenaultii</i> (Desmarest, 1820)	Almost throughout the country except for the islands	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
196.	<b>Blanford's Fruit Bat</b> <i>Sphaerias blanfordi</i> (Thomas, 1891)	Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
<b>20. Family: Rhinolophidae (Horseshoe Bats)</b>						
197.	<b>Intermediate Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus affinis</i> Horsfield, 1823	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Nagaland, Manipur, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
198.	<b>Homfray's Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus andamanensis</i> Dobson, 1872	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NA	-	-
199.	<b>Beddome's Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus beddomei</i> Andersen, 1905	Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala and Maharashtra	Sri Lanka	LC	-	-

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200.	Andaman Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus cognatus</i> Andersen, 1906	Andaman & Nicobar Is. (North Andaman, South Andaman and Narcondom Is.)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
201.	Greater Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i> (Schreber, 1774)	Jammu & Kashmir	This species has a wide range in Europe, Africa, South Asia, China, Korea, Japan and Australia	LC	-	-
202.	Lesser Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i> (Bechstein, 1800)	Jammu & Kashmir	Widely distributed in the western and central Palaearctic	LC	-	-
203	<i>Rhinolophus indorouxii</i> Chattopodhaya <i>et al.</i> , 2012	Tamil Nadu and possibly Kerala	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	-	-
204.	Blyth's Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus lepidus</i> Blyth, 1844	Widespread across mainland India except for Jammu and Kashmir	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
205.	Big-eared Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus macrotis</i> Blyth, 1844	Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Manipur, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
206.	Mitred Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus mitratus</i> Blyth, 1844	Jharkhand (Chaibassa)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	II	-
207.	Greater Japanese Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus nippon</i> Temminck, 1835	Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, West Bengal, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland	Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, China, North Korea, South Korea, Japan	NA	-	-
208.	Pearson's Horseshoe Bat <i>Rhinolophus pearsonii</i> Horsfield, 1851	Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
209.	<b>Northern Woolly Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus permiger</i> Hodgson, 1843	Himachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Uttarakhand, Sikkim, Assam, Mizoram, Nagaland and Madhya Pradesh	Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Myanmar, China, Thailand, Laos, Viet Nam, Cambodia	NA	-	-
210.	<b>Least Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus pusillus</i> Temminck, 1834	Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Karnataka, Kerala, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Japan, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
211.	<b>Rufous Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus rouxi</i> Temminck, 1835	Southern and North-eastern India, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Maharashtra, Odisha, Sikkim and West Bengal	China, Myanmar, Nepal and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
212.	<b>Shortridge's Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus shortridgei</i> Andersen, 1918	West Bengal	China and Myanmar	DD	-	-
213.	<b>Thai horseshoe bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus siamensis</i> Gyldenstolpe, 1917	Meghalaya	China, Laos, Thailand and Vietnam	LC	-	-
214.	<b>Chinese Rufous Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus sinicus</i> K. Andersen, 1905	Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Meghalaya, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	China, Myanmar, Nepal and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
215.	<b>Little Nepalese Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus subbadius</i> Blyth, 1844	Arunachal Pradesh and Meghalaya	Bangladesh, China, Myanmar and Nepal	LC	-	-
216.	<b>Trefoil Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus trifoliatius</i> Temminck, 1834	Assam and West Bengal	China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar and Thailand	NT	-	-
217.	<b>Dobson's Horseshoe Bat</b> <i>Rhinolophus yunanensis</i> Dobson, 1872	Recorded from Andaman & Nicobar Is., Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur and Mizoram	China, Myanmar and Thailand	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>21. Family: Hipposideridae (Old World Leaf-nosed Bats)</b>						
218.	Trident leaf-nosed bat <i>Asellia tridens</i> (É. Geoffroy, 1813)	Rajasthan	Middle East, South and Central Asia, and North, East, and Central Africa	LC	-	-
219.	East Asian Tailless Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Coelops frithii</i> Blyth, 1848	Recorded from Meghalaya and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
220.	Great Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros armiger</i> (Hodgson, 1835)	Assam, Himachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
221.	Dusky Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros ater</i> Templeton, 1848	Southern India, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, and Odisha	Australia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Sri Lanka and Thailand	LC	-	-
222.	Ashy Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros cineraceus</i> Blyth, 1853	Himalayan terai, Uttarakhand to North-eastern hills and Chhattisgarh	Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Pakistan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
223.	Diadem Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros diadema</i> (É. Geoffroy, 1813)	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Australia, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Solomon Is., Thailand, Timor-Leste and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
224.	Durga Das's Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros durgadasi</i> Khajuria, 1970	Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	II	-
225.	Fulvus Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros fulvus</i> Gray, 1838	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and North-eastern India	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, China, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
226.	<b>Cantor's Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros gaterius</i> Cantor, 1846	Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra	Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
227.	<b>Andersen's Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros gentilis</i> Andersen, 1918	Sikkim, West Bengal, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Manipur and Nagaland	Bangladesh, Myanmar, China, Thailand, Viet Nam, Laos, Cambodia and Malaysia	NA	-	-
228.	<b>Leafletted Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros hypophyllus</i> Kock & Bhat, 1994	Karnataka (Manahalli and Theralli in Kolar district)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	I	-
229.	<b>Khasian leaf-nosed bat</b> <i>Hipposideros khasiana</i> Thabrah <i>et al.</i> , 2006	Meghalaya	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	-	-
230.	<b>Kelaart's Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros lankadiva</i> Kelaart, 1850	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Manipur, Odisha, Rajasthan, West Bengal, Meghalaya, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Tripura	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
231.	<b>Intermediate Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros cf larvatus</i> (Horsfield, 1823)	Reported from Andaman & Nicobar Is., Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya and Mizoram	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
232.	<b>Nicobar Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros nicobarulae</i> Miller, 1902	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	-	-
233.	<b>Pomona Leaf-nosed Bat</b> <i>Hipposideros pomona</i> Andersen, 1918	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
234.	Schneider's Leaf-nosed Bat <i>Hipposideros speoris</i> (Schneider, 1800)	Southern India, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Odisha and Uttar Pradesh	Sri Lanka, Myanmar	LC	-	-
<b>22. Family: Megadermatidae (False-vampire Bats)</b>						
235.	Greater False Vampire Bat <i>Lyroderma lya</i> E. Geoffroy, 1810	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and deserts	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
236.	Lesser False Vampire Bat <i>Megaderma spasma</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Southern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Assam, Goa, Maharashtra, Meghalaya Mizoram and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Viet Nam	LC	-	-
<b>23. Family: Rhinopomatidae (Mouse-tailed Bats)</b>						
237.	Lesser Mouse-tailed Bat <i>Rhinopoma hardwickii</i> Gray, 1831	Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Widespread across central and northern Africa through Arabia and southern Asia	LC	-	-
238.	Greater Mouse-tailed Bat <i>Rhinopoma microphyllum</i> (Brünnich, 1792)	Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Extends from northern Africa through southwest Asia to Afghanistan and Pakistan	LC	-	-
<b>24. Family: Emballonuridae (Sheath-tailed Bats)</b>						
239.	Naked-rumped Pouched Bat <i>Saccolaimus saccolaimus</i> (Temminck, 1838)	Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Odisha, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	South and Southeast Asia, and Australia	LC	-	-
240.	Long-winged Tomb Bat <i>Taphozous longimanus</i> Hardwicke, 1825	Southern India, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Odisha, Rajasthan, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka and Thailand	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
241.	<b>Black-bearded Tomb Bat</b> <i>Taphozous melanopogon</i> Temminck, 1841	Southern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha and Rajasthan	South and Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
242.	<b>Naked-rumped Tomb Bat</b> <i>Taphozous nudiventris</i> Cretschmar, 1830	Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Southern desert and sub-desert belt of western and central Palaearctic	LC	-	-
243.	<b>Egyptian Tomb Bat</b> <i>Taphozous perforatus</i> E. Geoffroy, 1818	Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan	Throughout northern and sub-Saharan Africa, the Arabian Peninsula, and Asia, east to the Indian Subcontinent	LC	-	-
244.	<b>Theobald's Tomb Bat</b> <i>Taphozous theobaldi</i> Dobson, 1872	Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra	Cambodia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
<b>25. Family: Molossidae (Free-tailed Bats)</b>						
245.	<b>Wrinkle-lipped Free-tailed Bat</b> <i>Mops plicatus</i> (Buchanan, 1800)	Andhra Pradesh, Goa, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, Laos, Malaysia, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
246.	<b>Wroughton's Giant Mastiff Bat</b> <i>Otomops wroughtoni</i> (Thomas, 1913)	Known from Karnataka and Meghalaya	Cambodia	DD	I	-
247.	<b>Egyptian Free-tailed Bat</b> <i>Tadarida aegyptiaca</i> (E. Geoffroy, 1818)	Southern India, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan and West Bengal	Throughout Africa, and in the Arabian peninsula through to India, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
248.	<b>European Free-tailed Bat</b> <i>Tadarida teniotis</i> (Rafinesque, 1814)	Uttarakhand and West Bengal	It is mainly Palaearctic species, although the South-eastern edge of its range extends into the Indomalayan region	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>26. Family: Miniopteridae (Bent-winger Bats)</b>						
249.	Western Long-fingered Bat <i>Miniopterus magnater</i> Sanborn, 1931	Meghalaya and Manipur	China, Indonesia, Myanmar and Papua New Guinea	LC	-	-
250.	Phillip's Long-fingered Bat <i>Miniopterus phillipsi</i> Kusuminda <i>et al.</i> , 2022	Maharashtra	Sri Lanka	NA	-	-
251.	Small Long-fingered Bat <i>Miniopterus pusillus</i> Dobson, 1876	Andaman & Nicobar Is., Karnataka, Meghalaya and Tamil Nadu	China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
252.	Asian Long-fingered Bat <i>Miniopterus fuliginosus</i> Hodgson, 1835	Arunachal Pradesh, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	From south-western Europe and north and West Africa through Anatolia and the Middle East to the Caucasus	NA	-	-
253.	Srini's Bent-winged Bat <i>Miniopterus srini</i> Srinivasulu & Srinivasulu, 2023	Southern Karnataka	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NA		
<b>27. Family: Vespertilionidae (Vesper Bats)</b>						
254.	Bronze Sprite <i>Arielulus circumadatus</i> (Temminck, 1840)	Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
255.	Gobi Big Brown Bat <i>Eptesicus gobiensis</i> Bobrinskii, 1926	Jammu & Kashmir	Afghanistan, China, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Nepal, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan	LC	-	-
256.	Ognev's Serotine <i>Eptesicus ognevi</i> Bobrinski, 1918	Jammu & Kashmir	Georgia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Iran, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Afghanistan and Pakistan	LC	-	-



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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
257.	<b>Oriental Serotine</b> <i>Eptesicus pachyotus</i> Tomes, 1857	Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand	Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, China, Mongolia, North Korea, South Korea, Taiwan, Myanmar, Viet Nam, Laos and Thailand	LC	-	-
258.	<b>Thick-eared Bat</b> <i>Eptesicus pachyotis</i> (Dobson, 1871)	Meghalaya and Mizoram	Bangladesh, China, Myanmar and Thailand	LC	-	-
259.	<b>Sombre Bat</b> <i>Eptesicus tatei</i> Ellerman and Morrison-Scott, 1951	Uttarakhand and West Bengal (Darjeeling)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	II	-
260.	<b>Tickell's Bat</b> <i>Hesperoptenus tickelli</i> (Blyth, 1851)	Southern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Assam, Goa, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
261.	<b>Desert Yellow Lesser House Bat</b> <i>Scotoecus pallidus</i> (Dobson, 1876)	Bihar, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Pakistan	LC	-	-
262.	<b>Harlequin Bat</b> <i>Scotomanes ornatus</i> (Blyth, 1851)	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
263.	<b>Greater Asiatic Yellow House Bat</b> <i>Scotophilus heathii</i> (Horsfield, 1831)	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and Jammu & Kashmir	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
264.	<b>Lesser Asiatic Yellow Bat</b> <i>Scotophilus kuhlii</i> Leach, 1821	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and Jammu & Kashmir	South and Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
265.	<b>Meghalaya Thick-thumbed Bat</b> <i>Glischropus meghalayanus</i> Saikia, et al. 2022	Meghalaya	<b>Endemic to India</b>	NA		

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
266.	<b>Leisler's Noctule</b> <i>Nyctalus leisleri</i> (Kuhl, 1817)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Uttarakhand	Largely a western Palaearctic species, with scattered records in the western parts of the eastern Palaearctic (Pakistan, Afghanistan, the Himalayas)	LC	-	-
267.	<b>Mountain Noctule</b> <i>Nyctalus montanus</i> (Barrett-Hamilton, 1906)	Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan and Nepal	LC	-	-
268.	<b>Noctule</b> <i>Nyctalus noctula</i> (Schreber, 1774)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Nagaland, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Nepal and Malaysia	LC	-	-
269.	<b>Cadorna's Pipistrelle</b> <i>Hypsugo cadornae</i> (Thomas, 1916)	West Bengal	Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
270.	<b>Kelaart's Pipistrelle</b> <i>Pipistrellus ceylonicus</i> (Kelaart, 1852)	Southern India, Assam, Bihar, Goa, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Rajasthan and West Bengal	Bangladesh, China, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
271.	<b>Indian Pipistrelle</b> <i>Pipistrellus coromandra</i> (Gray, 1838)	Throughout the country except Rajasthan	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
272.	<b>Javan Pipistrelle</b> <i>Pipistrellus javanicus</i> (Gray, 1838)	Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Sikkim, West Bengal, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Manipur, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Andaman & Nicobar Is.	South and Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
273.	<b>Mount Popa Pipistrelle</b> <i>Pipistrellus paterculus</i> Thomas, 1915	Assam, Bihar, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur and Nagaland	China, Laos, Myanmar and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
274.	Savi's Pipistrelle <i>Hypsugo savii</i> (Bonaparte, 1837)	Jammu & Kashmir (Gilgit region of PoK)	Distributed across North West Africa, the Mediterranean region and the Middle East	LC	-	-
275.	Joffre's Pipistrelle <i>Mirotrellus joffrei</i> (Thomas, 1915)	Meghalaya, Manipur, Uttarakhand and Sikkim	Nepal, Myanmar and Viet Nam	DD	-	-
276.	Least Pipistrelle <i>Pipistrellus tenuis</i> (Temminck, 1840)	Almost throughout the country	Throughout much of South Asia, South-eastern China and Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
277.	Dormer's Pipistrelle <i>Scotozous dormeri</i> Dobson, 1875	Widely distributed in the country except for Jammu and Kashmir and the Northeastern India	Bangladesh and Pakistan	LC	-	-
278.	Eastern Barbastelle <i>Barbastella darjelingensis</i> (Hodgson, 1855)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Meghalaya Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	The main distribution occurs from the Caucasus eastwards including Iran, Afghanistan and onwards to China, Japan and North Africa	LC	-	-
279.	Turkestani Long-eared Bat <i>Otonycteris hemprichii</i> Peters, 1859	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Iran, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Afghanistan and Pakistan	DD	-	-
280.	Brown Long-eared Bat <i>Plecotus homochrous</i> Hodgson, 1847	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Meghalaya, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	European countries	DD	-	-
281.	Ward's Long-eared Bat <i>Plecotus wardi</i> Thomas, 1911	Jammu & Kashmir and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan, Pakistan, Nepal and China	LC		
282.	Chocolate Pipistrelle <i>Hypsugo affinis</i> (Dobson, 1871)	Known from Kerala, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	China, Myanmar, Nepal and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
283.	Great Evening Bat <i>Ida io</i> Thomas, 1902	Meghalaya	China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	NT	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
284.	<b>Indomalayan Lesser Bamboo Bat</b> <i>Tylonycteris fulvula</i> Blyth, 1859	Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim, Tripura and West Bengal, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Karnataka and Kerala	Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Thailand, Viet Nam, Laos, Cambodia, Malaysia and Singapore	NA	-	-
285.	<b>Malayan Greater Bamboo Bat</b> <i>Tylonycteris malayana</i> Chasen, 1940	Assam and Mizoram	Myanmar, Viet Nam, Thailand, Laos, Cambodia, Malaysia, Singapore, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam	NA	-	-
286.	<b>Hairy-faced Myotis</b> <i>Myotis annectans</i> (Dobson, 1871)	Manipur, Nagaland, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Cambodia, China, Laos and Thailand	LC	-	-
287.	<b>Sichuan Myotis</b> <i>Myotis altarium</i> Thomas, 1911	Meghalaya	China, Thailand, Viet Nam	LC	-	-
288.	<b>Lesser Mouse-eared Myotis</b> <i>Myotis blythii</i> (Tomes, 1857)	Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand	Southern Europe, southern parts of central Europe, and non-arid parts of southwestern Asia.	LC	-	-
289.	<b>Hodgson's Myotis</b> <i>Myotis formosus</i> (Hodgson, 1835)	Assam, Bihar, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Punjab, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, China, Indonesia, Korea, Laos, Nepal, Philippines and Taiwan	NT	-	-
290.	<b>Lesser Large-footed Myotis</b> <i>Myotis hasseltii</i> (Temminck, 1840)	West Bengal	Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
291.	<b>Horsfield's Myotis</b> <i>Myotis horsfieldii</i> (Temminck, 1840)	Assam, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Goa, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya and Tamil Nadu	Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
292.	<b>Chinese Water Myotis</b> <i>Myotis laniger</i> Peters, 1871	Meghalaya	China and Viet Nam	LC	-	-

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293.	<b>Kashmir Cave Myotis</b> <i>Myotis longipes</i> (Dobson, 1873)	Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan, China and Nepal	DD	-	-
294.	<b>Burmese Whiskered Myotis</b> <i>Myotis montivagus</i> (Dobson, 1874)	Meghalaya and Mizoram	China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar and Viet Nam	DD	-	-
295.	<b>Nepalese Whiskered Myotis</b> <i>Myotis muricola</i> (Gray, 1846)	Assam, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Jharkhand, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	South and Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
296.	<b>Nepal Myotis</b> <i>Myotis nipalensis</i> (Dobson, 1871)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Afghanistan, Armenia, Azerbaijan, China, Georgia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Nepal, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan	LC	-	-
297.	<b>Peyton's Myotis</b> <i>Myotis peytoni</i> Wroughton & Ryley, 1913	Kerala and Maharashtra	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	-	-
298.	<b>Rickett's Big-footed Myotis</b> <i>Myotis pilosus</i> (Peters, 1869)	Meghalaya	China, Laos and Viet Nam	VU		
299.	<b>Mandelli's Mouse-eared Myotis</b> <i>Myotis sicarius</i> Thomas, 1915	Sikkim and West Bengal	Nepal	VU	-	-
300.	<b>Himalayan Whiskered Myotis</b> <i>Myotis siligorensis</i> (Horsfield, 1855)	Meghalaya, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
301.	<b>Himalayan Broad-muzzled Bat</b> <i>Submyotodon caliginosus</i> Tomes, 1859	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan and Pakistan	NA	-	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
302.	<b>Lesser Hairy-winged Bat</b> <i>Harpiocephalus harpia</i> (Temminck, 1840)	Assam, Kerala, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Indonesia, Laos, Philippines, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
303.	<b>Fraternal Myotis</b> <i>Murina cf frater</i> (Allen, 1923)	Uttarakhand	China, Taiwan	LC	-	-
304.	<b>Little Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina aurata</i> Milne-Edwards, 1872	Meghalaya, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	DD	-	-
305.	<b>Round-eared Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina cyclotis</i> Dobson, 1872	Andhra Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	South and Southeast Asia	LC	-	-
306.	<b>Guillen's Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina guilleni</i> Soisook <i>et al.</i> 2013	Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Thailand	NA	-	-
307.	<b>Hutton's Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina huttoni</i> (Peters, 1872)	Assam, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Himachal Pradesh, West Bengal and Uttarakhand	China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
308.	<b>Jaintia Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina jaintiana</i> Ruedi <i>et al.</i> , 2012	Meghalaya	Myanmar	DD	-	-
309.	<b>Greater Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina leucogaster</i> Milne-Edwards, 1872	North-eastern India, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Japan, Nepal and Thailand	LC	-	-
310.	<b>Scully's Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina tabinaris</i> (Scully, 1881)	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Pakistan, Thailand and Viet Nam	DD	-	-

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311.	<b>Rainforest Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Murina pluvialis</i> Ruedi <i>et al.</i> , 2012	Meghalaya (Khasi hills)	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	II	-
312.	<b>Peters's Tube-nosed Bat</b> <i>Harpicola grisea</i> Peters, 1872	Mizoram and Uttarakhand	<b>Endemic to India</b>	DD	II	-
313.	<b>Disk-footed Bat</b> <i>Enddiscopus denticulus</i> , Osgood 1932	Meghalaya	Myanmar, Thailand, Laos and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
314.	<b>Hardwicke's Woolly Bat</b> <i>Kerivoula crypta</i> Wroughton & Ryley, 1913	Karnataka and Kerala	Sri Lanka	LC	-	-
315.	<b>Dark Woolly Bat</b> <i>Kerivoula furva</i> Kuo <i>et al.</i> , 2017	West Bengal, Assam, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Manipur and Mizoram	Myanmar, China, Taiwan and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
316.	<b>Kachin Woolly Bat</b> <i>Kerivoula kachinensis</i> <i>et al.</i> , 2004	Meghalaya	Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Viet Nam, Cambodia	LC	-	-
317.	<b>Lenis Woolly Bat</b> <i>Kerivoula lenis</i> Thomas, 1916	Known from Tamil Nadu and West Bengal	Indonesia and Malaysia	LC	-	-
318.	<b>Painted Woolly Bat</b> <i>Kerivoula picta</i> (Pallas, 1767)	Southern India, Assam, Goa, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Indonesia Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	NT	-	-
319.	<b>Peters's Trumpet-eared Bat</b> <i>Phoniscus jagorii</i> Peters, 1866	Single record from Kerala	Thailand, Myanmar, Laos, Viet Nam, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines and Sri Lanka	LC	-	-

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>IX. Order: PHOLIDOTA</b>						
<b>28. Family: Manidae (Pangolins)</b>						
320.	<b>Indian Pangolin</b> <i>Manis crassicaudata</i> E. Geoffroy, 1803	Widely distributed from the plains and lower hills south of the Himalayas to Southern India	Bangladesh, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	EN	I	I
321.	<b>Chinese Pangolin</b> <i>Manis pentadactyla</i> Linnaeus, 1758	North-eastern India and Sikkim	Bangladesh, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	CR	I	I
<b>X. Order: CARNIVORA</b>						
<b>29. Family: Felidae (Cats)</b>						
322.	<b>Caracal</b> <i>Caracal caracal</i> (Schreber, 1776)	Gujarat, Haryana, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Punjab and Uttar Pradesh	Widely distributed across Africa, Central Asia, and south-west Asia	LC	I	I
323.	<b>Asiatic Golden Cat</b> <i>Catopuma temminckii</i> (Vigors & Horsfield, 1827)	North-eastern India and Sikkim	Widely distributed across Africa, Central Asia, and south-west Asia	NT	I	I
324.	<b>Jungle Cat</b> <i>Felis chaus</i> Schreber, 1777	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas	Egypt, West and Central Asia, South and Southeast Asia	LC	I	II
325.	<b>Pallas's Cat</b> <i>Otocolobus manul</i> Pallas, 1776	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	Central Asia	NT	I	II
326.	<b>Wild Cat</b> <i>Felis lybica</i> Forster 1780	Arid parts of Gujarat and Rajasthan	Africa, Europe, and southwest and central Asia into, China, and Mongolia	NA	I	II
327.	<b>Eurasian Lynx</b> <i>Lynx lynx</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Jammu & Kashmir and throughout northern parts of Himalayan states	From western Europe through the boreal forests of Russia, and down into central Asia and the Tibetan plateau	LC	I	II



S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
328.	<b>Marbled Cat</b> <i>Pardofelis marmorata</i> (Martin, 1837)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	NT	I	I
329.	<b>Leopard Cat</b> <i>Prionailurus bengalensis</i> (Kerr, 1792)	Throughout the country except for desert parts of Gujarat and Rajasthan and parts of the Deccan Plateau	South and East Asia	LC	I	I
330.	<b>Rusty-spotted Cat</b> <i>Prionailurus rubiginosus</i> (I. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, 1831)	Scattered pockets in peninsular India upto Rajasthan, and also recorded from Uttar Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	Sri Lanka	NT	I	I
331.	<b>Fishing Cat</b> <i>Prionailurus viverrinus</i> (Bennett, 1833)	Reported from North-eastern India, Western Ghats, Rajasthan (Bharatpur), parts of central India and parts of northern India, Odisha and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	II
332.	<b>Clouded Leopard</b> <i>Neofelis nebulosa</i> (Griffith, 1821)	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	I
333.	<b>Lion</b> <i>Panthera leo</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Gujarat (Gir forest)	sub-Saharan Africa and Asia	EN	I	I
334.	<b>Leopard</b> <i>Panthera pardus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Throughout the country except for extremely high altitudes, hot and cold deserts	Spread over some parts of Africa and tropical Asia, from Siberia, South and West Asia to most of sub-Saharan Africa	VU	I	I
335.	<b>Tiger</b> <i>Panthera tigris</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Throughout the country in the suitably isolated pockets except for Jammu & Kashmir and North-western India	Asian range states: Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Russia, Thailand and Viet Nam	EN	I	I

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
336.	<b>Snow Leopard</b> <i>Panthera uncia</i> (Schreber, 1775)	Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Afghanistan, Bhutan, China, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Nepal, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan	VU	I	I
<b>30. Family: Viverridae (Civets and Palm Civets)</b>						
337.	<b>Binturong</b> <i>Arctictis binturong</i> (Raffles, 1821)	North-eastern India and Sikkim	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	III
338.	<b>Small-toothed Palm Civet</b> <i>Arctogalidia trivirgata</i> (Gray, 1832)	North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	
339.	<b>Masked Palm Civet</b> <i>Paguma larvata</i> (C. E. H. Smith, 1827)	North-eastern India, Andaman & Nicobar Is., Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Uttarakhand and West Bengal	Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	III
340.	<b>Asian Palm Civet</b> <i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus</i> (Pallas, 1777)	Throughout the country except for arid parts of Rajasthan and Gujarat and Jammu & Kashmir and the high Himalayas	South and Southeast Asia	LC	I	III
341.	<b>Jerdon's Palm Civet</b> <i>Paradoxurus jerdoni</i> Blanford, 1885	Goa, Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	LC	I	III
342.	<b>Malabar Large-spotted Civet</b> <i>Viverra civettina</i> Blyth, 1862	Karnataka and Kerala	<b>Endemic to India</b>	CR	I	III
343.	<b>Large Indian Civet</b> <i>Viverra zibetha</i> Linnaeus, 1758	North-eastern India and West Bengal	Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	III

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
344.	Small Indian Civet <i>Viverricula indica</i> (E. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, 1803)	Throughout the country in suitable habitats except for high Himalayas in Jammu & Kashmir	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	III
<b>31. Family: Prionodontidae (Banded linsang)</b>						
345.	Spotted Linsang <i>Prionodon pardicolor</i> Hodgson, 1842	Sub Himalayan region in North-eastern India and Sikkim	Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	I
<b>32. Family: Herpestidae (Mongooses)</b>						
346.	Small Indian Mongoose <i>Urva auropunctata</i> Hodgson, 1836	Northern India	Iraq, Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh and Myanmar	NA	I	III
347.	Grey Mongoose <i>Urva edwardsii</i> (É. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, 1818)	Throughout the country in suitable habitats	Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bhutan, Indonesia, Iran, Japan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mauritius, Nepal, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia and Sri Lanka	LC	I	III
348.	Indian Brown Mongoose <i>Urva fusca</i> Waterhouse, 1838	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	LC	I	III
349.	Ruddy Mongoose <i>Urva smithii</i> Gray, 1837	Southern and central India, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Sri Lanka	LC	I	III
350.	Crab-eating Mongoose <i>Urva urva</i> (Hodgson, 1836)	North-eastern India and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	III
351.	Stripe-necked Mongoose <i>Urva vitticollis</i> Bennett, 1835	Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala Odisha and Tamil Nadu	Sri Lanka	LC	I	III

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>33. Family: Hyaenidae (Hyenas)</b>						
352.	<b>Striped Hyena</b> <i>Hyaena hyaena</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	South to the Nilgiri hills, west to Gujarat, north to the lowland of Jammu & Kashmir and Kumaon, east to West Bengal	North and East Africa, the Caucasus, the Middle East, Middle and Central Asia and the Indian Subcontinent	NT	I	-
<b>34. Family: Canidae (Dogs, Wolves, Jackals and Foxes)</b>						
353.	<b>Golden Jackal</b> <i>Canis aureus</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Throughout the country	Asia, East Africa and South-eastern Europe	LC	I	III
354.	<b>Grey Wolf</b> <i>Canis lupus</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Throughout the country except for East and North-eastern India	Throughout the northern hemisphere, North America south to 20° N; in Oaxaca (Mexico), Europe and Asia	LC	I	I
355.	<b>Wild Dog</b> <i>Cuon alpinus</i> (Pallas, 1811)	South of river Gange's peninsula from Coorg and Nilgiri hills, and from northwards Jammu & Kashmir to North-eastern India	South, Southeast and Central Asia	EN	I	II
356.	<b>Bengal Fox</b> <i>Vulpes bengalensis</i> (Shaw, 1800)	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Nepal and Pakistan	LC	I	III
357.	<b>Tibetan Sand Fox</b> <i>Vulpes ferrilata</i> Hodgson, 1842	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	China and Nepal	LC	I	
358.	<b>Red Fox</b> <i>Vulpes vulpes</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Rajasthan, Sikkim and Uttar Pradesh	Entire northern hemisphere from the Arctic Circle to North Africa, Central America, and the Asiatic steppes	LC	-	III
<b>35. Family: Ursidae (Bears)</b>						
359.	<b>Sun Bear</b> <i>Helarctos malayanus</i> (Raffles, 1821)	South-eastern Brahmaputra River in North-eastern India	Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	I

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
360.	<b>Sloth Bear</b> <i>Melursus ursinus</i> (Shaw, 1791)	Throughout the country in suitable habitats except Jammu & Kashmir, the high Himalayas and arid parts of Gujarat and Rajasthan	Bhutan, Nepal and Sri Lanka	VU	I	I
361.	<b>Brown Bear</b> <i>Ursus arctos</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir and Uttarakhand	Almost widely distributed in the world	LC	I	II
362.	<b>Asiatic Black Bear</b> <i>Ursus thibetanus</i> G. [Baron] Cuvier, 1823	North-eastern India, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Uttarakhand	South, Southeast and Central Asia	VU	I	I
<b>36. Family: Mustelidae (Badgers, Otters and Weasels)</b>						
363.	<b>Asian Small-clawed Otter</b> <i>Lutra cinerea</i> (Illiger, 1815)	Southern India, Himalayan terai to North-eastern states and Sunderbans in West Bengal	South and Southeast Asia	VU	I	I
364.	<b>European Otter</b> <i>Lutra lutra</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	North-eastern India and Southern India, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim, and Uttarakhand	Asia, Africa and Europe	NT	I	I
365.	<b>Smooth-coated Otter</b> <i>Lutra perspicillata</i> (I. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, 1826)	Throughout the country except for the high regions of the Himalayas and arid regions of Gujarat and Rajasthan	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Iraq, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	I
366.	<b>Northern Hog Badger</b> <i>Arctonyx albogularis</i> Blyth, 1853	North-eastern India	China, Bhutan, Bangladesh and Myanmar	LC	I	
367.	<b>Greater Hog-badger</b> <i>Arctonyx collaris</i> F.G. Cuvier, 1825	North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Laos, Mongolia, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	-
368.	<b>Yellow-throated Marten</b> <i>Martes flavigula</i> (Boddaert, 1785)	Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	South, Southeast and Central Asia	LC	I	III

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
369.	<b>Beech Marten</b> <i>Martes foina</i> (Erxleben, 1777)	Along the Himalayan terai from Jammu & Kashmir to North-eastern India	Europe and Central Asia	LC	I	III
370.	<b>Nilgiri Marten</b> <i>Martes gwatkinsii</i> Horsfield, 1851	Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	VU	I	III
371.	<b>Honey Badger</b> <i>Mellivora capensis</i> (Schreber, 1776)	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and North-eastern India	Most of sub-Saharan Africa and outside of Africa through Arabia, Iran and western Asia to Turkmenistan and the Indian peninsula	LC	I	III
372.	<b>Chinese Ferret-badger</b> <i>Melogale moschata</i> (Gray, 1831)	North-eastern India	China, Laos, Myanmar, Taiwan and Viet Nam	LC	II	-
373.	<b>Burmese Ferret Badger</b> <i>Melogale personata</i> I. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, 1831	North-eastern India and West Bengal	China, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	II	-
374.	<b>Mountain Weasel</b> <i>Mustela altaica</i> Pallas, 1811	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Bhutan, China, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Pakistan, Russian Federation and Tajikistan	NT	I	III
375.	<b>Ermine</b> <i>Mustela erminea</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Jammu & Kashmir	North America, Europe, and Asia, from Greenland and the Canadian and Siberian Arctic, south to about 35°N	LC	I	III
376.	<b>Yellow-bellied Weasel</b> <i>Mustela kathiah</i> Hodgson, 1835	Himalayas from Himachal Pradesh to Jammu & Kashmir to North-eastern India	Bhutan, China, Japan, Korea, , Korea, Laos, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	III
377.	<b>Siberian Weasel</b> <i>Mustela sibirica</i> Pallas, 1773	Himalayas from Jammu & Kashmir to North-eastern India	Bhutan, China, Japan, Korea, , Korea, Republic of, Laos, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Taiwan, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	I	III

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
378.	<b>Back-striped Weasel</b> <i>Mustela strigidorsa</i> Gray, 1853	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Nagaland, Sikkim and West Bengal	China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	LC	-	-
<b>37. Family: Ailuridae (Red Pandas)</b>						
379.	<b>Western Red Panda</b> <i>Ailurus fulgens</i> Cuvier, 1825	Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim and West Bengal	Bhutan, China, Myanmar and Nepal	EN	I	I
380.	<b>Eastern Red Panda</b> <i>Ailurus styani</i> Thomas, 1902	Arunachal Pradesh	China and Myanmar	NA	I	-
<b>XI. Order: PERISSODACTYLA</b>						
<b>38. Family: Equidae (Asses)</b>						
381.	<b>Asiatic Wild Ass</b> <i>Equus hemionus</i> Pallas, 1775	Rann of Kachchh (Gujarat)	Pakistan	NT	I	I
382.	<b>Kiang</b> <i>Equus kiang</i> Moorcroft, 1841	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	China, Nepal and Pakistan	LC	I	II
<b>39. Family: Rhinocerotidae (Rhinoceroses)</b>						
383.	<b>Greater One-horned Rhinoceros</b> <i>Rhinoceros unicornis</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Assam, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan and Nepal	VU	I	I
<b>XII. Order: ARTIODACTYLA</b>						
<b>40. Family: Suidae (Pigs)</b>						
384.	<b>Pygmy Hog</b> <i>Porcula salvania</i> Hodgson, 1847	North-western Assam (Manas and Bomadi National Parks)	Bangladesh and Nepal	EN	I	I
385.	<b>Wild Pig</b> <i>Sus scrofa</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Throughout the country except for the high Himalayas and desert areas of Gujarat and Rajasthan	All continents except Antarctica, and on many oceanic Is.	LC	II	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
<b>41. Family: Tragulidae (Mouse Deer)</b>						
386.	<b>Indian Chevrotain</b> <i>Moschiola indica</i> Gray, 1852	From Tamil Nadu to Madhya Pradesh	Nepal	LC	I	-
<b>42. Family: Moschidae (Musk Deer)</b>						
387.	<b>Alpine Musk Deer</b> <i>Moschus chrysogaster</i> (Hodgson, 1839)	Arunachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand and Sikkim	Bhutan, China and Nepal	EN	I	I
388.	<b>Kashmir Musk Deer</b> <i>Moschus cupreus</i> Grubb, 1982	Jammu & Kashmir	Afghanistan and Pakistan	EN	I	I
389.	<b>Black Musk Deer</b> <i>Moschus fuscus</i> Li, 1981	Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim	Bhutan, China, Myanmar and Nepal	EN	I	I
390.	<b>Himalayan Musk Deer</b> <i>Moschus leucogaster</i> Hodgson, 1839	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Uttarakhand and Sikkim	Bhutan, China and Nepal	EN	I	I
<b>43. Family: Cervidae (Deer)</b>						
391.	<b>Spotted Deer</b> <i>Axis axis</i> (Erxleben, 1777)	Peninsular India, northwards Kumaon and Sikkim including Andaman & Nicobar Is. and West Bengal	Nepal, Sri Lanka, and introduced many parts of the world	LC	II	-
392.	<b>Hog Deer</b> <i>Axis porcinus</i> (Zimmermann, 1780)	North-eastern India, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, Nepal, Pakistan, Thailand, Australia, Sri Lanka and the United States	EN	I	I
393.	<b>Central Asian Red Deer</b> <i>Cervus hanglu</i> Wagner, 1844	Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir	Wide distribution extending from Europe and North Africa through central Asia, Siberia, the Far East and North America	LC	I	I



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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
394.	Malabar Muntjac <i>Muntiacus malabaricus</i> Wroughton, 1914	Southern India	Sri Lanka	NA	I	-
395.	Northern Red Muntjac <i>Muntiacus vaginalis</i> (Boddaert, 1875)	Central and eastern parts of the country	Bhutan, Bangladesh and Myanmar to south-western China, Nepal and Viet Nam	LC	I	-
396.	Leaf Muntjac <i>Muntiacus putaoensis</i> Amato <i>et al.</i> , 1999	Arunachal Pradesh	Northern Myanmar	DD	I	-
397.	Swamp Deer <i>Rucervus divauecelii</i> (G. Cuvier, 1823)	Assam, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh	Nepal	VU	I	I
398.	Eld's Deer <i>Rucervus eldii</i> (Mc Clelland, 1842)	Manipur	Cambodia, China, Laos and Myanmar	EN	I	I
399.	Sambar <i>Rusa unicolor</i> (Kerr, 1792)	Throughout the country except the high Himalayas of Jammu & Kashmir and arid regions of Gujarat and Rajasthan	South and Southeast Asia	VU	I	-
<b>44. Family: Bovidae (Antelopes, Cattle, Sheep and Goats)</b>						
400.	Blackbuck <i>Antelope cervicapra</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Punjab south to Tamil Nadu and east to Bihar, and Gujarat and Rajasthan	Pakistan, and introduced in Argentina and the United States	LC	I	-
401.	Indian Gazelle <i>Gazella bennettii</i> (Sykes, 1831)	North-western and Central India, extending southwards to a little south of Krishna River	Iran and Pakistan	LC	I	-

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		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
402.	Tibetan Gazelle <i>Procapra plicicaudata</i> Hodgson, 1846	Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	China	NT	I	-
403.	Gaur <i>Bos gaurus</i> C.H. Smith, 1827	Southern and North-eastern India, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal	Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Viet Nam	VU	I	I
404.	Wild Yak <i>Bos mutus</i> (Przewalski, 1883)	Jammu & Kashmir	China and Nepal	VU	I	I
405.	Nilgai <i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i> (Pallas, 1766)	Almost throughout the country except for the high Himalayas, North-eastern India, Sikkim and West Bengal	Nepal, Pakistan and introduced in the United States	LC	II	-
406.	Water Wild Buffalo <i>Bubalus arnee</i> (Kerr, 1792)	Assam, Chhattisgarh and Maharashtra	Bhutan, Cambodia, Myanmar, Nepal and Thailand	EN	I	III
407.	Four-horned Antelope <i>Tetracerus quadricornis</i> (de Blainville, 1816)	From the sub-Himalayan foothills to peninsular India, Gujarat, Maharashtra and North and western parts of Tamil Nadu	Nepal	VU	I	-
408.	Takin <i>Budorcas taxicolor</i> Hodgson, 1850	Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim	Bhutan, China and Myanmar	VU	I	II
409.	Markhor <i>Capra falconeri</i> (Wagner, 1839)	Jammu & Kashmir	Afghanistan, Pakistan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan	NT	I	I
410.	Himalayan Ibex <i>Capra himalayensis</i> (Jabin <i>et al.</i> , 2023)	Ladakh, Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh	Pakistan	-	I	-

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
411.	<b>Mainland Serow</b> <i>Capricornis sumatraensis</i> Bechstein, 1799	North-eastern India, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, China, Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Viet Nam, Cambodia, Malaysia and Indonesia	VU	I	I
412.	<b>Himalayan Tahr</b> <i>Hemitragus jemlahicus</i> (C.H. Smith, 1826)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	China, Nepal introduced in New Zealand and South Africa	NT	I	-
413.	<b>Red Goral</b> <i>Naemorhedus baileyi</i> Pocock, 1914	Arunachal Pradesh	China and Myanmar	VU	I	I
414.	<b>Himalayan Goral</b> <i>Naemorhedus goral</i> (Hardwicke, 1825)	Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Bhutan, China, Nepal and Pakistan	NT	I	I
415.	<b>Chinese Goral</b> <i>Naemorhedus griseus</i> (Milne-Edwards, 1871)	Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland and Tripura	China, Myanmar, Thailand and Viet Nam	NA	I	I
416.	<b>Nilgiri Tahr</b> <i>Nilgiritragus hylocrius</i> (Ogilby, 1838)	Kerala and Tamil Nadu	<b>Endemic to India</b>	EN	I	-
417.	<b>Argali</b> <i>Ovis ammon</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Sikkim	Afghanistan, China, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Nepal, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan	NT	I	II
418.	<b>Urial</b> <i>Ovis vignei</i> Blyth, 1841	Jammu & Kashmir	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Iran, Kazakhstan, Oman, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan	VU	I	I

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
419.	Tibetan Antelope <i>Pantholops hodgsonii</i> (Abel, 1826)	Jammu & Kashmir	China	NT	I	I
420.	Bharal <i>Pseudois nayaur</i> (Hodgson, 1833)	Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Sikkim and Uttarakhand	Bhutan, China, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan	LC	I	-
<b>XIII. Order: CETARTIODACTYLA</b>						
<b>45. Family: Balaenopteridae (Rorquals)</b>						
421.	Common Minke Whale <i>Balaenoptera acutorostrata</i> Lacépède, 1804	Recorded from the Arabian Sea (Gujarat coast) and Bay of Bengal (Odisha and Tamil Nadu)	Worldwide: Arctic to tropical waters	LC	I	I
422.	Sei Whale <i>Balaenoptera borealis</i> Lesson, 1828	Recorded from the east coast and washed ashore on the west coast of India in Karnataka and Kerala	Worldwide: Cold temperate to warm temperate waters	EN	I	I
423.	Bryde's Whale <i>Balaenoptera brydei</i> Olsen, 1913	occur along the Indian coastline	worldwide in warm temperate and tropical waters	NA		
424.	Bryde's Whale <i>Balaenoptera edeni</i> Anderson, 1879	Recorded from the east and west coasts of India in Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Worldwide: warm temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	I
425.	Blue Whale <i>Balaenoptera musculus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Recorded from east and west coasts and washed ashore in Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Karnataka, Kerala, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu	Worldwide: arctic to tropical waters	EN	I	I
426.	Dwarf Fin Whale <i>Balaenoptera omurai</i> Wada <i>et al.</i> , 2003	Recorded from the east coast (off Andaman & Nicobar Is.)	Indo-Pacific and the Atlantic Oceans	DD	II	I

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
427.	<b>Fin Whale</b> <i>Balaenoptera physalus</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Recorded from the Indian Ocean Off the east and west coasts of India and washed ashore in Southern India, Gujarat, Goa, Maharashtra and Odisha	Worldwide: arctic to tropical waters	VU	I	I
428.	<b>Humpback Whale</b> <i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i> (Borowski, 1781)	Recorded from the Gulf of Mannar and off the west coast of India	Worldwide: cold temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	I
<b>46. Family: Delphinidae (Marine Dolphins)</b>						
429.	<b>Common Dolphin</b> <i>Delphinus delphis</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Recorded from the Indian Ocean	Worldwide: Near-shore tropical to temperate waters	LC	I	II
430.	<b>Pygmy Killer Whale</b> <i>Feresa attenuata</i> Gray, 1875	May be present in the Indian Ocean	Worldwide: tropical to warm-temperate waters	DD	I	II
431.	<b>Short-finned Pilot Whale</b> <i>Globicephala macrorhynchus</i> Gray, 1846	Recorded from the Bay of Bengal and Hooghly River mouth, Serampur, West Bengal also from the Gulf of Mannar and off Maharashtra on the west coast	Worldwide: tropical and warm temperate waters, cold temperate waters of the north Pacific, where it appears to stray as far as north as the Gulf of Alaska	DD	I	II
432.	<b>Risso's Dolphin</b> <i>Grampus griseus</i> (G Cuvier, 1812)	Recorded from the Indian Ocean	Worldwide: temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	II
433.	<b>Fraser's Dolphin</b> <i>Lagenodelphis hosei</i> Fraser, 1956	May be present in the Indian Ocean	Worldwide: warm temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	II
434.	<b>Irrawaddy Dolphin</b> <i>Orcaella brevirostris</i> (Owen in Gray, 1866)	East coast, estuaries of Krishna and Ganga and the Chilka Lake (Odisha)	Tropical coastal waters and large rivers, in southeast Asia, Indonesia, Irrawaddy River in Myanmar, Malaysia, northern Australia and Papua New Guinea	EN	I	I

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
435.	<b>Killer Whale</b> <i>Orcinus orca</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Recorded from the east coast (off Tamil Nadu), west coast (off Gujarat) and around Andaman & Nicobar Is. and Lakshadweep Is.	Worldwide: all seas and oceans	DD	I	II
436.	<b>Melon-headed Whale</b> <i>Peponocephala electra</i> (Gray, 1846)	Recorded from the Bay of Bengal off Andaman & Nicobar Is.	Worldwide: tropical to warm temperate waters	LC	I	II
437.	<b>False Killer Whale</b> <i>Pseudorca crassidens</i> (Owen, 1846)	Recorded from east and west coasts and Andaman & Nicobar Is., Andhra Pradesh, Lakshadweep and Tamil Nadu	Worldwide: temperate to tropical waters	NT	I	II
438.	<b>Indo-Pacific hump-back Dolphin</b> <i>Sousa chinensis</i> (Osbeck, 1765)	Recorded from the east and west coasts of Andaman Is., the mouth of the Ganges, the Bay of Bengal, the Arabian Sea and the Indian Ocean	Coastal waters and rivers from False Bay, South Africa, east to southern China and Moreton Bay, Queensland, Australia	VU	I	I
439.	<b>Indian Humpback Dolphin</b> <i>Sousa plumbea</i> Cuvier, 1829	occur along the Indian coastline	coastal areas ranging from Southern Africa to Western Indochina	EN	-	I
440.	<b>Pantropical Spotted Dolphin</b> <i>Stenella attenuata</i> (Gray, 1846)	Recorded from the Bay of Bengal off West Bengal (Sundarbans) and Tamil Nadu	Temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	II
441.	<b>Striped Dolphin</b> <i>Stenella coeruleoalba</i> (Meyen, 1833)	May be present in the Indian Ocean	Worldwide: temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	II
442.	<b>Spinner Dolphin</b> <i>Stenella longirostris</i> (Gray, 1828)	Recorded from the east and west coasts of India from Odisha	Worldwide: tropical oceans, Maldives Is., Sri Lanka, Western Pacific including the Gulf of Thailand, the Moluccas and the Java Seas	LC	I	II
443.	<b>Rough-toothed Dolphin</b> <i>Steno bredanensis</i> (G. Cuvier in Lesson, 1828)	Recorded from Bay of Bengal (Nicobar Is.)	Worldwide: tropical and subtropical waters, mainly the edges of the continental shelves, the indo-Malayan sea off Indonesia, Pakistan and Sri Lanka	LC	I	II

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P/A) (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
444.	<b>Indo-Pacific Bottlenose Dolphin</b> <i>Tursiops aduncus</i> (Ehrenberg, 1833)	Recorded from the Indian Ocean	Worldwide: Pacific Ocean, Japan, Northern China, Southern Australia and Southern Africa	NT	I	II
445.	<b>Bottlenose Dolphin</b> <i>Tursiops truncatus</i> (Montagu, 1821)	Arabian Sea and Bay of Bengal off Andhra Pradesh, Kerala and Tamil Nadu	Worldwide: warm and temperate seas, mainly but not exclusively in coastal waters, including the northern and eastern coasts of the ocean and around the Sunda Is. and Taiwan	LC	II	II
<b>47. Family: Phocoenidae (Porpoises)</b>						
446.	<b>Finless Porpoise</b> <i>Neophocaena phocaenoides</i> (G Cuvier, 1829)	Recorded from the east and west coasts of India, Andaman & Nicobar Is. Lakshadweep and Hugli estuary in West Bengal	Indo-pacific: warm temperate to tropical waters, Persian Gulf to Malaysia, North coast of Java, China and Japan: coastal waters and some rivers	VU	I	I
<b>48. Family: Physeteridae (Sperm Whales)</b>						
447.	<b>Pygmy Sperm Whale</b> <i>Kogia breviceps</i> (Blainville, 1838)	Recorded from east coast and west coasts of India (Andaman & Nicobar Is.)	Worldwide: throughout the tropical and subtropical oceans, south China seas including the coast of Sarawak	LC	I	II
448.	<b>Dwarf Sperm Whale</b> <i>Kogia sima</i> (Owen, 1866)	Recorded from East and west coasts	Throughout the tropical and subtropical regions including Sri Lanka, Lesser Saunda Island, Taiwan and Okinawa	LC	I	II
449.	<b>Sperm Whale</b> <i>Physeter macrocephalus</i> Linnaeus, 1758	Recorded from the Arabian Sea, Bay of Bengal (Andaman & Nicobar Is., Lakshadweep Is., Gujarat, Kerala, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu)	Worldwide: Antarctic and cold temperate waters (Northern hemisphere) to tropical waters	VU	I	I
<b>49. Family: Platanistidae (River Dolphins)</b>						
450.	<b>Ganges River Dolphin</b> <i>Platanista gangetica</i> (Roxburgh, 1801)	Brahmaputra, Ganges, Hoogley, Kamaphuli, Meghna and their tributaries and Indian seas	Bangladesh, Bhutan and Nepal	EN	I	I

S. No.	Species (common and scientific name)	Distribution		Conservation status		
		Within India	Outside India	IUCN (2023)	IW(P)A (Amendment, 2022)	CITES (2023)
451.	Indus River Dolphin <i>Platanista minor</i> Owen, 1853	Punjab	Pakistan (Indus River system)	NA	I	I
<b>50. Family: Ziphiidae (Beaked Whales)</b>						
452.	Indo-Pacific Beaked Whale <i>Indopacetus pacificus</i> (Longman, 1926)	Indian Ocean	West South Pacific oceans: tropical waters	LC	II	II
453.	Blainville's Beaked Whale <i>Mesoplodon densirostris</i> (Blainville, 1817)	Recorded from Nicobar Is.	Worldwide: Worldwide: temperate to tropical waters	LC	I	II
454.	Ginkgo-toothed Beaked Whale <i>Mesoplodon ginkgodens</i> Nishiwaki & Kamiya, 1958	May be present in Indian Oceans	North Pacific and Indian Oceans: warm-temperate to tropical waters; Japan, Taiwan, Baja California, Mexico, Sri Lanka, Indonesia and Australia	DD	I	II
455.	Cuvier's Beaked Whale <i>Ziphius cavirostris</i> G. Cuvier, 1823	Recorded from deep water off Indian coasts and Is.	North Pacific and Indian Oceans: warm-temperate to tropical waters; Japan, Taiwan, Baja California, Mexico, Sri Lanka, Indonesia and Australia	LC	I	II

**Abbreviations:**

**IUCN:** International Union for Conservation of Nature

**IUCN Red List of Threatened Species: Categories (CR:** Critically Endangered; **EN:** Endangered; **VU:** Vulnerable; **NT:** Near Threatened; **LC:** Least Concern; **DD:** Data Deficient;

**NA:** Not Accessed).

**IWPA:** Indian Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 2022, an act further to amend the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 (**Schedule I and II**).

**CITES:** Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (**Appendix I, II and III**).



Table 4. Checklist of Mammal subspecies of India.

S. No.	Order	Family	Subspecies (common and scientific name)	
1	SCANDENTIA	Tupaidae (treeshrew)	Little Nicobar Treeshrew <i>Tupaia nicobarica surda</i> Miller, 1902	
2	PRIMATES	Lorisidae (lorises)	Malabar Gray Slender Loris <i>Loris lydekkerianus malabaricus</i> Wroughton, 1917	
3		Cercopithecidae (old world monkeys)	Western Assamese Macaque <i>Macaca assamensis pelops</i> (Hodgson, 1840)	
4			Light-bellied Bonnet Macaque <i>Macaca radiata diluta</i> Pocock, 1931	
5			Southern Plains Langur <i>Semnopithecus hypoleucos achates</i> Pocock, 1928	
6			Konkan Langur <i>Semnopithecus hypoleucos iulus</i> Pocock, 1928	
7			Deccan Grey Langur <i>Semnopithecus priam anchises</i> (Blyth, 1844)	
8			Blond-bellied Langur <i>Trachypithecus pileatus pileatus</i> (Blyth, 1843)	
9			Orange-bellied Langur <i>Trachypithecus pileatus durga</i> (Wroughton, 1916)	
10			Buff-bellied Langur <i>Trachypithecus pileatus brahma</i> (Wroughton, 1916)	
11			RODENTIA	Sciuridae (squirrels)
12	<i>Ratufa indica dealbata</i> Blanford, 1897			
13	<i>Ratufa indica maxima</i> (Schreber, 1784)			
14	<i>Eoglaucmys fimbriatus baberi</i> (Blyth, 1847)			
15	<i>Petaurista philippensis cineraceus</i> Blyth, 1847			
16	<i>Callosciurus erythraeus erythrogaster</i> (Blyth, 1842)			
17	<i>Callosciurus erythraeus intermedius</i> (Anderson, 1879)			
18	<i>Callosciurus erythraeus bhutanensis</i> Bonhote, 1901			
19	<i>Callosciurus pygerythrus owensi</i> Thomas and Wroughton, 1916			
20	<i>Callosciurus pygerythrus stevensi</i> (Thomas, 1908)			
21	<i>Dremomys lokriah macmillani</i> Thomas & Wroughton, 1916			
22	<i>Dremomys lokriah garonum</i> Thomas, 1922			
23	<i>Dremomys lokriah pagus</i> Moore, 1956			
24	<i>Funambulus palmarum bellarius</i> Wroughton, 1916			
25	<i>Funambulus palmarum robertsoni</i> Wroughton, 1916			
26	<i>Funambulus pennantii argentiscens</i> Wroughton, 1905			
27	<i>Funambulus tristriatus numarius</i> Wroughton, 1916			

S. No.	Order	Family	Subspecies (common and scientific name)
28			<i>Bandicota bengalensis lordi</i> (Wroughton, 1908)
29			<i>Bandicota bengalensis wardi</i> Wroughton, 1908
30			<i>Bandicota indica nemorivaga</i> , 1836
31			<i>Bandicota indica malabarica</i> Shaw, 1801
32			<i>Millardia meltada pallidior</i> Ryley, 1914
33			<i>Millardia meltada singuri</i> Mandal & Ghosh, 1981
34			<i>Mus cookii nagarum</i> (Thomas, 1921)
35			<i>Mus musculus bactrianus</i> Blyth, 1846
36			<i>Mus musculus castaneus</i> Waterhouse, 1843
37			<i>Mus saxicola gurkha</i> (Thomas, 1914)
38		Muridae (old world rodents)	<i>Mus saxicola sadhu</i> (Wroughton, 1911)
39			<i>Niviventer niviventer lepcha</i> (Wroughton, 1916)
40			<i>Rattus rattus arboreus</i> (Horsfield, 1851)
41			<i>Rattus rattus bhotia</i> Hinton, 1918
42			<i>Rattus rattus brunneusculus</i> (Hodgson, 1845)
43			<i>Rattus rattus bullocki</i> Roonwal, 1948
44			<i>Rattus rattus gangutrianus</i> Hinton, 1919
45			<i>Rattus rattus narbadae</i> Hinton, 1918
46			<i>Rattus rattus rufescens</i> (Gray, 1837)
47			<i>Rattus rattus tistae</i> Hinton, 1918
48			<i>Rattus rattus wroughtoni</i> Hinton, 1919
49		Hystricidae (old world porcupines)	<i>Hystrix brachyura hodgsoni</i> (Gray, 1847)
50			<i>Hystrix brachyura subcristata</i> Swinhoe, 1870
51	LAGOMORPHA	Ochotonidae (pikas)	<i>Ochotona royllii nepalensis</i> Hodgson, 1841
52		Leporidae (hares & rabbits)	<i>Lepus nigricollis ruficaudatus</i> Geoffroy, 1826
53			<i>Lepus nigricollis dayanus</i> Blanford, 1874
54			<i>Lepus nigricollis sadiya</i> Kloss, 1918
55			<i>Lepus nigricollis simcoxi</i> Wroughton, 1912
56			<i>Lepus oiostolus pallipes</i> Hodgson, 1842
57			<i>Lepus oiostolus hypsibius</i> Blanford, 1875
58	EULIPOTYPHLA	Soricidae (shrews)	<i>Soriculus nigrescens minor</i> Dobson, 1890
59	CHIROPTERA	Pteropodidae (old world fruit bats)	<i>Cynopterus sphinx scherzeri</i> Zelebor, 1869
60			<i>Eonycteris spelaea glandifera</i> Lawrence, 1939
61			<i>Pteropus medius leucocephalus</i> Hodgson, 1835
62			<i>Pteropus melanotus tytleri</i> Mason, 1908
63			<i>Rhinolophus cognatus famulus</i> K. Andersen, 1918
64			<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum proximus</i> K. Andersen, 1905
65			<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum tragatus</i> Hodgson, 1835
66			<i>Rhinolophus lepidus monticola</i> K. Andersen, 1905
67			<i>Rhinolophus pusillus blythi</i> K. Andersen, 1918
68			<i>Rhinolophus pusillus gracilis</i> K. Andersen, 1905

S. No.	Order	Family	Subspecies (common and scientific name)	
69		Hipposideridae (old world leaf-nosed bats)	<i>Hipposideros fulvus pallidus</i> K. Andersen, 1918	
70			<i>Hipposideros galeritus brachyotis</i> Dobson, 1874	
71			Molossidae (free-tailed bats)	<i>Tadarida aegyptiaca sindica</i> Wroughton, 1919
72		<i>Tadarida aegyptiaca thomasi</i> Wroughton, 1919		
73		Vespertilionidae (vesper bats)		<i>Pipistrellus ceylonicus indicus</i> Dobson, 1878
74				<i>Pipistrellus ceylonicus subcanus</i> Thomas, 1915
75				<i>Pipistrellus javanicus camortae</i> Miller, 1902
76				<i>Pipistrellus javanicus babu</i> Thomas, 1915
77				<i>Myotis horsfieldii dryas</i> K. Andersen, 1907
78				<i>Myotis horsfieldii peshwa</i> (Thomas, 1915)
79				<i>Harpiocephalus harpia lasyurus</i> Hodgson, 1847
80				<i>Harpiocephalus harpia madrassius</i> Thomas, 1923
81		CARNIVORA	Felidae (cats)	Chinese Jungle Cat <i>Felis chaus affinis</i> Gray, 1830
82				Ceylon Jungle Cat <i>Felis chaus kelaarti</i> Pocock, 1939
83				Bengal Jungle Cat <i>Felis chaus kutas</i> Pearson, 1832
84	<i>Prionailurus bengalensis horsfieldi</i> (Gray, 1842)			
85	Asian Leopard Cat <i>Prionailurus bengalensis trevelyani</i> Pocock, 1939			
86	Viverridae (civets & palm civets)			Nepal Paguma <i>Paguma larvata grayi</i> (Bennett, 1835)
87				Andamanese Masked Palm Civet <i>Paguma larvata tytleri</i> (Tytler, 1864)
88				<i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus nictitans</i> Taylor, 1891
89				Pallas's Paradoxurus <i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus pallasii</i> Gray, 1832
90				<i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus scindiae</i> Pocock, 1934
91				<i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus laneus</i> Pocock, 1934
92				<i>Paradoxurus hermaphroditus vellerosus</i> Pocock, 1934
93				<i>Paradoxurus jerdoni caniscus</i> Pocock, 1933
94				Small North Indian Civet <i>Viverricula indica baptistae</i> Pocock, 1933
95				Rajasthan Small Civet <i>Viverricula indica deserti</i> Bonhote, 1898
96	Wells's Small Civet <i>Viverricula indica wellsii</i> Pocock, 1933			
97	Herpestidae (mongooses)			<i>Urva edwardsii carnaticus</i> Wroughton, 1921
98				<i>Urva edwardsii moerens</i> Wroughton, 1915
99				<i>Urva edwardsii pallens</i> Ryley, 1914
100				<i>Urva edwardsii montanus</i> Bechthold, 1936
101		Pale-footed Small Mongoose <i>Urva javanicus pallipes</i> Blyth, 1845		

S. No.	Order	Family	Subspecies (common and scientific name)	
102			Bengal Mongoose <i>Urva javanicus palustris</i> Ghose, 1965	
103			<i>Urva vitticollis inornatus</i> Pocock, 1941	
104		Hyaenidae (hyena)	Siamese Jackal <i>Canis aureus cruesemanni</i> Matschie, 1900	
105		Canidae (dogs)	Himalayan Golden Jackal <i>Canis aureus indicus</i> Hodgson, 1833	
106			Sri Lankan Jackal <i>Canis aureus naria</i> Wroughton, 1916	
107			Tibetan Grey Wolf <i>Canis lupus chanco</i> Gray, 1863	
108			Indian Wolf <i>Canis lupus pallipes</i> Sykes, 1831	
109			Montane Red Fox <i>Vulpes vulpes montana</i> (Pearson, 1836)	
110			Punjab Fox <i>Vulpes vulpes pusilla</i> Blyth, 1854	
111			Ursidae (bears & pandas)	Himalayan Black Bear <i>Ursus thibetanus laniger</i> (Pocock, 1932)
112			Mustelidae (badgers, otters, weasels & relatives)	<i>Lutra lutra concolor</i> Rafinesque, 1832
113		<i>Lutra cinerea nirnai</i> Pocock, 1940		
114		<i>Lutra lutra aurobrunnea</i> Hodgson, 1839		
115		Kashmir Otter <i>Lutra lutra kutab</i> Schinz, 1844		
116		Hill Otter <i>Lutra lutra monticola</i> Hodgson, 1839		
117		Indian Otter <i>Lutra lutra nair</i> F.G, Cuvier, 1823		
118		Hodgson Weasel <i>Mustela sibirica hodgsoni</i> Gray, 1843		
119		Himalayan Weasel <i>Mustela sibirica subhemachalana</i> Hodgson, 1837		
120		Tibetan Weasel <i>Mustela sibirica canigula</i> Hodgson, 1842		
121		PERISSODACTYLA	Equidae (horses, asses & zebras)	Southern Kiang <i>Equus kiang polyodon</i> Hodgson, 1847
122	ARTIODACTYLA	Suidae (pigs)	<i>Sus scrofa cristatus</i> Wagner, 1839	
123			<i>Sus scrofa affinis</i> Gray, 1847	
124			<i>Sus scrofa davidi</i> Groves, 1981	
125			<i>Axis porcinus annamiticus</i> Heude, 1888	
126			Hard-ground Barasingha <i>Rucervus duvaucelii branderi</i> Pocock, 1943	
127			<i>Rucervus duvaucelii ranjitsinhi</i> (Groves, 1982)	
128			Bovidae (cattle, antelope, sheep & goat)	Eastern Barasingha <i>Antelope cervicapra rajputanae</i> Zukowsky, 1927
129				<i>Gazella bennettii christii</i> Blyth, 1842
130		<i>Gazella bennettii salinarum</i> Groves, 2003		
131		North-eastern Wild Buffalo <i>Bubalus arnee fulvus</i> Blanford, 1897		

S. No.	Order	Family	Subspecies (common and scientific name)
132			<i>Tetracerus quadricornis iodes</i> B.H. Hodgson, 1847
133			<i>Tetracerus quadricornis subquadricornutus</i> (Elliot, 1839)
134			Bhutan Takin <i>Budorcas taxicolor whitei</i> Lydekker, 1907
135			Western Himalayan Goral <i>Naemorhedus goral bedfordi</i> (Lydekker, 1905)

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