# FAUNA OF INDIA CHECKLIST

**ONLINE VERSION 1.0** 



## ARTHROPODA: INSECTA: STREPSIPTERA

K.A. Subramanian<sup>1</sup>, Dej Vignesh, K.

¹Southern Regional Centre, Zoological Survey of India, Chennai-28, ²Zoological Survey of India, Kolkata-53, ¹subbuka.zsi@gmail.com; https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0872-9771, ²dejvignesh4896@gmail.com, Corresponding author: subbuka.zsi@gmail.com

Photo: Girish Kumar P., ZSI

DOI: https://doi.org/10.26515/Fauna/1/2023/Arthropoda:Insecta:Strepsiptera

Key words: Strepsiptera, India, checklist, insect diversity

Citation: Subramanian, K.A. and Dej Vignesh, K. (2024). Fauna of India Checklist: Arthropoda: Insecta: Strepsiptera. Version 1.0. Zoological Survey India. DOI: https://doi.org/10.26515/Fauna/1/2023/Arthropoda:Insecta:Strepsiptera

Comments on the checklist:
E-mail your comments and suggestions to improve the checklist to zsifaunachecklists@gmail.com; subbuka.zsi@gmail.com







**ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA**Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change

### ARTHROPODA: INSECTA: STREPSIPTERA

K.A. Subramanian<sup>1</sup>, Dej Vignesh, K.

<sup>1</sup>Southern Regional Centre, Zoological Survey of India, Chennai-28, <sup>2</sup>Zoological Survey of India, Kolkata-53, <sup>1</sup>subbuka.zsi@gmail.com; https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0872-9771, <sup>2</sup>dejvignesh4896@gmail.com, \*Corresponding author: subbuka.zsi@gmail.com

Introduction: The order Strepsiptera are endoparasitic insects of wasps, bees, leafhoppers, silverfish, orthopterans etc. The name of the order is received from the Greek word *Strephein* (twisted) *Pteron* (winged), hence the common name twisted-winged flies. Females never emerge from the host, however early-stagesof larvae actively seek a living host and the winged males a receptive female. The males are winged and appear like flies however, the forewings are modified as halters and hind wings are round and fan shaped. Unlike other insects, they lack compound eyes and instead they have a cluster of eyelets surrounded by cuticle. The female strepsipterans never leave the host and are highly modified morphologically. They lack wings, eyes and legs but have well developed cephalothorax. Male locate the females by pheromones and traumatically inseminate by rupturing the cuticle of cephalothorax. The larvae consume their mother from the inside and emerge through the head of mother. The larvae actively seek a new host and develop there. The adult males emerge and have a short lifespan of about five hours. They are non-feeding and locate females through pheromones. The females remain inside the host as parasite for their life.

Global diversity: Globally 604 species under 59 genera and 17 families are known.

**Diversity in India**: In India 30 species in fourteen genera and six families are known.

#### **Diversity in States**

**Table**: Strepsipteran species diversity across states.

Sl.No.	State/Union Territory	No. Species	No. Endemic Species
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2	2
3	Assam	0	0
4	Bihar	2	1
5	Chhattisgarh	0	0
6	Gujarat	1	0
7	Goa	0	0
8	Haryana	0	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	0	0
10	Jharkhand	0	0
11	Karnataka	4	4
12	Kerala	1	1
13	Madhaya Pradesh	0	0
14	Maharashtra	0	0
15	Manipur	0	0
16	Meghalaya	0	0

Sl.No.	State/Union Territory	No. Species	No. Endemic Species
17	Mizoram	0	0
18	Nagaland	0	0
19	Odisha	0	0
20	Punjab	0	0
21	Rajasthan	0	0
22	Sikkim	0	0
23	Tamil Nadu	0	0
24	Telangana	0	0
25	Tripura	0	0
26	Uttarpradesh	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	0	0
28	West Bengal	20	14
29	Andaman & Nicobar	0	0
30	Chandigarh	0	0
31	Dadra Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu	0	0
32	Delhi	0	0
33	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0
34	Ladakh	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0
36	Puducherry	0	0
37	State Unknown	1	0
	INDIA TOTAL	30	22

Endemism: Twenty-two species are endemic to India.

**Habitat**: They are widely distributed but difficult to locate due their extreme rarity.

**Ecological Significance**: They are minor parasites of many insect orders.

**Human Significance**: Strepsiptera are parasites of agriculturally important pastes.

Threatened species: No species are reported as threatened in India.

**Protected Species as per WPA (2022):** Species reported from India are not listed under any Schedules of the Wildlife Protection Act.

**Species under CITES**: Species reported from India are not listed under CITES.

**Invasive alien species**: No invasive alien species are reported from this order.

**Gap areas:** Through Strepsiptera are widely distributed, they are not recorded from several states. Further, information on geographic distribution and hosts for most of the species is limited.

#### Checklist of Strepsiptera of India

#### Family: Elenchidae

1. Elenchus japonicus Esaki and Hashimoto, 1931

#### Family: Xenidae

- 2. Tachytixenos indicus Pierce, 1911
- 3. *Xenos ropalidiae* (Kinzelbach, 1975)
- 4. Xenos hebraei Kinzelbach, 1978

#### Family: Corioxenidae

- 5. Corioxenos raoi Baliga, 1967
- 6. Dundoxenos kinzelbachi Luna de Carvalho, 1985
- 7. Triozocera pugiopennis Chaudhuri and Das Gupta, 1979
- 8. Viridipromontorius aequus (Roy and Hazra, 2016)

#### Family: Lychnocolacidae

9. Lychnocolax similis Chaudhuri, Ghosh and Das Gupta, 1983

#### Family: Myrmecolacidae

- 10. Myrmecolax comparilis Roy and Hazra, 2017
- 11. Myrmecolax pierci (Chattopadhyay and Chaudhuri, 1980)
- 12. Myrmecolax plantipes (Chaudhuri, 1978)
- 13. Stichotrema sagax Roy and Hazra, 2017

#### Family: Halictophagidae

- 14. Coriophagus calcaneus Roy and Hazra, 2016
- 15. Halictophagus acerbus Mazumdar and Chaudhuri, 1997
- 16. Halictophagus australensis Perkins, 1905
- 17. Halictophagus bipunctatus Yang, 1955
- 18. Halictophagus compactus (Pierce, 1914)
- 19. Halictophagus indicus Bohart, 1943
- 20. Halictophagus membraciphaga (Subramanian, 1927)
- 21. Halictophagus palmae Kathirithamby and Ponnamma, 2000
- 22. Halictophagus prominens Roy and Hazra, 2016
- 23. Halictophagus tenebrosus Chaudhurim Ghosh and Das Gupta, 1983
- 24. Tridactylophagus aduncus Maxumdar and Chaudhuri, 1999
- 25. Tridactylophagus carinatus Maxumdar and Chaudhuri, 1999
- 26. Tridactylophagus coniferus (Yang, 1964)
- 27. Tridactylophagus maculatus Chaudhuri, Ghosh and Das Gupta, 1983
- 28. Tridactylophagus mysorensis Subramaniam, 1932
- 29. Tridactylophagus orientalis (Chaudhuri and Das Gupta, 1979)
- 30. Tridactylophagus sufflatus Hui, Mukherjee and Hazra, 2023

#### **References:**

**Kathirithamby**, **J.** (2023). World Strepsiptera Database. Accessed at https://strepsiptera.aphia.org on 2023-10-07. doi:10.14284/484.

**Hui, P., Roy, S. and Hazra, N. (2023)**. Diversity and biology of the Indian Strepsiptera with a pictorial key. Indian Journal of Entomology Online published Ref. No. e23364 DoI. No.: 10.55446/IJE.2023.1364.

https://www.catalogueoflife.org/data/dataset/1103. Accessed on 2023-10-07.