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# Records of the Zoological Survey of India

**A STUDY ON THE SEXUALES OF APHIDS  
(HOMOPTERA : APHIDIDAE) IN INDIA**

by  
**R. C. BASU**  
and  
**D. N. RAYCHAUDHURI**

Issued by The Director  
Zoological Survey of India, Calcutta

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सत्यमेव जयते

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# A STUDY ON THE SEXUALES OF APHIDS (HOMOPTERA : APHIDIDAE) IN INDIA

*by*

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## INTRODUCTION

So far about 600 aphid species distributed over 200 genera are known from India. These species mostly occur in the hilly areas. In the hilly terrains some species occur almost throughout the year while others are somewhat seasonal.

Most of the aphid species stated above breed parthenogenetically in Indian climate.

However, till 1960 sexuales of only 3 species of aphids were known from India. Subsequently stray reports of sexuales have been made from different parts of India. But at present sexuales of 80 species (*i.e.* about 13% of the known species) distributed over 53 genera (*i.e.* 26% of the known genera) could be found. They represented either only by males or oviparae or by both.

Out of 53 genera only males are known for 11 genera, oviparae for 13 genera and both males and oviparae for 29 genera. A similar analysis at the species level brings out that out of 80 species both males and oviparae are known for 31 species, while only males are known for 23 species and only oviparae for 26 species.

Most of the sexuales are known to occur at altitudes varying between *Ca* 750 m and *Ca* 4500 m during the colder part of the year. Inci-

dentally it may be stated that so far sexuales of only a few species are reported from places at lower altitude or even from plains.

A consolidated account of the available sexual forms has been provided in this paper in view of lack of such an account.

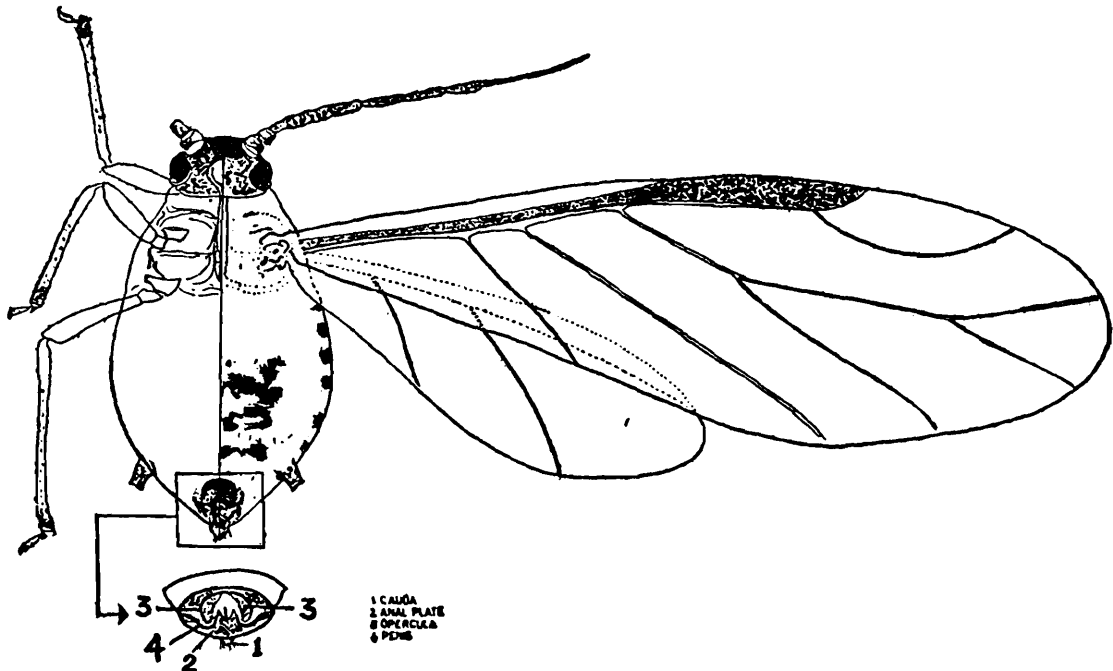
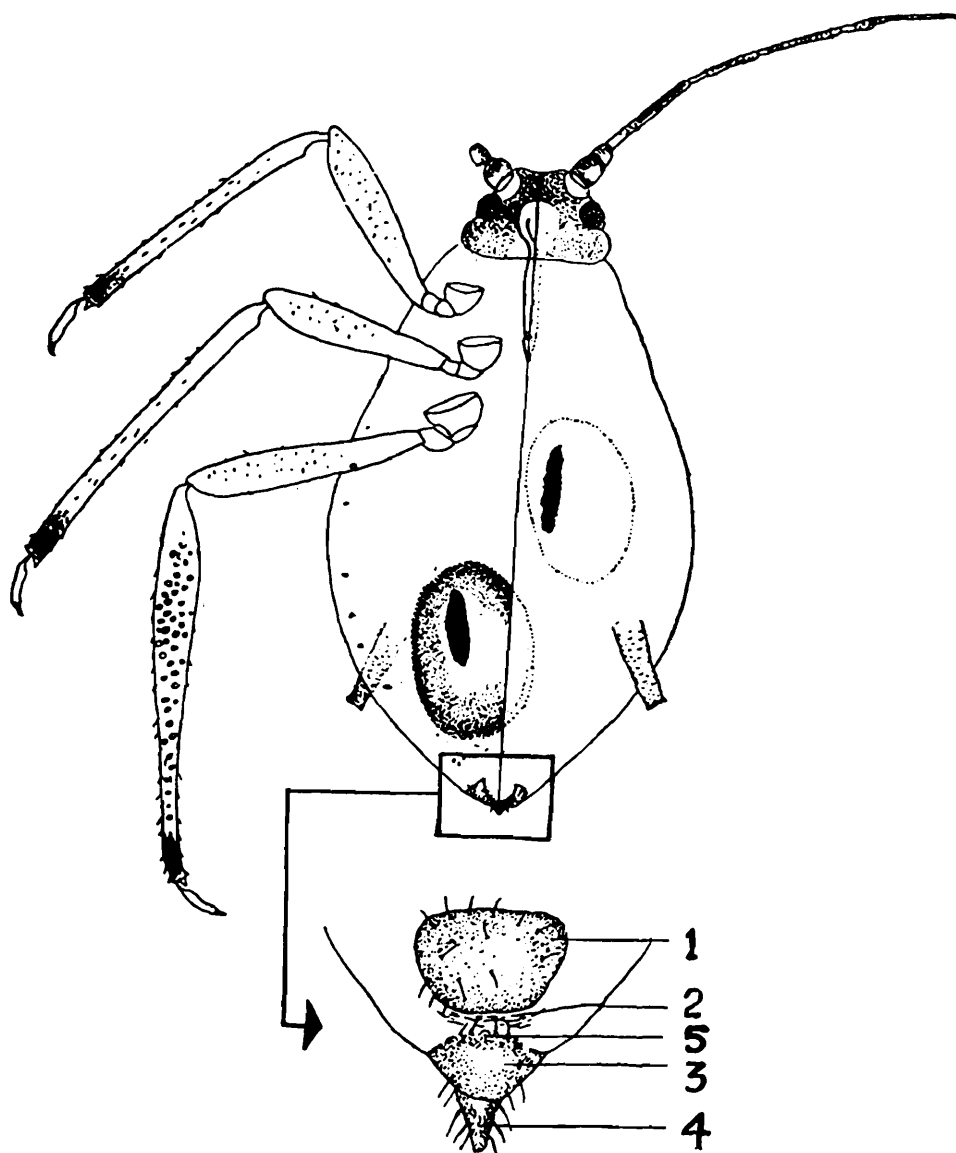


Fig. 1

Here, under each species the original reference and the Indian references concerning the find of the sexual morphs are provided. Besides, short description of the sexual morph with the measurements of one specimen in mm has been given in such cases where sexual form of a species is reported for the first time. Such description has also been provided even for those sexual morphs which have been reported before from India without any description. In this connection it may be pointed out that under each 'species' the term 'material' refers only to specimens of sexual forms.

Male and female genitalia as observed after bleaching have been figured for some species. Besides, for oviparae the nature of the hind tibia which is usually swollen and bears pseudosensoria has been shown in the figures (Figs. 1, 2 & Pl-I).

Abbreviations used in the text are : processus terminalis—p.t., antennal segment III—segment III, Ultimate rostral segment—u.r.s., second segment of hind tarsus—h.t.2, Yellow pan water trap—Y.P.T.



1. GENITAL PLATE OR SUB-GENITAL PLATE  
 2. VULVA OR GENITAL PORE  
 3. ANAL PLATE  
 4. CAUDA  
 5. RUDIMENTARY GONAPOPHYSES

Fig. 2

SYSTEMATIC ACCOUNT

Subfamily : ANOECIINAE

I. Genus *Aiceona* Takahashi

*Key to the species*

Alate ovipara :

1. Hairs on fore wing scattered all over ; u.r.s. about  $1.14 - 1.25 \times h.t.2$  ; dorsal cephalic hairs about  $3.65 - 3.75 \times b.d. III$  ; antennal segments III, IV, V and base of segment VI with 17-26, 8-12, 2-6 and 1 secondary rhinaria respectively

*litseae* Basu and Hille Ris Lambers

Hairs on the forewing arranged only along the costal margins and pterostigma ; secondary rhinaria more numerous

2

2. Processus terminalis about  $0.94 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; u. r. s. about  $1.40 \times$  h.t. 2 ; siphuncular cone with 7-10 hairs ; longest dorsal cephalic hair about  $6.16 \times$  b.d. III

*paraosugii* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

processus terminalis about  $0.41-0.43 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; u. r. s. about  $1.0-1.04 \times$  h. t. 2 ; siphuncular cone with 27-30 hairs ; longest dorsal cephalic hair about  $4.78-4.85 \times$  b. d. III

*robustiseta* Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

#### Alate male :

Fore wing reticulated near apex ; p. t. about  $0.32 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; u. r. s. about  $0.60 \times$  h. t. 2 ; only antennal segment III with 20-22 secondary rhinaria

*retipennis* David, Narayanan and Rajasingh

Fore wing without reticulation ; p. t. about  $0.56 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; u. r. s. nearly as long as h. t. 2 ; antennal segments III, IV, and V with 47-53, 10-13, and 6-7 secondary rhinaria respectively

*robustiseta* Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

#### 1. *Aiceona litseae* Basu and Hille Ris Lambers

*Aiceona litseae* Basu and Hille Ris Lambers, 1968, *Ent. Bericht.*, 28 : 7.

*Aiceona litseae* : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 334 (misdet as alate ♂)

*Material* : 7 alate oviparous ♀♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Mongbul, 12. xii. 1970 from *Litsea polyantha*, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 2 alate oviparous ♀♀, West Bengal : Mongbul, 16. iii. 1970, from *Litsea* sp. coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 1 alate oviparous ♀, West Bengal : Kurseong, 2. ii. 1970 from *Litsea* sp., coll. S.D. Chakrabarti.

#### 2. *Aiceona paraosugii* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Aiceona paraosugii* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 324.

*Aiceona paraosugii* : Pal and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1977, *Oriental Ins.*, II : 376.

*Material* : 1 alate oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Kalimpong, ii. 1970, in Y.P.T., coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

### 3. *Aiceona retipennis* David, Narayanan and Rajasingh

*Aiceona retipennis* David, Narayanan and Rajasingh, 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 413.

*Aiceona retipennis* : Pal and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1977, *Oriental Ins.*, 11 : 376.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : West Bengal, Kalimpong, ii. 1970, in Y.P.T coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

### 4. *Aiceona robustiseta* Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Aiceona robustiseta* Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 7 : 553.

*Aiceona robustiseta* : Pal and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1977, *Oriental Ins.*, 11 : 377.

*Material* : 2 alate oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Kalimpong, ii. 1970, in Y.P.T., coll. *M. R. Ghosh* ; 1 alate oviparous ♀, West Bengal : Munsong, 8. vi. 1971, from *Litsea polyantha*, coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

## Subfamily : APHIDINAE

## II. Genus *Acutosiphon* Basu, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

### 5. *Acutosiphon obliquoris* Basu, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Acutosiphon obliquoris* Basu, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 84.

*Acutosiphon obliquoris* : Ghosh, M. R., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 48.

*Acutosiphon obliquoris* : Hille Ris Lambers, 1973, *Oriental Ins.*, 7 : 240.

*Acutosiphon obliquoris* : Ghosh, M. R., Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, 10 : 269.

*Material* : 4 alate ♂ ♂, INDIA : Sikkim : Gangtok, 26. xii. 1969, from an unidentified plant of Cyperaceae, coll. *M. R. Ghosh* ; 6 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Meghalaya : Shillong, 27. xii. 1964. from an unidentified plant, coll. *C.I.B.C.*, India.

III. Genus *Amphorophora* Buckton6. *Amphorophora ampullata bengalensis* Hille Ris Lambers and Basu

*Amphorophora ampullata bengalensis* Hille Ris Lambers and Basu, 1956, *Ent. Bericht.*, 26 : 14.

*Amphorophora ampullata bengalensis* : Ghosh, A. K., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 103.

*Amphorophora ampullata* Buckton : Ghosh, L. K., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 131 (misdet).

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Arunachal : Rahung, 28. xi. 1969, from an unidentified fern, coll. H. Banerjee ; 3 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Himachal Pradesh : 6. i. 1970 from an unidentified fern coll. L. K. Ghosh ; 2 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Arunachal : Ziro, 26. xi. 1971, from an unidentified fern, coll. R. Basu.

IV Genus *Aphis* Linnaeus*Key to the species*

## Apterous ovipara :

Second segment of hind tarsus with both ventral and dorsal secondary hairs besides primary hairs ; cauda elongate with the apex narrowed : hind tibiae about  $8.0 \times$  its maximum width near base

*craccivora* Koch

Second segment of hind tarsus with only ventral secondary hairs besides the primary ones ; cauda elongate with blunt apex ; hind tibiae about  $5.50-7.20 \times$  its maximum width which is at about the middle

*gossypii* group

## Alate male :

1. Processus terminalis about  $3.0 \times$  the base of last antennal segment, 20-25 secondary rhinaria present on antennal segment III, 15-20 on IV and 10-18 on V

*craccivora* Koch

Processus terminalis about 2.0 to atmost  $2.50 \times$  the base of last antennal segment .

2

2. Processus terminalis about 2.30-2.50 × the base of last antennal segment, segment III with 28-35, IV with 15-24 and V with 15-20 secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over entire length of the segment ; cauda elongate with blunt apex

*gossypii* group

Processus terminalis about 2.0 × the base of last antennal segment, secondary rhinaria on antennal segment V fewer *i. e.* only 6-8 ; cauda elongate and conical

*nasturtii* Kaltenbach

## 7. *Aphis clematidis simlaensis* Kumar and Burkhardt

*Aphis clematidis simlaensis* Kumar and Burkhardt, 1970, *J. Kansas Ent. Soc.*, **53** : 463.

*Material* : 1 apterous ♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 28. xi. 1966, from *Clematis* sp., coll. R. Kumar.

Note : Males are normally alatae in this Subfamily but the report of apterous male appears interesting.

## 8. *Aphis craccivora* Koch

*Aphis craccivora* Koch, 1854, *Die Pflanzen. Aphiden*, **1** : 124.

*Aphis craccivora* : Basu, R. C., Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1968, *Oriental Ins.*, **2** : 349.

*Material* : 11 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 2 alate ♂♂, INDIA : West Bengal : Calcutta, 6. ii. 1968, and 7. ii. 1968, from *Tinospora cordifolia*, coll. D.N. Raychaudhuri.

## 9. *Aphis gossypii* group

*Aphis gossypii* Glover, 1877, *Rept. Com. Agr. operations dept. for 1876* 136.

*Aphis gossypii* : Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1962, *J. Asiat. Soc.*, **4** : 101.

*Aphis* sp. : Ghosh, L. K., 1967, *Indian J. Sci. Indust. (B)*, **4** : 24.

*Aphis gossypii* group : Chowdhuri, A. N., Chakrabarti, S., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1960, *Sci. and Cult.* **36** : 550.

*Aphis ? gossypii* Glover : David and Hameed, 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, **9** : 215.

*Material* : 4 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Rautara, 23. i. 1967, from *Citrus decumina*, coll. L. K. Ghosh ; 3 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Meghalaya : Shillong, 18. xii. 1968, from an unidentified plant of Rhamnaceae, coll. R. Basu ; 2 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Arunachal : Changlang, 20. xii. 1970, from *Perilla osmoides*, coll. R. Basu ; many apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Himachal Pradesh : Keylong, viii. 1972, from *Calendula* sp., coll. S. F. Hameed ; 1 alate ♂, Assam : Tocklai, 18. i. 1960, from *Camellia sinensis*, coll. A. K. Ghosh ; 1 alate ♂, Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 28. x. 1968, from *Zinnia* sp., coll. A. N. Chowdhuri ; 2 alate ♂ ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 3. i. 1969, in Y.P.T., coll. R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂, West Bengal : Kalimpong, 20. ii. 1969, from *Erectites valerifolia*, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 2 alate ♂ ♂, Meghalaya : Maflong, 28. i. 1970, from *Salvia* sp., coll. S. Sarkar ; 1 alate ♂, West Bengal : Peshoke, 11. xii. 1970, from *Bidens pilosa*, coll. M. R. Ghosh.

#### 10. *Aphis nasturtii* Kaltenbach

*Aphis nasturtii* Kaltenbach, 1843, *Mon. der. Fam. der pflanzen* : 76

*Aphis nasturtii* : Chakrabarti, S., Chowdhuri, A. N. and Raychaudhuri D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 329.

*Aphis nasturtii* : Basu, K. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 86

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Khardala, 29. xii. 1968, from an unidentified shrub, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri ; 2 alate ♂ ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 2. ii. 1969 and 4. ii. 1969, in Y.P.T., coll. R. Basu.

#### V Genus *Aulacorthum* Mordvilko

#### 11. *Aulacorthum magnoliae* ( Essig and Kuwana )

*Rhopalosiphum magnoliae* Essig and Kuwana, 1918, *Proc. California. Acad. Sci.*, 8 : 59.

*Aulacorthum magnoliae* (Essig and Kuwana) : Basu, A. N., 1968, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 356.

*Aulacorthum magnoliae* : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 334.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : West Bengal : Kalimpong, from *Cucurbita moschata*, coll. A. N. Basu ; 2 alate ♂ ♂, West Bengal : Peshoke, 11. xii. 1970, from *Cucurbita maxima* coll. M. R. Ghosh.

Note : Basu, A. N. (1969) Just mentioned November as time of occurrence of alate male in Kalimpong without providing collection data and description. Later, Ghosh, A. C., Ghosh, M.R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1972) have provided the description with morphometric data of the alate male from the same locality.

## 12. *Aulacorthum* sp.

*Aulacorthum* sp. : Ghosh, A. K., Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970 *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 66.

*Aulacorthum* sp. : Ghosh, A. K., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 109.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Arunachal : Bhalukpong, 31. xii. 1969, from *Pterospermum* sp., coll. H. Banerjee ; 1 alate ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 24. xii. 1968, in Y.P.T., coll. R. Basu and 2 alate ♂ ♂, 15. xii. 1969 from *Artemisia* sp. and 19. xii. 1969 from *Solanum* sp., coll. H. Banerjee.

Note : Specific determination has not been possible with the available material.

## VI. Genus *Brachycaudus* van der Goot

### 13. *Brachycaudus helichrysi* (Kaltenbach)

*Aphis helichrysi* Kaltenbach, 1843, *Mon. der. Fam. der pflanzen* : 102

*Brachycaudus helichrysi* (Kaltenbach) : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 86.

*Brachycaudus helichrysi* : Chowdhuri, A. N., Ghosh, A. K., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970. *Sci. & Cult.*, 36 : 550.

*Brachycaudus helichrysi* : Ghosh, M. R., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 24 : 49.

*Brachycaudus helichrysi* : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental. Ins.*, 6 : 336.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 13. xii. 1968, from *Prunus* sp., coll. R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂, Himachal Pradesh : Simla 1. xi. 1968, from ? *Lycopersicum esculantum*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri ; 1 alate ♂, Sikkim : Singtam, 27. xii. 1968, from *Prunus* sp., coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 13 alate ♂ ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, I and II, 1969, in Y.P.T., coll. R. Basu ; 2 alate ♂ ♂ ; West Bengal : Kalimpong, 19. xii. 1970, in Y.P.T., coll. M.R. Ghosh.

*Apterous oviparous female* : Body oval, 1.25 mm long with 0.65 mm as the maximum width, almost pale excepting antennal segments V and VI, rostrum, siphunculus, cauda and hind tibiae which are dark. Antennae short, about  $0.50 \times$  the body ; p.t.  $3.0 \times$  the base of the last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching hind coxae, u.r.s.  $1.40 \times$  h.t. 2. Siphunculi  $0.09 \times$  the body,  $1.70 \times$  its basal width and nearly  $2.0 \times$  the cauda which is broad, about as long as width at base and bearing 6 hairs. Hind tibia swollen with numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterous viviparae.

Measurements of the specimen in mm : Length of body 1.25, width 0.65 ; antenna 0.57, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.11:0.08:0.08:(0.05+0.15) ; u.r.s. 0.11 ; h.t. 2 0.08 ; siphunculus 0.12 ; cauda 0.06.

*Alate male* : Body dark brown. 1.50 mm- 1.70 mm long with 0.60 mm-0.80 mm as the maximum width. Antennae rather long, about  $0.70-0.80 \times$  the body, antennal segment III with 32 to 60, segment IV with 17-36 and segment V with 5-17 secondary rhinaria distributed over their entire lengths ; p.t.  $4.0-5.0 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum blunt, reaching almost mid coxae ; u.r.s.  $1.40-1.60 \times$  h.t. 2. Dorsum of abdomen with transverse pigmented bands and marginal blotches segmentally. Siphunculi rather short,  $0.06-0.07 \times$  the body, a little over  $2.0 \times$  its basal width and  $1.30-1.60 \times$  the cauda bearing 6 hairs. Wing venation normal. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.61, width 0.72 ; antenna 1.25, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.37: 0.21:0.14 : (0.07+0.33) ; u.r.s. 0.11 ; h.t.2 0.08 ; siphunculus 0.10 ; cauda 0.07.

Note : The oviparae are not commonly found in India.

## VII. Genus *Brachymyzus* Basu

### 14. *Brachymyzus jasmini* Basu

*Brachymyzus Jasmini* Basu, 1964, *J. Linn. Soc (zool)*, 45 : 225.

*Brachymyzus Jasmini* : Mondal, P. K., Agarwala, B. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1978, *Entomon*, 3 : 105.

*Material* : 2 apterous oviparous ♀♀, INDIA : Sikkim : Tsungthang, 14. xi. 1974, from *Nellia* sp., coll P. K. Mondal ; 1 alate ♂, Tsungthang, 14. xi. 1974, from *Pilea microphylla*. coll. P. K. Mondal.

VIII. Genus *Brevicoryne* van der Goot15. *Brevicoryne brassicae* (Linnaeus)

*Aphis brassicae* Linnaeus, 1758, *Syst. Nat.*, 1 (10th ed.) : 452.

*Brevicoryne brassicae* (Linnaeus) : David, 1958, *J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc.*, 55 : 115.

*Brevicoryne brassicae* : Banerjee, H., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 257.

*Brevicoryne brassicae* Ghosh, A. K. Chakrabarti, S., Chowdhuri, A. N. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.* 3 : 330.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Simla, in the month of March from *Brassica oleracea*, coll. A. N. Azad ; 3 alate ♂♂, Uttar Pradesh : Sangtang hills, 13. xi. 1968 ; from *Brassica* sp., coll. H. Banerjee ; 4 alate ♂♂, Uttar Pradesh : Kuti hills, 24. xi. 1968, from *Brassica* sp., coll. H. Banerjee : 1 alate ♂, Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 10. i. 1969, from *Brassica oleracea*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri.

*Alate male* : Body 1.50 -1.80 mm long with 0.60-0.70 mm as the maximum width. Head dark brown. Antennae shorter than to nearly as long as body ; p. t. about 4.50-6.0 × the base of last antennal segment ; segment III with 30-50, segment IV with 6-10 and segment V with 5-9 secondary rhinaria ; longest hair on segment III about 0.40-0.50 × the basal diameter of the segment. Abdomen pale, dorsum with segmental pale to dark brown sclerotic patches, Siphunculi about 0.05-0.07 × the body and about 0.65-0.08 × the cauda. Wing venation normal. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.68, width 0.64 ; antenna 1.61, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.42:0.24:0.20: (0.09+0.51) ; u.r.s. 0.10 ; h.t.2 0.14 ; siphunculus 0.09 ; cauda 0.12.

Note : Apterous ovipara of this species was reported by David (1958). He did neither provide any description nor morphometric and collection data. His material was not available to us for examination. Therefore, the description as well as the measurements of the ovipara has not been provided. Oviparae seem to be infrequent.

IX. Genus *Capitophorus* van der Goot*Key to the species*

## Apterous ovipara :

Longest hair on segment III about 1.0-1.25  
 × the basal diameter of the segment ;  
 siphunculi 0.30 × the body ; u. r. s. 2.0 ×  
 the h.t.2 ; antenna as long as body ; body  
 1.30 mm long

*formosartemisiae* (Takahashi)

Longest hair on segment III about 0.30-0.50  
 × the basal diameter of the segment ;  
 siphunculi 0.21 × the body ; u. r. s. 3.0-  
 3.10 × the h.t.2 ; antenna shorter than  
 body ; body 1.47 mm long . . . . .

*meghalayensis* Basu and  
 Raychaudhuri

16. *Capitophorus formosartemisiae* (Takahashi)

*Myzus formosartemisiae* Takahashi, 1921. *Aphididae of Formosa, pt., 1* : 25.

*Capitophorus formosartemisiae* (Takahashi) : Ghosh, A. K., Basu, R. C. and  
 Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Kontyu*, 39 : 121.

*Capitophorus formosartemisiae* : Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1976,  
*Oriental Ins.* 10 : 571.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, Bhutan : Chiska village, 7. ii.  
 1968, from *Artemisia* sp., coll. S. Mitra.

17. *Capitophorus meghalayensis* Basu and Raychaudhuri

*Capitophorus meghalayensis* Basu and Raychaudhuri, 1976, *Oriental Ins.*,  
 10 : 575.

*Capitophorus archangelskii* Nevsky : *mis.det.* Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and  
 Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 86.

*Material* : 2 apterous oviparous ♀♀, INDIA : Meghalaya :  
 Shillong, 16. i. 1969, from *Elaeagnus* sp., coll. R. Basu.

X. Genus *Cavariella* del Guercio18. *Cavariella (Cavariella) aquatica* (Gillette and Bragg)

*Siphocoryne aquatica* Gillette and Bragg, 1916, *Ent. News*, 27 : 447.

*Cavariella (Cavariella) aquatica* (Gillette and Bragg) ; David and Hameed,  
 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 218.

*Material* : 12 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 4 apterous ♂♂, INDIA : Jammu and Kashmir : Srinagar, 21. xi. 1970, from *Salix* sp. coll. K. Narayanan.

Note : The report of apterous males from north west India by David and Hameed (1975) is interesting in view of occurrence of alate males of some other species under the same genus in north east India.

### 19. *Cavariella* sp.

*Cavariella* sp. : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Sci. & Cult.*, 38 : 494.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Arunachal : Ziro, 26. xi. 1971, from an unidentified plant of Solanaceae, coll. R. Basu.

Note : Since the specific determination of the material has not been possible, short description and morphometric data of the morph are not provided here.

## XI. Genus *Chaetosiphon* Mordvilko

### 20. *Chaetosiphon* (*Pentatrichopus*) *fragifolii* (Cockerell)

*Myzus fragifolii* Cockerell, 1901, *Canad. Ent.*, 33 : 101.

*Chaetosiphon* (*Pentatrichopus*) *fragifolii* (Cockerell) : Banerjee, H., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 257.

*Material* : 2 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Gunji, 27. ix. 1968, in Y.P.T. coll, H. Banerjee.

*Alate male* : Body 1.82 - 1.86 mm long with 0.68 - 0.72 mm as maximum width. Head blackish brown, smooth. Antennae about 0.81 - 0.88 × the body ; p.t. about 2.0 - 2.36 × the base of last antennal segment ; segment III with 27 - 34, IV without any and V with 6-9 secondary rhinaria, longest hair on segment III about 0.37 - 0.40 × the basal diameter of the segment. Rostrum reaches slightly beyond fore coxae, u.r.s nearly as long as h.t. 2. Thorax dark brown. Abdominal dorsum with segmental dark brown spinal, pleural and marginal patches ; longest hair on anterior tergites about 0.30 × the basal diameter of the segment III. Siphunculi brown, slightly swollen on spical 0.50 portion, about 0.12-0.13 × the body and about 2.0-2.20 × the cauda bearing 5-6 hairs. Wing venation normal.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.86, width 0.72 ; antenna 1.50, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.47:0.26:0.25: (0.11+0.26) ; u.r.s. 0.10 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.25 ; cauda 0.12.

Note : Banerjee, H., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D.N. (1969) just reported the sexual form without any description.

## XII. Genus *Coloradoa* Wilson

### 21. *Coloradoa rufomaculata* (Wilson)

*Aphis rufomaculata* Wilson, 1908, *Ent. News.*, **19** : 261.

*Coloradoa rufomaculata* (Wilson) : Rao and Kulkarni, 1977, *Natural Sciences J. Marathwada Univ.*, **16** (Sci.) : 147.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Marathwada : Aurangabad, 1. xii. 1971, from *Chrysanthemum indicum*, coll. P. P. Kulkarni.

## XIII. Genus *Dysaphis* Börner

### 22. *Dysaphis ghanii* group

*Dysaphis ghanii* Stroyan, 1963 *Proc. R. ent. Soc. London* (B) **32** : 12.

*Dysaphis ghanii* : Ghosh, A. K., Chakrabarti, S., Chowdhuri, A. N. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, **3** : 330.

*Material* : 2 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Khadralla, 26. xi. 1968, from *Fragaria nilgerriensis*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri ; 2 alate ♂♂, Khadralla, 28. xi. 1968, from *Cotoneaster bacillaris*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri ; 3 alate ♂♂, Khadralla, 2. xii. 1970 from *Cotoneaster bacillaris*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri..

### 23. *Dysaphis* sp.

*Dysaphis* sp. : Banerjee, H., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, **3** : 257.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh ; Kuti hill. 29. ix. 1968. in Y.P.T., coll. H. Banerjee.

Note : Single alate male could not be identified up to species level. So short description and morphometric data of the morph have not been provided here.

XIV. Genus *Hayhurstia* del Guercio24. *Hayhurstia artiplicis* (Linnaeus)

*Aphis artiplicis* Linnaeus, 1761. *Fauna Succica* (2nd ed.) : 262.

*Hayhurstia artiplicis* (Linnaeus) : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Sci. & Cult.*, **38** : 494.

*Material* 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Arunachal : Hapoli (Ziro) 26. xi. 1971, from *Chenopodium album*, coll. R. Basu.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body 1.56 mm long with 0.97 mm as maximum width. Head very indistinctly rugose with hardly developed lateral frontal tubercles and with weakly developed median convexity. Antennae about  $0.50 \times$  the body ; flagellar hair very short and sparse ; p.t. about  $2.0 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching past the mid coxae ; u.r.s. shorter than h.t. 2. Dorsum of abdomen pale excepting segment 8 bearing a brownish patch. Siphunculi nearly cylindrical with slight swelling medially, about  $0.09 \times$  the body and much shorter than cauda bearing 7 hairs. Hind tibiae swollen and with numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.56, width 0.97 ; antenna 0.76, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.18:0.08:0.09: (0.08+0.16) ; u.r.s. 0.09 ; h.t.2 0.11 ; siphunculus 0.11 ; cauda 0.14.

Note : Basu, R.C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1972) Just reported the species. So a short description of the sexual morph has now been given here.

XV. Genus *Hyperomyzus* Börner25. *Hyperomyzus lactucae* (Linnaeus)

*Aphis lactucae* Linnaeus, 1758, *Syst. Nat.*, **10** : 452.

*Hyperomyzus lactucae* (Linnaeus) : Ghosh, A. K., Chakrabarti, S., Chowdhuri, A. N. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, **3** : 331.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Khadrula, 26. xi. 1968, from *Taxus baccata*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri.

*Alate male* : Body 2.91mm long with the maximum width as 1.01mm. Head dark brown with well developed diverging lateral frontal tubercles. Antennae broken ; segments I-III dark brown, segment I about  $1.4 \times$

as long as its width ; segment III with numerous (68-75) secondary rhinaria scattered irregularly over the entire length ; longest hair on segment III shorter than its basal width. Rostrum reaching mid coxae, u.r.s. about as long as h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen with short, transverse spinopleural dark bands on segments 1-8, these being a little reduced on anterior tergites, with small sclerotic spots marginally and with large dark sclerotic post-siphuncular sclerites. Siphunculi about  $0.16 \times$  the body with a basal cylindrical stem, gradually swollen from basal 0.50 portion, nearly smooth with a apical flange, with a distinct preapical circumcission and always with a few preapical striae, Cauda elongate, a little shorter than  $0.50 \times$  the siphunculi, with about 10 hairs. Wing venation normal.

Measurements of the alate male in mm : Length of body 2.91, width 1.01 ; antenna ? (broken) III 0.98 (rest broken) ; u.r.s. 0.14 ; h.t.2 0.14 ; siphunculus 0.48 ; cauda 0.21.

Note : Ghosh, A.K., Chakrabarti, S., Chowdhuri, A. N. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1969) reported the alate male of the species without providing any description for it.

## XVI. Genus *Hysteroneura* Davis

### 26. *Hysteroneura setariae* (Thomas)

*Siphonophora setariae* Thomas, 1877, *Bull. Illinois State Lab. Nat. Hist.*, 2 : 5.

*Hysteroneura setariae* (Thomas) : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 86.

*Hysteroneura setariae* : Ghosh, M. R., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 24 : 49.

*Material* : 12 apterous oviparous ♀♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 12. xii. 1968, from *Prunus* sp., coll. R. Basu ; 4 apterous oviparous ♀♀, Sikkim : Gangtok, 26. xii. 1969, from an unidentified plant of Gramineae, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 1 alate ♂, West Bengal : Mongbar, 5. xi. 1971, from an unidentified plant, coll. M.R. Ghosh.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body rather pale and short, about 1.20-1.50 mm long with the maximum width as 0.60-0.85 mm. Head brown. Antennae concolorous with head excepting segment III and basal 0.75 portion of segment IV obscure, about  $0.70-0.80 \times$  the body ; p.t.  $4.0-5.0 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching beyond mid coxae ; u.r.s. blunt, nearly as long as to  $1.12 \times$  h.t. 2. Siphunculi

rather broad and stout, cylindrical with a broad base, about 0.09-0.10  $\times$  the body and nearly as long as cauda which is slightly darker than the viviparae, but with pale tip and 2 pairs of hairs. Hind tibiae greatly swollen, bearing numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.32, width 0.76 ; antenna 0.99, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.18 : 0.15 : 0.14 : (0.08+0.35) ; u.r.s. 0.09 ; h.t. 2 0.08 ; siphunculus 0.14 ; cauda 0.13.

*Alate male* : Body 1.50 mm long with 0.63 mm as the maximum width. Head light brown with almost flat frons. Antennae 6-segmented, light brown, slightly shorter than body ; segment III with 25-27, segment IV with 12-18 and segment V with 5-7 secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over their entire lengths ; p.t. about 6.35  $\times$  the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching almost mid coxae, u.r.s. blunt, slightly shorter than h.t. 2. Dorsum of abdomen rather pale with brownish segmental patches marginally and with narrow nearly continuous band on tergites 7 and 8. Siphunculi brown, nearly cylindrical with the apical part broaden,, densely imbricated, about 0.06  $\times$  body and slightly shorter than the digitiform cauda bearing 4 hairs. Wing venation normal. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of the specimen in mm. : Length of body 1.50, width 0.63 ; antenna 1.43, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.33:0.21:0.19: (0.08+0.51) ; u.r.s. 0.09 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.09 ; cauda 0.11.

Note : The ovipara of this species was reported by Basu, R. C. Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1970) and Ghosh, M. R., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1971). But then they did not give any description and morphometric data of that morph. Therefore, these are provided here. Moreover, the alate male is now reported for the first time from India.

## XVII. Genus *Impatientinum* Mordvilko

### 27. *Impatientinum impatiens* (Shinji)

*Tuberosiphum impatiens* Shinji, 1922, *Zool. Mag.*, 34 : 789.

*Impatientinum impatiens* (Shinji) : Ghosh A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 214.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Jore Bungalow, 25. i. 1970, from *Smilax* sp., coll. *S. D. Chakrabarti*.

### XVIII. Genus *Jacksonia* Theobald

#### 28. *Jacksonia folisacculata* (Kumar and Burkhardt)

*Xenosiphonaphis folisacculatus* Kumar and Burkhardt, 1971, *J. Kansas Ent. Soc.*, **44** : 173.

*Material* : 2 alate ♂ ♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Fagu, 10. viii. 1966, from *Spiraea* sp., coll. *R. Kumar*.

#### 29. *Jacksonia* sp.

*Jacksonia* sp. : Banerjee, H., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, **3** : 257.

*Material* : 2 alate ♂ ♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Chealek, 29. ix. 1968, from *Sarcacea pruniformis*, coll. *H. Banerjee*.

Note : The material could not be identified upto species level. So the short description and morphometric data have been omitted here.

### XIX. Genus *Liosomaphis* Walker

#### 30. *Liosomaphis himalayansis* Basu

*Liosomaphis himalayansis* Basu, 1964, *J. Linn. Soc. (zool)*, **45** : 231.

*Liosomaphis himalayansis* : Verma, 1974, *India J. Ent.*, **36** : 201.

*Liosomaphis himalayansis* : Ghosh, L. K. and Pramanik, 1976, *Newsl. zool. Surv. India*, **2** : 109.

*Material* : One alate ♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 12.xii.1971 on wing, coll. *K. D. Verma* ; 2 alate ♂ ♂, Himachal Pradesh : Kufri, 13. xii. 1973 on wing, coll. *L. K. Ghosh*.

### XX. Genus *Lipaphis* Mordvilko

#### 31. *Lipaphis erysimi* (Kaltenbach)

*Aphis erysimi* Kaltenbach, 1843, *Mon. der Fam. der Pflanzen* : 99.

*Lipaphis erysimi* (Kaltenbach) : Phalak, 1968, *Curr. Sci.*, **37** : 491.

*Lipaphis pseudobrassicae* Davis : Verma and Mathur, 1966, *Indian J. Ent.*, 28 : 277.

*Lipaphis erysimi* (Kaltenbach) : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 87.

*Lipaphis erysimi* : Ghosh, L. K., 1977, *Newsl. zool. Surv. India*, 3 : 26.

*Material* : Many apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : West Bengal Kalimpong and Mirik, iii. 1967 from *Brassica campestris*, coll. V. R. Phalak ; 1 apterous oviparous ♀, Meghalaya : Cherrapunji, 20. xii. 1968, from an unidentified plant of Cruciferae, coll. R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂, Jammu and Kashmir : Jammu, 17. x. 1963, on wing, coll. A. C. Mathur. ; 3 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Himachal Pradesh. Thanedhar, 2. x. 1974, from *Brassica oleracea*, coll. L. K. Ghosh.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body pale, 1.64 mm long with 1.01 mm as the maximum width. Head brownish. Antennae about 0.60 × the body, without any secondary rhinaria ; hairs on antennae minute, longest one on segment III about 5-8 $\mu$  long ; p.t, about 2.30 × the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching mid coxae ; u.r.s. about 0.80 × h. t. 2. Dorsum of abdomen pale, with very small scattered sclerites. Siphunculi weakly clavate, about 0.11 × the body and 1.20 × the broadly conical cauda bearing 6 hairs. Hind tibiae swollen bearing numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.64, width 1.91 ; antenna 0.97, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.29:0.12:0.12:(0.09+0.21) ; u.r.s. 0.09 ; h.t 2 0.11 ; siphunculus 0.19 ; cauda 0.16.

Note : Verma and Mathur (1966) reported the alate male of this species as that of *Lipaphis pseudobrassicae* Davis which is a synonym of *Lipaphis erysimi* (Kaltenbach). Oviparous female of this species was reported by Phalak (1968) and by Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D.N. (1970) but they did not provide any description of the morph and the same is now given here.

## XXI. Genus *Macromyzus* Takahashi

### 32. *Macromyzus manoji* Raha and Raychaudhuri

*Macromyzus manoji* Raha and Raychaudhuri, 1978, *Entomon*, 3 : 111.

*Macromyzus* ? *woodwardiae* (Takahashi) : (mis. det.) Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 337.

*Material* : 4 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Lebong, 9. i. 1971 from an unidentified plant, coll. S. D. Chakrabarti.

This species was reported by Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D.N. (1972) with a ? mark. Re-examination of the material reveals that those are really *manoji* as described by Raha and Raychaudhuri, D.N. (1978).

## XXII. Genus *Macrosiphoniella* del Guercio

### *Key to the species*

#### Apterous ovipara :

Longest hair on segment III not less than  $2.40 \times$  b.d.III ; p.t. about  $5.0-6.0 \times$  the base of antennal segment VI ; segment III with 20-25 secondary rhinaria ; cauda shorter than to as long as siphunculi.

? *kikunshana* Takahashi

Longest hair on segment III about  $0.70-1.10 \times$  b.d.III ; p.t. about  $2.50-3.50 \times$  the base of antennal segment III with 4-6 secondary rhinaria ; cauda always longer than siphunculi

*pseudoartemisiae* Shinji

### 33. *Macrosiphoniella* ? *kikunshana* Takahashi

*Macrosiphoniella kikunshana* Takahashi, 1937, *Lignan Sci. J.* **16** : 54.

*Macrosiphoniella hikosanensis* Moritsu : Ghosh, M.R., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, **24** : 165.

*Macrosiphoniella* ? *kikunshana* Takahashi : Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, **10** : 301.

*Material* : 7 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Sikkim : Chubba, 25. xii. 1970, from *Artemisia* sp., coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 4 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, West Bengal : Tashiding, 11. v. 1970 from *Artemisia* sp. coll. M. R. Ghosh.

Note : Following Takahashi (1937) the Indian specimens appear close to *kikunshana* whose comparable material and detail description have not been available. So presently the Indian specimens are reported as *kikunshana* with ? mark.

**34. Macrosiphoniella pseudoartemisiae Shinji**

*Macrosiphoniella pseudoartemisiae* Shinji, 1933, *Kontyu*, 7 : 216.

*Macrosiphoniella pseudoartemisiae* : Ghosh, L. K., 1972, *Kontyu*, 40 : 73.

*Macrosiphoniella pseudoartemisiae* : Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, 10 : 302.

*Material* : 4 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, BHUTAN : Simtokha, 21. ii. 1969, from *Artemisia* sp., coll. S. K. Mitra ; 6 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, West Bengal : Munsong, 8. ii. 1971, from *Artemisia* sp., coll. M. R. Ghosh.

**XXIII. Genus Macrosiphum Passerini***Key to the species***Apterous ovipara :**

Hind tibiae with a row of short spine-like hairs besides normal hairs ; u.r.s. about 1.30-1.40 × h.t.2 ; p.t. 5.60-6.0 × the base of last antennal segment ; siphunculi about 3.0 × the cauda

*spinotibium* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

Hind tibiae without spine like hair ; u.r.s. shorter to at most as long as h.t.2 ; p.t. about 4.50-5.0 × the base of last antennal segment ; siphunculi about 2.0 × the cauda

*rosaeformis* Das

**35. Macrosiphum (Sitobion) rosaeformis Das**

*Macrosiphum rosaeformis* Das, 1918, *Mem. Indian Mus.*, 6 : 158.

*Macrosiphum (Sitobion) rosaeformis* Das : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 87.

*Macrosiphum (Sitobion) rosaeformis* : Ghosh, A. K., Basu, R. C., and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 72.

*Material* : 11 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 18. xii. 1968, 21. i. 1969, 25. i. 1969 and 31. i. 1969, from *Rosa* sp., coll. R. Basu ; 4 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, Meghalaya : Shillong, 20. ii. 1970, from *Rosa* sp., coll., S. Sarkar ; 5 alate ♂ ♂ : Meghalaya : Shillong, 7. i. 1960, from *Rosa* sp., coll. A. K. Ghosh ; 6 alate ♂ ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 11. xii 1968, 5. i. 1969. from *Rosa*, sp., coll., R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 28. ii. 1970, from *Rosa cania*, coll. H. Banerjee ; 1 alate ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 28. i. 1971, from *Rosa cania*, coll. S. Sarkar.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body 1.90-2.55 mm long with 0.90-1.30 mm as maximum width. Head light brown. Antennae slightly shorter to nearly as long as body ; p.t. 4.50-5.0 × the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching beyond mid coxae, u.r.s. slightly shorter than to nearly as long as h.t. 2. Dorsum of abdomen absolutely pale. Siphunculi light brownish, cylindrical, about 0.20-0.25 × the body and about 2.0 × the cauda bearing 10-12 hairs. Legs light brown, hind tibiae swollen and with numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 2.22, width 0.97 ; antenna 2.16, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.52:0.40:0.39 : (0.12+0.54) ; u.r.s. 0.10 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.52 ; cauda 0.26.

*Alate male* : Body 2.0-2.9 mm long with 0.70-1.20 mm as the maximum width. Head brown. Antennae dark brown, much longer than body ; segment III with 65-92, segment IV with 22-40 and segment V with 15-27 secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over the entire lengths of the segments ; p.t. 4.50-6.50 × the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching mid coxae, u.r.s. nearly as long as h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen pale but with segmentally arranged sclerotic patches and with post siphuncular sclerites. Siphunculi cylindrical, about 0.13-0.15 × the body and about 2.0 × the cauda bearing 8-11 hairs.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 2.51, width 1.00 ; antenna 2.92, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.77:0.57:0.51: (0.15+0.72) ; u.r.s. 0.10 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.34 ; cauda 0.18.

Note : Basu, R.C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D.N. (1970) and Ghosh, A. K., Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1970) from Shillong reported oviparous females and alate males respectively of the species without providing any description for the said morphs. Therefore, short descriptions are provided here.

### 36. *Macrosiphum spinotibium* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Macrosiphum spinotibium* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 381.

*Macrosiphum spinotibium* : Ghosh, A. K., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 106.

*Material* : 3 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀ , INDIA : Arunachal : Direng 26. xi. 1969, from an unidentified plant, coll. H. Banerjee.

37. *Macrosiphum* sp. A

*Macrosiphum* sp. : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 87.

*Macrosiphum* sp. : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 336.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂ ; INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 5. ii. 1969, in Y.P.T., coll, R. Basu ; 3 alate ♂ ♂ , West Bengal : Lebong, 3. i. 1971, from *Vaccinium* sp., coll., S. D. Chakrabarti ; 1 alate ♂ , West Bengal : Lebong, 9. i. 1971, from an unidentified plant, coll. S. D. Chakrabarti.

Note : The alate males collected could not be identified upto species level. So these are not incorporated in the key and the description has been omitted.

38. *Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) sp. B.

*Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) *fragariae* (Walker) : Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1962, *J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc.*, 59 : 244.

*Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) *avenae* subsp *miscanthi* Takahashi : Ghosh, A. K., and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1962, *J. Asiat. Soc.*, 4 : 106.

*Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) sp. : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 72.

*Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) sp. : Ghosh, A. K., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 109.

*Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) ? *fragariae* (Walker) : Ghosh, L. K., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 131.

*Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) *miscanthi* Takahashi : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 336.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀ , INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 8. i. 1960 from *Polygonum chinense*, coll. A. K. Ghosh ; 2 apterous ♀ ♀ , West Bengal : Kurseong, 1. xii. 1970, from unidentified grass, coll. S. D. Chakrabarti ; 2 alate ♂ ♂ , Meghalaya : Shillong, 29. xii. 1968, from *Allium sativum*, coll. R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂ , Meghalaya : Shillong, 12. xii. 1969, from *Lindera* sp., coll. H. Banerjee ; 1 alate ♂ , Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 6. i. 1970 from *Asplenium* sp., L. K. Ghosh.

Note : Both the oviparae and males of the above mentioned collection do not strictly fit with the description of either *fragariae* or *miscanthi* but these are more close to *miscanthi*. So, for the time being these are reported as *Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) sp.

XXIV Genus *Masonaphis* Hille Ris Lambers*Key to the species*

## Apterous ovipara :

Ultimate rostral segment  $1.20 \times \text{h.t.}2$  and with 8 secondary hairs ; cauda with about 26 hairs ; antennal segment III with 100-110, segment IV with 70-80 and segment V with 35-42 secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over their entire length

*anaphilidis* Basu

Ultimate rostral segment  $1.25-1.35 \times \text{h.t.}2$  and with 4 secondary hairs ; cauda with 12-15 hairs ; antennal segment III with 87-115, segment IV with 32-46 and segment V with 13-20 secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over their entire length

*rumicis* Chakrabarti and Raychaudhuri39. *Masonaphis* (*Neomasonaphis*) *anaphilidis* Basu

*Masonaphis anaphilidis* Basu, 1964, *J. Linn. Soc. (Zool.)*, 45 : 229.

*Masonaphis anaphilidis* : Ghosh, A. K., Banerjee, H. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 107.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Arunachal : Rupa, 27. xi. 1969, from *Ageratum conyzoides*, coll. H. Banerjee.

40. *Masonaphis* (*Neomasonaphis*) *rumicis* Chakrabarti and Raychaudhuri

*Masonaphis* (*Neomasonaphis*) *rumicis* Chakrabarti and Raychaudhuri, D. N. 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 203.

*Masonaphis anaphilidis* Basu : *mis. det.* Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.*, 41 : 70.

*Material* : 8 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Kathalia, 15 .x. 1970, from *Rumex* sp., coll. S. Chakrabarti ; 2 alate ♂♂, Almora : Kathalia, 16. x. 1970., from *Oxyria digyna*, coll. S. Chakrabarti ; many alate ♂♂, Almora : Sundardhunga, 15. x. 1970, from *Rumex* sp., coll. S. Chakrabarti.

XXV Genus *Megoura* Buckton41. *Megoura cajanae* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Megoura cajanae* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 385.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Tista, 14. i. 1969, from *Cajanus cajan*, coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

## XXVI. Genus *Metopolophium* Mordvilko

### *Key to the species*

#### Apterous ovipara :

Antennae shorter than body, p.t. about  $2.16 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; siphunculi about  $0.14 \times$  the body and about  $2.0 \times$  the cauda

*chandrani* (David and Narayanan)

Antennae much longer than body ; p.t. about  $5.47 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; siphunculi about  $0.31 \times$  the body and about  $2.50 \times$  the cauda

*rubi* (Narzikulov)

#### 42. *Metopolophium chandrani* (David and Narayanan)

*Acyrthosiphon (Metopolophium) chandrani* David and Narayanan, 1968, *Bull. Ent.*, **9** : 102.

*Acyrthosiphon (Metopolophium) chandrani* : David, Narayanan and Rajasingh, 1971, *Madrâs agric. J.*, **58** : 373.

*Material* : 2 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 10. xi. 1968 from wild rose, coll. *K. Narayanan*.

#### 43. *Metopolophium rubi* (Narzikulov)

*Acyrthosiphon rubi* Narzikulov, 1957, *Ent. Oborz.*, **36** : 673.

*Acyrthosiphon rubi elliptici* Stroyan and Nagaich, 1964, *Proc. R. ent. Soc. Lond. (B)*, **33** : 60.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Chaubatiya, xi. 1957, from *Rubus ellipticus*, coll. *B. Nagaich*.

XXVII. Genus *Micromyzus* van der Goot*Key to the species*

## Apterous ovipara :

F.T.C. 3.3.2. ; antennae shorter than body (0.87 ×), p.t. shorter than segment III ; u.r.s. about 1.26 × the h.t.2 and bears 2 secondary hairs ; tibiae little swollen than other tibiae and bear 20-25 pseudosensoria

*kalimpongensis* Basu

F.T.C. 3.3.3. ; antennae as long as to longer than body, p.t. as long as segment III ; u.r.s. nearly equal to h.t.2 and bears 4 secondary hairs ; hind tibiae twice as thick as other tibiae bearing 78-80 round to oval pseudo-sensoria

*mawphlongensis* Ghosh

## Alate male :

F.T.C. 3.3.2. ; antennae much shorter than body, segment III with 24-38, IV with 18-25 and V with 7-11 protuberant secondary rhinaria arranged irregularly along the entire length ; u.r.s. about 1.23-1.37 × h.t.2 and bears 2 secondary hairs

*kalimpongensis* Basu

F.T.C. 3.3.3 ; antennae longer than body, segment III with 35-42, IV with 23-30 and V with 11-15 protuberant secondary rhinaria ; u.r.s. as long as to little longer than h.t.2 and bears 4 secondary hairs

*mawphlongensis* Ghosh44. *Micromyzus kalimpongensis* Basu

*Micromyzus kalimpongensis* Basu, 1967, *Bull. Ent.*, 8 : 11.

*Micromyzus kalimpongensis* : Mondal, P. K., Agarwala, B. K. and Raychoudhuri, D. N. 1978, *Entomon*, 3 : 107.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀ and 17 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Sikkim : Ringen, 9. xi. 1974, from *Elettaria cardamomum*. coll. P. K. Mondal ; 1 apterous oviparous ♀ and 11 alate ♂♂, Damthang, 23. x. 1975, from orchids, coll. P. K. Mondal.

45. *Micromyzus mawphlongensis* Ghosh

*Micromyzus mawphlongensis* Ghosh, 1974, *Oriental Ins.*, 8 : 163.

*Material* : 2 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀ and 4 alate ♂ ♂, INDIA : Meghalaya : Mawphlong : Khasi hills, 4. xi. 1972, from *Polypodium* sp., coll. A. K. Ghosh.

#### 46. *Micromyzus* sp.

*Micromyzus* sp. : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 83.

*Material* : 2 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Cherrapunji, 20. xii. 1968, from *Symplocos* sp., coll. R. Basu.

Note : Because of the damaged condition of the specimens those could not be identified up to species level.

### XXVIII. Genus *Myzus* Passerini

#### *Key to the species*

##### Alate male :

- |   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Siphunculi clavate ; p.t. as long as to longer than segment III and $3.20-3.50 \times$ the base of last antennal segment, antennae about $1.10-1.30 \times$ the body   | <i>persicae</i> (Sulzer) |
| Siphunculi cylindrical ; p.t. much shorter than segment III   | 2                        |
| 2. Siphunculi $0.15 \times$ the body and about $2.30 \times$ the cauda ; antenna longer than body ; p.t. $2.75 \times$ the base of last antennal segment, segment III with 53-57, IV with 22-23 and V with 14-16 secondary rhinaria         | <i>ornatus</i> Laing     |
| Siphunculi $0.07-0.09 \times$ the body and $1.20-1.70 \times$ the cauda ; antennae about as long as body, p.t. $4.0-4.30 \times$ the base of last antennal segment, segment III with 33-50 IV with 31-36 and V with 8-14 secondary rhinaria | <i>brevisiphon</i> Basu  |

#### 47. *Myzus brevisiphon* Basu

*Myzus brevisiphon* Basu, 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 180.

*Myzus brevisiphon* : Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.*, 41 : 70.

*Myzus brevisiphon* : Ghosh, A. K., 1974, *Oriental Ins.*, 8 : 170.

*Myzus brevisiphon* : Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 204.

*Myzus brevisiphon* : Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, 10 : 98.

*Material* : 2 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Beluni, 17. x. 1970, from *Rhododendron campylocarpum*, coll. S. Chakrabarti ; 4 alate ♂♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 5. v. 1972, from *Polygonum* sp., coll., A. K. Ghosh ; 2 alate ♂♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 25. x. 1972, from *Polygonum* sp. coll. S. Biswas.

#### 48. *Myzus ornatus* Laing

*Myzus ornatus* Laing, 1932, *Ent. Mon. Mag.*, 68 : 52.

*Myzus ornatus* : Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.*, 41 : 70.

*Myzus ornatus* : Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 204.

*Myzus ornatus* : Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, 10 : 107.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Sundardonga, 16. x. 1970 from *Fragaria nilgerriensis*, coll. S. Chakrabarti.

#### 49. *Myzus persicae* (Sulzer)

*Aphis persicae* Sulzer, 1776, *Abgekurz Gesch der Ins.*, 105.

*Myzus persicae* (Sulzer) : Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. 1962, *Sci. & Cult.*, 28 : 539,

*Myzus persicae* : Ghosh, L. K., 1969, *Sci. & Cult.* 35 : 493.

*Myzus persicae* : Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, 10 : 107.

*Material* : 2 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Delhi, 8. i. 1961, from *Solanum persicum*, coll. M. K. Mookerjee ; 1 alate ♂, Uttar Pradesh : Nainital, iii. 1968, from *Silene conoidea*, coll. L. K. Ghosh ; 2 alate ♂♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 29. xii. 1968, 5. i. 1969 from *Prunus persica*. and in Y.P.T. respectively, coll. R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂, Uttar Pradesh : Beluni, 17. x. 1970, from *Rhododendron campylocarpum*, coll. S. Chakrabarti.

XXIX. Genus **Neoacyrthosiphon** Tao50. **Neoacyrthosiphon (Pseudoacyrthosiphon) takahashii** Ghosh

*Neoacyrthosiphon (Pseudoacyrthosiphon) takahashii* Ghosh, A. K., 1969, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, **22** : 121.

*Neoacyrthosiphon (Pseudoacyrthosiphon) takahashii* : Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.*, **41** : 70.

*Neoacyrthosiphon (Pseudoacyrthosiphon) takahashii* : Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, **9** : 205.

*Material* : Many apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 2 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Almora : Beluni, 17. x. 1970, from *Rhododendron campylocarpum*, coll. S. Chakrabarti.

XXX. Genus **Pentalonia** Coquerell.51. **Pentalonia nigronervosa** Coquerell

*Pentalonia nigronervosa* Coquerell, 1859, *Ann. Soc. Ent. France*, **3** ; 260.

*Pentalonia nigronervosa* : Bhanotar and Ghosh, L. K., 1969, *Curr. Sci.*, **38** : 74.

*Pentalonia nigronervosa* : Bhanotar and Ghosh, L. K., 1969, *Bull. Ent.*, **10** : 97.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Rautara, 17. xii. 1967, from *Curcuma domestica*, coll. L. K. Ghosh.

XXXI. Genus **Perillaphis** Takahashi52. **Perillaphis perillae** (Shinji)

*Macrosiphum perillae* Shinji 1924, *Zool. Mag.*, **36** : 363.

*Aulacorthum (Perillaphis) perillae* (Shinji) : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R., and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, **6** : 335.

*Aulacorthum (Perillaphis) perillae* : Chakrabarti, S., Chowdhuri, A. N. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1974, *Sci. & Cult.*, **40** : 461.

*Material* : 3 apterous oviparous ♀♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Umpling, 10. xii. 1970, from an unidentified plant of Verbenaceae, coll. S. Sarkar ; 5 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 1 alate ♂, West Bengal : Mongbul, 14. xii. 1970, from *Perilla* sp., coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 12 apterous oviparous ♀♀, and 2 alate ♂♂ Uttar Pradesh : Almora, 17. x. 1970, from *Rhododendron campylocarpum*, coll. S. Chakrabarti.

XXXII. Genus *Rhopalosiphoninus* Baker53. *Rhopalosiphoninus longisetosa* Chakrabarti and Ghosh

*Rhopalosiphoninus longisetosa* Chakrabarti and Ghosh : Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1974, *Oriental Ins* 8 : 528.

*Material* : 15 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Simla : Jakoo Hills, 2. xii. 1970, from unidentified plant, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri.

XXXIII. Genus *Rhopalosiphum* Koch*Key to the species*

Apterous ovipara :

1. Processus terminalis about  $4.50-5.50 \times$  base of last antennal segment ; u.r.s. slightly shorter to nearly as long as h.t.2 ; siphunculi about  $0.08-0.09 \times$  body and about  $2.10 \times$  the maximum width ; cauda nearly as long as siphunculi and with 4 hairs ; subgenital plate with 8 hairs *padi* (Linnaeus)

Processus terminalis about  $1.56-3.20 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; subgenital plate with not less than 10 hairs 2

2. Processus terminalis  $1.56 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; u.r.s. about  $0.69 \times$  h.t.2 ; siphunculi  $0.07 \times$  the body and  $2.20 \times$  its maximum width ; cauda  $1.18 \times$  siphunculi and with 5 hairs ; subgenital plate with 15 hairs , *maidis* (Fitch)

Processus terminalis about  $2.60-3.20 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; u.r.s.  $1.0-1.20 \times$  h.t.2 ; siphunculi with a basal stem and a distal swollen portion, about  $0.16-0.20 \times$  the body and  $3.75-4.50 \times$  its maximum width ; cauda about  $0.40-0.60 \times$  siphunculi and with 5-6 hairs ; subgenital plate with 30-38 hairs *nymphaeae* (Linnaeus)

Alate male :

Antennae usually 6-segmented ; p.t.  $3.40-4.40 \times$  the base of last antennal segment ; segment III with 29-40, IV with 11-20 and V with 9-16 secondary rhinaria ; siphunculi with basal cylindrical stem and a distal portion, about  $0.13-0.16 \times$  the body *nymphaeae* (Linnaeus)

Antennae 5-segmented; p.t.  $6.25 \times$  the base of last antennal segment; segment III with 52-54, IV with 14-15 and V with 2-3 secondary rhinaria; siphunculi cylindrical, roughly imbricated, about  $0.10 \times$  the body *rufiabdominalis* (Sasaki)

#### 54. *Rhopalosiphum maidis* (Fitch)

*Aphis maidis* Fitch, 1856, *Trans. New York Agr. Soc.*, 15 : 531.

*Rhopalosiphum maidis* (Fitch) : Menon and Ghai, 1969, *Oriental Ins.* 3 : 383.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Delhi, 2. xi 1965, from *Triticum vulgare*, coll. M. G. R. Menon.

#### 55. *Rhopalosiphum nymphaeae* (Linnaeus)

*Aphis nymphaeae* Linnaeus 1781, *Fauna Suecica*, 2 : 260.

*Rhopalosiphum nymphaeae* (Linnaeus) : David, 1958, *J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc.*, 55 : 114.

*Rhopalosiphum nymphaeae* : Ghosh, A. K., Basu, R. C. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 72.

*Rhopalosiphum nymphaeae* : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 88.

*Rhopalosiphum nymphaeae* : David, Narayanan and Rajasingh, 1971, *Madras agric. J.*, 58 : 372.

*Material* : 3 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 3 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 12. xii. 1968, from *Prunus* sp., coll. R. Basu; sp. 1 alate ♂, Coimbatore, I. 1958, from *Eichhornia crassipes*, coll. S. K. David; 1 alate ♂, Jammu and Kashmir : Srinagar : 5. xi. 1968 from *Rosa* sp. coll. K. Narayanan; 2 alate ♂♂; Meghalaya : Shillong, 29. xii. 1968 from *Curcuma longa* and *Prunus persica*, coll. R. Basu; 1 alate ♂ Nagaland : Nagarjan, 8. xi. 1969, from *Prunus domestica*, coll. H. Banerjee; 1 alate ♂, Meghalaya : Dawki, 28. xi. 1970, from an unidentified plant, coll. S. Sarkar; 1 alate ♂, Meghalaya : Dawki, 30. xii. 1968, from *Fleurya* sp., coll. S. Sarkar.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body pale, rather short, 1.20 - 1.40 mm long with 0.80 - 0.90 mm as maximum width. Antennae 6 - segmented, often segmentation between segments III and IV inconspicuous, about  $0.60 - 0.80 \times$  the body; p.t. about  $2.60 - 3.20 \times$  the base of last antennal

segment ; rostrum reaching beyond hind coxae, u.r.s.  $1.10-1.20 \times$  h.t. 2. Dorsum of abdomen pale. Siphunculi with a basal cylindrical stem and distal clavate portion, about  $0.16 - 0.20 \times$  the body and  $1.6 - 2.5 \times$  the cauda which bears 5-6 hairs. Hind tibiae much swollen with numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.25, width 0.83 ; antenna 0.82, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.17 : 0.11 : 0.12 ; (0.08 + 0.23) ; u.r.s. 0.11 ; h.t.2 0.09 ; siphunculus 0.21 ; cauda 0.11.

*Alate male* : Body rather dark, about 1.50-1.90 mm long with 0.60-0.80 mm as maximum width. Antennae 6-segmented, about  $0.07-0.09 \times$  the body ; p.t. about  $3.40-4.40 \times$  the base of last antennal segment, 29-40 secondary rhinaria distributed on segment III, 11-20 on segment IV and 9-16 on segment V. Rostrum reaching beyond mid coxae, u.r.s.  $1.20-1.40 \times$  h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen well pigmented and with marginal dark patches. Siphunculi dark, smooth, with a basal cylindrical stem and distal clavate portion, about  $0.13-0.16 \times$  the body and  $2.10-2.60 \times$  the cauda bearing 4-6 hairs. Otherwise as in alatae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : length of body 1.56, width 0.62 ; antenna 1.39, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.30:0.21:0.19: (0.10+0.42) ; u.r.s. 0.13 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.23 ; cauda 0.09.

Note : Descriptions of the apterous oviparae and alate males were not provided while reporting the sexual forms of the species from India by the different authors. So the descriptions of these morphs are now provided here.

## 56. *Rhopalosiphum padi* (Linnaeus)

*Aphis padi* Linnaeus, 1758, *Syst. Nat.* (10th ed.): 451.

*Material* : 2 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 12. xii. 1968, from *Prunus* sp., coll. R. Basu.

*Apterous ovipara* ; Body pale brown about 1.24-1.50 mm long with 1.02 mm as the maximum width. Head brown. Antennae usually 6-segmented, but sometimes segmentation between segments III and IV indistinct and then appearing as 5 segmented, about  $0.78 - 0.90 \times$  the body ; p.t. about  $4.50 - 5.50 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Ultimate rostral segment slightly shorter than to nearly as long as h.t.2.

Dorsum of abdomen rather pale. Siphunculi brown, cylindrical, imbricated, about  $0.08 - 0.09 \times$  the body, nearly as long as short cauda with spinular imbrications and bearing 4 hairs. Hind tibiae swollen with 5 - 6 round pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.50, width 1.02 ; antenna 1.35, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.25 : 0.20: 0.19: (0.09 + 0.49) ; u.r.s. 0.10 ; h.t. 2 0.10 siphunculus 0.13 ; cauda 0.13.

Note : Oviparous morph of this species is reported for the first time from India.

### 57. *Rhopalosiphum rufiabdominalis* (Sasaki)

*Toxoptera rufiabdominalis* Sasaki, 1839, *Rept. Hokkaido Agr. Exp. Sta.*, 17 : 202

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Meghalaya : Muflong, 28, i. 1970, from *Pyrus communis*, coll. S. Sarkar.

*Alate male* : Body 1.75 mm long as the maximum width. Head dark brown with weakly developed lateral frontal tubercles. Antennae 5 - segmented, about  $0.84 \times$  body, dark brown ; segment III with 50-52, segment IV with 13 - 15 and segment V with 2 - 3 (near base) secondary rhinaria ; p.t. about  $6.25 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching beyond mid coxae ; u.r.s. about  $1.27 \times$  h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen pale with maginal segmental dark sclerotic patches and transverse brownish bands on tergites 7 and 8. Siphunculi cylindrical, roughly imbricated, about  $0.10 \times$  body and  $1.50 \times$  the cauda bearing 5 hairs. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of the specimen in mm : Length of body 1.75, width 0.85 ; antenna 1.48, segments III:IV:V: 0.50 : 0.28 : (0.08 + 0.50) ; u.r.s. 0.12 ; h.t.2 0.09 ; siphunculus 0.17 ; cauda 0.12.

Note : Alate male of this species is reported for the first time from India.

## XXXIV. Genus *Schizaphis* Börner

### 58. *Schizaphis ? punjabipyri* (Das)

*Toxoptera punjabipyri* Das, 1918, *Mem. Indian Mus.*, 6 : 198.

*Schizaphis ? rotundiventris* (Signoret) : (*mis. det.*) Ghosh, A. K., Basu, R. C., and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 72.

*Material* : 3 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 24. xii. 1968, 25. xii. 1968 and 12. i. 1969 in Y.P.T., coll. R. Basu ; 2 alate ♂♂ West Bengal : Kalimpong, 17. xii. 1970, from *Pyrus communis*, coll. M. R. Ghosh.

*Alate male* : Body about 1.60 - 1.75 mm long with 0.57 - 0.70 mm as maximum width. Head dark brownish. Antennae dark brown, 6-segmented, about  $0.90 \times$  to as long as body ; segment III with 28 - 37, IV with 18 - 27 and V with 15 - 25 secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over entire length of the segment ; p.t. about  $5.0 - 6.0 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching mid coxae, u.r.s. about  $1.10 - 1.25 \times$  h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen pale with brown marginal sclerites on segments 2-6 and transverse sclerotic bands on tergite 7 and 8 besides some scattered sclerotic patches. Siphunculi dark, cylindrical, about  $0.13 - 0.15 \times$  body, about  $2.50 - 3.0 \times$  the dark cauda bearing 4 - 6 hairs. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.76, width 0.57 ; antenna 1.76, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.45:0.27:0.25: (0.11+0.59) ; u.r.s. 0.10 ; h.t.2. 0.08 ; siphunculus 0.24 ; cauda 0.08.

Note : The alate males approach to *punjabipyri* but authentic material of the same could not be obtained for comparison. So the specimens are presently reported as *punjabipyri* with a query mark.

### XXXV Genus *Semiaphis* van der Goot

#### 59. *Semiaphis heraclei* (Takahashi)

*Brachycolus heraclei* Takahashi, 1921, *Aphididae of Formosa*, pt. 1 : 60.

*Semiaphis* ? *heraclei* (Takahashi) : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K., and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 88.

*Material* : apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 17. xii. 1968, from an unidentified plant of Rosaceae, coll. R. Basu.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body pale, 1.40 mm long with 0.79 mm as maximum width. Head smooth, almost flat. Antennae 6-segmented about  $0.60 \times$  the body ; flagellar hairs minute and very sparse ; p.t. about  $2.50 \times$  as long as the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching mid coxae. u.r.s. short and blunt, about  $0.75 \times$  h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen pale, dorsal abdominal hairs very short and scanty. Siphunculi very short, a little less than  $2.0 \times$  its basal width, about

0.035 × the body and 0.55 × the cauda bearing 6 - 7 hairs. Hind tibiae swollen with numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of the specimen in mm : Length of body 1.40, width 0.79 ; antenna 0.83, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.18 : 0.12 : 0.12 : (0.08+0.19) ; u.r.s. 0.07 ; h.t. 0.09 ; siphunculus 0.05 ; cauda 0.09.

Note : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1970) reported the oviparous female of this species with a query mark. Re-examination of the material reveals it as *heraclei* and a short description for the same is provided here.

### XXXVI. Genus *Shinjia* Takahashi

#### 60. *Shinjia pteridifoliae* (Shinji)

*Microtarsus pteridifoliae* Shinji, 1929. *Lansania*, 1 : 44.

*Shinjia pteridifoliae* (Shinji) : Basu, R. C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1970, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 23 : 88

*Material* : 15 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Meghalaya : Shillong, 4. i. 1969, from an unidentified fern, coll. R. Basu ; 1 alate ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 31 xii. 1968, from *Sauravia* sp., coll. R. Basu.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body pale, about 1.30-1.40 mm long with 0.70-0.80 mm as maximum width. Head smooth with very low diverging lateral frontal tubercles. Antennae 6 - segmented, brownish with basal two segments pale, about 1.20-1.30 × the body ; p.t. 6.50-7.50 × the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching beyond mid coxae, u.r.s. obtuse, about 0.12 mm long. Hairs on head, dorsum of abdomen and antennae with acute to acuminate apices and about 4 - 7 μ long. Siphunculi rather short, very weakly clavate, about 0.20 × the body and 3.0 × the cauda bearing only 4 - 5 hairs. Hind tibiae swollen with numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in apterae viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.39, width 0.73 ; antenna 1.75, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.34 : 0.23 : 0.23 : (0.11+0.72) ; u.r.s. 0.12 ; siphunculus 0.28 ; cauda 0.09

*Alate male* : Body 1.50 mm long with 0.66 mm as maximum width. Head light brownish, smooth, almost flat. Antennae brownish, about 1.25 × the body ; flagellar hairs inconspicuous, segment III with 30-35, IV with 18 - 20 and V with 9 - 12 secondary rhinaria, p.t. about

6.50 × the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching nearly hind coxae, u.r.s. rather long about 0.14 mm long. Dorsum of abdomen with pale brownish patches marginally on each segment, a central patch on tergites 3 - 4 and a transverse band on tergite 8. Siphunculi brownish, cylindrical to weakly clavate, about 0.16 × the body and about 3.0 × the cauda bearing 5 hairs. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of the specimen in mm : Length of body 1.50, width 0.66 ; antenna 1.98, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.44 : 0.27 : 0.27 (0.11 + 0.72) ; u.r.s. 0.14 : siphunculus 0.24 ; cauda 0.08.

Note : Basu, R.C., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D.N. (1970) reported the apterous oviparous female and alate male of the species without any description for the morphs and these are now provided here.

### XXXVII. Genus *Tricaudatus* Narzikulov

#### 61. *Tricaudatus polygona* (Narzikulov)

*Rhopalosiphoninus polygona* Narzikulov, 1953, *Izv. otd. Estestv. Nauk A. N. Tadz. SSR*, 4 : 62.

*Tricaudatus polygona tuberculatus* Hille Ris Lambers and Basu, 1966, *Ent. Bericht.*, 26 : 28.

*Tricaudatus polygona* (Narzikulov) : Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 207.

*Material* : 3 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Darjeeling, 6.i.1958, from *Spiraea corymbosa*, coll. S. Das ; 1 alate ♂, Uttar Pradesh : Almora, 17. x. 1970 from *Potentilla mooniana*, coll. S. Chakrabarti.

### XXXVIII. Genus *Trichosiphonaphis* Takahashi

#### 62. *Trichosiphonaphis polygona* (van der Goot)

*Phorodon polygona* van der Goot, 1917, *Contrib. Faune Indes. Neerl.*, 1(3) : 44.

*Metaphorodon polygona* (van der Goot) : Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.* 41 : 70.

*Trichosiphonaphis polygona* (van der Goot) : Chakrabarti, S., and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 207.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh : Almora : Sundar-  
dhunga, 16. x. 1970, from *Fragaria nilgerrensis*, coll. S. Chakrabarti ;  
1 alate ♂, Uttar Pradesh : Almora : Beluni, 17. x. 1970, from *Poten-  
tilla mooniana*, coll. S. Chakrabarti.

### XXXIX. Genus *Uroleucon* Mordvilko

#### 63. *Uroleucon longisetosus* Chakrabarti and Verma

*Uroleucon longisetosus* Chakrabarti and Verma, 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, 9 : 169.

*Dactynotus formosanus* Takahashi : (mis det.) Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A.K. and  
Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.*, 41 : 70.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh :  
Almora, 14. x. 1970. from *Lactuca hastata*, coll. S. Chakrabarti ; 2  
apterous oviparous ♀ ♀ and 1 alatoid ♂, Himachal Pradesh : 29. x.  
1968, from *Prenanthes bruniana*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri.

### Subfamily CALLAPHIDINAE

#### XL. Genus *Chromaphis* Walker

#### 64. *Chromaphis hirsutatibis* Kumar and Lavigne

*Chromaphis hirsutatibis* Kumar and Lavigne, 1970, *Pan. Pac. Entomol.*, 46 : 123.

*Material* : 3 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh :  
Bhowali, 24. v. 1969, from *Aleurites moluccana*, coll. S. Chakrabarti ;  
1 alate ♂, Uttar Pradesh : Almora : Nainital, 23. v. 1969 in Y.P.T.,  
coll. S. Chakrabarti.

*Apterous ovipara* : Body pale, about 1.45-1.62 mm long with 0.70  
mm as maximum width. Eyes with distinct ocular tubercles.  
Antennae about 0.30-0.33 × the body ; hairs on antennae rather short,  
longest one on segment III about 0.50 × the basal diameter of the  
segment ; p.t. about 0.30 - 0.40 × the base of last antennal segment ;  
ultimate rostral segment about 0.60 - 0.64 × h.t.2. Dorsum of abdo-  
men pale ; hairs on anterior tergite short and sparse, about 0.16 × the  
basal diameter of antennal segment III ; each of the abdominal tergites  
1 - 7 with paired lateral tubercles each bearing 2 - 3 hairs with spatulate  
apices, longest of these about 1.50 × the basal diameter of segment  
III. Siphunculi short, truncate with an apical flange, Hind tibiae  
somewhat swollen and bear numerous pseudosensoria. Otherwise as  
in apterous viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 1.45, width 0.70 ; antenna 0.42, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.18 : 0.09 : 0.08 (0.07 + 0.02) ; u.r.s. 0.06 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.06.

*Alate male* : Body 1.60 mm long with 0.98 mm as maximum width. Head dark brown, Antennae about  $0.73 \times$  the body, longest hair on segment III about  $0.75 \times$  the basal diameter of the segment ; segment III with 31, IV with 5-6 and V with 3 secondary rhinaria ; p.t. about  $0.44 \times$  the base of last antennal segment. Abdominal dorsum with distinct, brown paired marginal hair-bearing sclerites on segments 1-5, but on tergites 7 and 8 these appear paler and smaller and with small, paired spinal sclerites on tergites 1 - 3, those on tergites 4, 5, 7, and 8 appear as narrow median band, Siphunculi truncate, shorter than oviparae. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of the alate male in mm : Length of body 1.61, width 0.98 ; antenna 1.18, segments III:IV:V:VI 0.50 : 0.24 : 0.23 : (0.09 + 0.04) ; u.r.s. 0.08 ; h.t.2 0.10 ; siphunculus 0.03.

Note : Sexual morphs of this species reported for the first time from India.

#### XLI. Genus *Myzocallis* Passerini

##### 65. *Myzocallis polychaetus* David.

*Myzocallis (Dryomyzus) polychaetus* David, 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 79.

*Myzocallis polychaetus* David : Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1974, *Indian J. Ent.*, 36 : 129.

*Material* : 30 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 4 alate ♂♂, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Khadrula, 29.xi 1968, from *Quercus dealbata*, coll. A. N. Chowdhuri.

#### XLII. Genus *Shivaphis* Das

##### 66. *Shivaphis bambusicola* (David, Rajasingh and Narayanan)

*Cranaphis bambusicola* David, Rajasingh and Narayanan, 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 408.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Darjeeling, 14.xi. 1968, from *Bambusa* sp., coll. S. G. Rajasingh.

XLIII. Genus *Taoia* Quednau67. *Taoia indica* ( Ghosh and Raychaudhuri )

*Euceraphis indica* Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 373.

*Euceraphis chuansinensis* Tao : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 211.

*Material* 1 apterous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Mongpu, 23. xii. 1969, from *Betula alnoides*, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 1 alatoid ♂, Meghalaya : Shillong, 24. vii. 1970, from *Alnus nepalensis*, coll. S. Sarkar ; 2 alatoid ♂ ♂, West Bengal ; Durbin, 15. xii. 1970 from *Alnus nepalensis*, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 1 alatoid ♂, Sikkim : Gangtok, 23. xii. 1970, from *Betula alnoides*, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 1 alatoid ♂, West Bengal : Mongbul, 13. iv. 1971 from *Alnus nepalensis*, coll. M. R. Ghosh.

Note : Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N. (1972) reported the sexuales of this species as apterous male. Re-examination of the material reveals that there is the trace of wing bud on both the sides of the material. So the same is now considered as alatoid male.

XLIV Genus *Tinocallis* Matsumura*Key to the species*

## Apterous ovipara :

Antennae about  $0.80 \times$  the body ; p.t. as long as the base of segment VI and about  $0.31 \times$  segment III

*distincta* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

Antennae about  $0.90 \times$  to as long as body ; p.t. longer than the base of segment VI and about  $0.50 \times$  segment III

*himalayansis* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

68. *Tinocallis distincta* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Tinocallis distincta* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1970, *Oriental Ins.*, 4 : 389.

*Tinocallis distincta* : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 339.

*Material* : 1 apterous oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Kalimpong, 20. i. 1969, from an unidentified plant of Leguminosae, coll. M. R. Ghosh. 3 alate ♂ ♂, West Bengal : Kalimpong, 16. xi 1970, from an unidentified plant of Leguminosae, coll. M. R. Ghosh.

69. *Tinocallis himalayansis* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Tinocallis himalayansis* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri, 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 5 : 218.

*Material* : 3 apterous oviparous ♀♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Kalimpong, 26. xii. 1969, from and unidentified plant of Leguminosae, coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

XLV. Genus *Tinocalloides* Basu70. *Tinocalloides montanus* Basu

*Tinocalloides montanus* Basu, 1969, *Oriental Ins.*, 3 : 367.

*Tuberodefectus eastopi* Kumar and Levigne, 1970, *Pan Pacific Entomologist*, 46 : 120.

*Tinocalloides montanus* Basu : Ghosh, M. R., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 24 : 50.

*Material* ; 4 apterous oviparous ♀♀ and 1 alate ♂, INDIA : West Bengal : Darjeeling : Kalimpong, 29. i. 1965 and 23. xii. 1966, from *Prunus cerasus*. coll. *A. N. Basu* ; 2 alate ♂♂, Himachal Pradesh : Simla, 23. xii. 1966, from *Purnus* sp., coll. *R. Kumar* ; 1 alate ♂, Sikkim : Gangtok, 26. xii. 1969, from an unidentified plant, coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

## Subfamily CHAITOPHORINAE

XLVI. Genus *Periphyllus* van der Hoeven*Key to the species*

## Apterous ovipara :

Processus terminalis about 3.6-5.3 × base of the last antennal segment ; antennae about 0.8-1.04 × body ; longest hair on segment III about 6.8-7.5 × the basal diameter of the segment ; u.r.s. shorter than h.t.2 ; body about 3.3-3.97 mm long

*villosii* Chakrabarty

Processus terminalis about 1.5 × the base of last antennal segment ; antennae about 0.7 × the body ; longest hair on segment III about 3.5-4.5 × the basal diameter of the segment ; u.r.s. longer than h.t.2 ; body about 2.2-2.3 mm long

*aesculi* Hille Ris Lambers

**71. Periphyllus aesculi** Hille Ris Lambers

*Periphyllus aesculi* Hille Ris Lambers, 1923, *Stylops*, **2** : 200.

*Periphyllus aesculi* : Ghosh, L. K., 1976, *Newsl. zool. Surv. India*, **2** : 210.

*Material* : 4 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Himachal Pradesh : Simla Hills, x. 1974, from *Aesculus* sp., coll. L. K. Ghosh.

**72. Periphyllus villosii** (Chakrabarti)

*Chaitophorus villosii* Chakrabarti, 1977, *Oriental Ins.*, **11** : 219.

*Periphyllus vandenboschi* Hille Ris Lambers : (*mis det.*) Chakrabarti, S., Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1972, *Curr. Sci.*, **40** : 70.

*Periphyllus viridis* (Matsumura) : (*mis det.*) Chakrabarti, S. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1975, *Oriental Ins.*, **9** : 209.

*Material* : 5 apterous oviparous ♀ ♀, and 3 alate ♂ ♂, INDIA : Uttar Pradesh Almora : Dhauniadung, 15. x. 1970 from *Acer villosum*, coll. S. Chakrabarti ; 8 apterous viviparous ♀ ♀ and 1 alate ♂, Almora : Kathalia, 21. x. 1970, from *Acer villosum*, coll. S. Chakravarti.

## Subfamily GREENIDEINAE

**XLVII. Genus Eutrichosiphum** Essig and Kuwana**73. Eutrichosiphum quercifoliae** Raychaudhuri, Ghosh, Banerjee and Ghosh.

*Eutrichosiphum quercifoliae* : Raychaudhuri, D. N., Ghosh, M. R., Banerjee, M. and Ghosh, A. K., 1973, *Kontyu*, **41** : 57.

*Material* : 1 alate oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal : Peshoke, 11. xii. 1970, from *Quercus* sp., coll. M. R. Ghosh.

Note : Raychaudhuri, D. N., Ghosh, M. R., Banerjee, M. and Ghosh, A. K. (1973) reported the alate oviparous females but on page 57 of the publication the term alate oviparae has been misprinted as alate viviparae.

**XLVIII. Genus Greenidea** Schouteden**74. Greenidea (Trichosiphum) anonae** (Pergande)

*Trichosiphum anonae* Pergande. 1906, *Ent. News Philadelphia*, **17** : 208.

*Greenidea (Trichosiphum) anonae* (Pergande) : Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1956, *Zool. Verh.*, **31** : 50.

*Material* : 1 alate ♂, INDIA : Pusa, ii. 1934, from ? *Neicotiana tabacum*.

XLIX. Genus **Greenideoida** van der Goot

75. **Greenideoida ceyloniae** van der Goot

*Greenideoida ceyloniae* van der Goot, 1917, *Contrib. Faune Indes Neerl.*, 1 (3) : 141.

*Greenideoida ceyloniae* : Ghosh, A. K., 1976, *Oriental Ins.*, 10 : 43.

*Material* : 8 alate oviparous ♀ ♀ and 2 alate ♂ ♂, 6 alate nymph of oviparae, INDIA : Assam : Jorhat, 20. iii. 1974, from *Mesua ferrea*, coll. D. Saharia.

XLX. Genus **Mollitrichosiphum** Suenaga

76. **Mollitrichosiphum tenuicorpus** (Okajima)

*Trichosiphum tenuicorpus* Okajima, 1908, *Bull. Coll. Agric. Tokyo. Imp. Univ.*, 8 : 22.

*Material* : 1 alate oviparous ♀, INDIA : West Bengal ; Kalimpong, 16. iii. 1970, from an unidentified plant, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 1 alate oviparous ♀, Meghalaya : Shillong, 21. ix. 1970, from *Measa indica*, coll. S. Sarkar.

*Alate ovipara* : Body about 3.09 mm long with the maximum width as 1.18 mm. Head pale brownish. Antennae 6 - segmented, about 0.60 × the body ; hairs on antennae long and fine, those on segment III about 3.20 - 4.50 × the basal diameter of the segment ; segment III with 13-15 large, round secondary rhinaria distributed irregularly over the entire length, p.t. about 1.50 × the base of last antennal segment. Rostrum reaching beyond mid coxae, segments 4 + 5 of rostrum about 1.30-1.60 × h.t.2. Dorsum of abdomen with pale brownish discontinuous patch medially besides brownish patches marginally. Siphunculi long, cylindrical about 0.55 - 0.57 × the body, covered with numerous fine hairs with spinulose apex and ill developed flange. Hind tibiae with stridulatory ridges but without pseudosensoria. Otherwise as in alate viviparae.

Measurements of one specimen in mm : Length of body 3.09, width 1.18 ; antenna 1.80, segments III : IV : V : VI 0.69 : 0.25 : 0.25 (0.18 + 0.26) ; u.r.s. (4+5) 0.19 ; h.t.2 0.12 ; siphunculus 1.76.

Note : Sexual morph of this species is reported for the first time from India.

### 77. *Mollitrichosiphum* (*Metatrichosiphon*) *alni* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri

*Mollitrichosiphum* (*Metatrichosiphon*) *alni* Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri 1970, *Oriental. Ins.*, 4 : 200.

*Mollitrichosiphum* (*Metatrichosiphon*) *alni* : Ghosh, M. R. Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Proc. zool. Soc. Calcutta*, 24 : 167.

*Mollitrichosiphum* (*Metatrichosiphon*) *alni* : Mondal, P. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1977, *Sci. & Cult.*, 43 : 535.

*Material* : 3 alate oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Sikkim : Gangtok, 23. xii. 1970, from *Alnus nepalensis*, coll. *M. R. Ghosh* ; 1 alate ♂, Gangtok, 16.xi. 1964, from *Alnus nepalensis*, coll. *P. K. Mondal*.

## XLXI. Genus *Paratrichosiphum* Takahashi

### 78. *Paratrichosiphum* sp.

*Paratrichosiphum* sp. : Ghosh, A. K. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Sci. & Cult.*, 37 : 483.

*Material* : 2 alate oviparous ♀ ♀, INDIA : Arunachal : Mio, x. 1970, from *Styrax* sp., coll. *A. K. Ghosh* ; 11 alate ♂ ♂, West Bengal : Kalimpong, x. 1971 and i. 1971 in Y.P.T., coll. *M. R. Ghosh*.

Note : The material could not be identified upto species level. So the description as well as morphometric data for the same are not provided.

## XLXII. Genus *Schoutedenia* Rubsaamen

### 79. *Schoutedenia lutea* ( van der Goot )

*Setaphis lutea* van der Goot, 1917, *Contrib. Faune Indes Neerl.*, 1 (3) ; 154.

*Schoutedenia emblica andhraka* David and Hille Ris Lambers, 1956, *Indian J. Ent.*, 18 : 43.

*Schoutedenia emblica* (Patel and Kulkarni) : David, 1958, *J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc.*, 55 : 114.

*Schoutedenia lutea* (van der Goot) : Ghosh, A. K., Ghosh, M. R. and Raychaudhuri, D. N., 1971, *Oriental Ins.*, 6 : 339.

*Material* : Apterous oviparous ♀ ♀ and 1 apterous ♂, INDIA : Bapatla in August from *Phyllanthus emblica*, coll. S. K. David ; 1 apterous oviparous ♀, West Bengal : Tashiding, 18. vii. 1970, from an unidentified plant, coll. M. R. Ghosh ; 3 alate ♂ ♂, West Bengal : Darjeeling : Rambhi, 9. xii. 1970. from *Flueggea macrophyla*, coll. M. R. Ghosh.

Note : The alate males of the above species have been collected in North East India and in that context the report of apterous male by David (1958) from South India for the same species appears interesting.

### Subfamily LACHNINAE

#### XLXIII. Genus *Protrama* Baker

#### 80. *Protrama penecacea* Stroyan

*Protrama penecacea* Stroyan. 1964, *Indian J. Ent.*, 26 : 211.

*Protrama penecacea* : Verma, 1969, *Bull. Ent.*, 10 : 102.

*Material* : 1 apterous ♂, INDIA : Jammu and Kashmir : Jammu, 21. xii. 1962, from root of *Helianthus tuberosus.*, coll. M. L. Sharma,

The systematic account is followed by a discussion on the life cycle of aphids of India from the view point of the available sexual morphs which have been separately listed along with other relevant data.

List of Sexuales of aphids found in India (Plants with ? marks denote doubtful host plants )

Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
Subfamily : ANOECIINAE			
1. <i>Aiceona litseae</i> Basu and Hille Ris Lambers	Alate ovipara	<i>Litsea polyantha</i> <i>Litsea</i> sp.	Lauraceae ,,
2. <i>Aiceona paraosugii</i> Ghosh Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Alate ovipara	Y.P.T.	
3. <i>Aiceona retipennis</i> David Narayanan and Rajasingh	Alate male	Y.P.T.	

Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
4. <i>Aiceona robustiseta</i> Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Alate ovipara	Y.P.T. <i>Litsea polyantha</i>	Lauraceae
Subfamily : APHIDINAE			
5. <i>Acutosiphon obliquoris</i> Basu, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara Alate male	Unidentified Unidentified	Cyperaceae
6. <i>Amphorophora ampullata bengalensis</i> Hille Ris Lambers and Basu	Apterous ovipara	Unidentified Fern	
7. <i>Aphis clematidis simlaensis</i> Kumar and Burkhardt	Apterous male	<i>Clematis</i> sp.	Ranunculaceae
8. <i>Aphis craccivora</i> Koch	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Tinospora cordifolia</i>	Menispermaceae
9. <i>Aphis gossypii</i> group	Apterous ovipara	<i>Citrus decumina</i> Unidentified <i>Perilla osmoides</i> <i>Calendula</i> sp.	Rutaceae Rhamnaceae Labiatae Compositae
	Alate male	<i>Camellia sinensis</i>	Magnoliaceae
<i>Aphis gossypii</i> group	Alate male	<i>Zinnia</i> sp. <i>Erectiles valiriniifolia</i> <i>Bidens pilosa</i> <i>Salvia</i> sp.	Compositae ,, ,, Labiatae
10. <i>Aphis nasturtii</i> Kaltenbach	Alate male	Unidentified Y.P.T.	
11. <i>Aulacorthum magnoliae</i> (Essig and Kuwana)	Alate male	<i>Cucurbita maxima</i> <i>Cucurbita moschata</i>	Cucurbitaceae Cucurbitaceae
12. <i>Aulacorthum</i> sp.	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Pterospermum</i> sp. <i>Artemisia</i> sp. <i>Solanum</i> sp.	Sterculaceae Compositae Solanaceae
13. <i>Brachycaudus helichrysi</i> (Kaltenbach)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Prunus</i> sp. ? <i>Lycopersicum esculantum</i> <i>Prunus</i> sp. Y.P.T.	Rosaceae Solanaceae Rosaceae
14. <i>Brachymyzus jasmini</i> Basu	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Nellia</i> sp. <i>Pilea microphylla</i>	Rosaceae Urticaceae
15. <i>Brevicoryne brassicae</i> (Linnaeus)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> <i>Brassica oleracea</i> <i>Brassica</i> sp.	Cruciferae ,, ,,
16. <i>Capitophorus formosartemisiae</i> (Takahashi)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Artemisia</i> sp.	Compositae

Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
17. <i>Capitophorus meghalayensis</i> Basu and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara	<i>Elaeagnus</i> sp.	Elaeagnaceae
18. <i>Cavariella (Cavaraiellia) aquatica</i> (Gillette and Bragg)	Apterous ovipara Apterous male	<i>Salix</i> sp. "	Salicaceae "
19. <i>Cavariella</i> sp.	Alate male	Unidentified	Solanaceae
20. <i>Chaetosiphon (Pentatrichopus) fragifolii</i> (Cockerell)	Alate male	Y.P.T.	
21. <i>Coloradoa rufomaculata</i> (Wilson)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Chrysanthemum indicum</i>	Compositae
22. <i>Dysaphis ghanii</i> group	Alate male	<i>Fragaria nilgerrensis</i> <i>Cotoneaster bacillaris</i>	Rosaceae "
23. <i>Dysaphis</i> sp.	Alate male	Y.P.T.	
24. <i>Hayhurstia atriplicis</i> (Linnaeus)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	Chenopodiaceae
25. <i>Hyperomyzus lactucae</i> (Linnaeus)	Alate male	<i>Taxus baccata</i>	Taxaceae
26. <i>Hysteroneura setariae</i> (Thomas)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Prunus</i> sp. Unidentified Unidentified	Rosaceae Gramineae
27. <i>Impatientinum impatiens</i> (Shinji)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Salix</i> sp.	Salicaceae
28. <i>Jacksonia folisacculata</i> (Kumar and Burkhardt)	Alate male	<i>Spiraea</i> sp.	Rosaceae
29. <i>Jacksonia</i> sp.	Alate male	<i>Sarcocea pruniformis</i>	Buxaceae
30. <i>Liosomaphis himalayensis</i> Basu	Alate male	Y.P.T.	
31. <i>Lipaphis erysimi</i> (Kaltenbach)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Brassica campestris</i> <i>Brassica oleracea</i> Unidentified Y.P.T.	Cruciferae " "
32. <i>Macromyzus manoji</i> Raha and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara	Unidentified	
33. <i>Macrosiphoniella ? kikunshana</i> Takahashi	Apterous ovipara	<i>Artemisia</i> sp.	Compositae
34. <i>Macrosiphoniella pseudoartemisiae</i> Shinji	Apterous ovipara	<i>Artemisia</i> sp.	"

Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
35. <i>Macrosiphum (Sitobion) rosaeformis</i> Das	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Rosa</i> sp. <i>Rosa cania</i> <i>Rosa</i> sp.	Rosaceae ,, ,,
36. <i>Macrosiphum spinotibium</i> Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara	Unidentified	
37. <i>Macrosiphum</i> sp. A	Alate male	<i>Vaccinium</i> sp. Y.P.T. Unidentified	Vacciniaceae
38. <i>Macrosiphum (Sitobion)</i> sp. B	Apterous ovipara  Alate male	<i>Polygonum chinensis</i> Unidentified grass ? <i>Allium sativum</i> ? <i>Lindera</i> sp. ? <i>Asplenium</i> sp.	Polygonaceae  Gramineae Liliaceae Lauraceae Aspleniaceae
39. <i>Masonaphis (Neomasonaphis) anaphilidis</i> Basu	Alate male	<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i>	Compositae
40. <i>Masonaphis (Neomasonaphis) rumicis</i> Chakrabarti and Raychaudhuri	Alate male	<i>Oxyria digyna</i> <i>Rumex</i> sp.	Geraniaceae Polygonaceae
41. <i>Megoura cajane</i> Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara	<i>Cajanus cajan</i>	Papilionaceae
42. <i>Metopolophium chandrani</i> (David and Narayanan)	Apterous ovipara	wild rose	Rosaceae
43. <i>Metopolophium rubi</i> (Narzikulov)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Rubus ellipticus</i>	Rosaceae
44. <i>Micromyzus kalimpongensis</i> Basu	Apterous ovipara Alate male Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Elettaria cardamomum</i> Orchid ,,	Zingiberaceae Orchidaceae ,,
45. <i>Micromyzus mawphlongensis</i> Ghosh	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Polypodium</i> sp. ,,	Polypodiaceae ,,
46. <i>Micromyzus</i> sp.	Apterous ovipara	<i>Symplocos</i> sp.	Symplocaceae
47. <i>Myzus brevisiphon</i> Basu	Alate male	<i>Rhododendron campylocarpum</i> <i>Polygonum</i> sp.	Ericaceae Polygonaceae
48. <i>Myzus ornatus</i> Laing	Alate male	<i>Fragaria nilgerrensis</i>	Rosaceae
49. <i>Myzus persicae</i> (Sulzer)	Alate male	<i>Solanum persicum</i> <i>Silene conodea</i>  <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Rhododendron campylocarpum</i>	Solanaceae Caryophyllaceae  Rosaceae Ericaceae

	Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
50.	<i>Neoacyrthosiphon</i> ( <i>Pseudoacyrthosiphon</i> ) <i>takahashii</i> Ghosh	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Rhododendron</i> <i>campylocarpum</i>	Ericaceae
51.	<i>Pentalonia nigronervosa</i> Coquerell	Apterous ovipara	<i>Curcuma domestica</i>	Zingibera- ceae
52.	<i>Perillaphis perillae</i> (Shinji)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Perilla</i> sp. Unidentified <i>Rhododendron</i> <i>campylocarpum</i>	Labiatae Verbenaceae Ericaceae
		Alate male	<i>Rhododendron</i> <i>campylocarpum</i>	Ericaceae
53.	<i>Rhopalosiphoninus longi-</i> <i>setosa</i> Chakrabarti and Ghosh	Apterous ovipara Alate male	Unidentified ,,	
54.	<i>Rhopalosiphum maidis</i> (Fitch)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Triticum vulgare</i>	Gramineae
55.	<i>Rhopalosiphum nymph-</i> <i>aeae</i> (Linnaeus)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Prunus</i> sp. ? <i>Eichhornia</i> <i>crassipes</i> <i>Rosa</i> sp. ? <i>Curcuma longa</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Prunus</i> sp. ? <i>Cucurbita</i> sp. ? <i>Fleurya</i> sp.	Rosaceae Pontederia- ceae Rosaceae Zingiberaceae Rosaceae ,, Cucurbitaceae Urticaceae
56.	<i>Rhopalosiphum padi</i> (Linnaeus)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Prunus</i> sp.	Rosaceae
57.	<i>Rhopalosiphum ruft-</i> <i>abdominalis</i> (Sasaki)	Alate male	<i>Pyrus communis</i>	,,
58.	<i>Scizaphis ? punjabipyri</i> (Das)	Alate male	<i>Pyrus communis</i>	,,
59.	<i>Semiaphis heraclei</i> Takahashi	Apterous ovipara	Unidentified	Rosaceae
60.	<i>Shinjia pteridifoliae</i> (Shinji)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Sauravia</i> sp. ,,	Sauraviaceae ,,
61.	<i>Tricaudatus polygoni</i> (Narzikulov)	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Spiraea corymbosa</i>	Rosaceae
62.	<i>Trichosiphonaphis</i> <i>polygoni</i> (van der Goot)	Alate male	<i>Fragaria nilgerr-</i> <i>ensis</i> <i>Potentilla mooniana</i>	,, ,,
63.	<i>Uroleucon longisetosus</i> Chakrabarti and Verma	Apterous ovipara Apterous ovipara Alatoid male	<i>Lactuca hastata</i> <i>Prenanthes bruniana</i> ,,	Compositae ,, ,,

Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
Subfamily : CALLAPHIDINAE			
64. <i>Chromaphis hirsutatibis</i> Kumar and Levigne	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Eleurites moluccana</i> Y.P.T.	Euphorbia- ceae
65. <i>Myzocallis polychaetus</i> David	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Quercus dealbata</i> "	Fagaceae "
66. <i>Shivaphis bambusicola</i> (David, Narayanan and Rajasingh)	Apterous ovipara	<i>Bambusa</i> sp.	Gramineae
67. <i>Taoia indica</i> (Ghosh and Raychaudhuri)	Apterous ovipara Alatoid male	<i>Betula alnoides</i> <i>Alnus nepalensis</i> <i>Betula alnoides</i>	Betulaceae " "
68. <i>Tinocallis distincta</i> Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara Alate male	Unidentified Unidentified	Leguminosae "
69. <i>Tinocallis himalayensis</i> Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Apterous ovipara	Unidentified	Leguminosae
70. <i>Tinocalloides montanus</i> Basu	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Prunus cerasus</i> "	Rosaceae "
Subfamily : CHAITOPHORINAE			
71. <i>Periphyllus aesculi</i> Hille Ris Lambers	Apterous ovipara Alate male	<i>Aesculus</i> sp. "	Hippocastina- ceae
72. <i>Periphyllus villosii</i> Chakrabarti	Apterous ovipara	<i>Acer villosum</i>	Sapindaceae
Subfamily : GREENIDEINAE			
73. <i>Eutrichosiphum quercifoliae</i> Raychaudhuri, Ghosh, Banerjee and Ghosh	Alate ovipara	<i>Quercus</i> sp.	Fagaceae
74. <i>Greenidea anonae</i> (Pergande)	Alate male	? <i>Nicotiana tabacum</i>	Solanaceae
75. <i>Greenidea ceyloniae</i> van der Goot	Alate ovipara Alate male	<i>Mesua ferra</i> "	Guttiferae "
76. <i>Mollitrichosiphum tenuicarpus</i> (Okajima)	Alate ovipara	<i>Maesa indica</i> "	Myrsinaceae "
77. <i>Mollitrichosiphum alni</i> Ghosh, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri	Alate ovipara Alate male	<i>Alnus nepalensis</i> "	Betulaceae "
78. <i>Paratrichosiphum</i> sp.	Alate ovipara Alate male	<i>Styrax</i> sp. "	Styraceae "

Aphid-species	Available sexual morph	Collected from plants / Y.P.T.	Plant family
79. <i>Schoutedenia lutea</i> (van der Goot)	Apterous ovipara Apterous male Alate male	<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i> <i>Flueggea macrophylla</i>	Euphorbiaceae Euphorbiaceae
Subfamily : LACHNINAE			
80. <i>Protrama penecacea</i> Stroyan	Apterous male	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>	Compositae

### DISCUSSION

From what has been stated above in the taxonomic part and list of Sexuales of Aphids found in India the following facts are revealed :

1. 13% of the total aphid species recorded from India produce sexuales. Out of these species, 23 are known only by males, 26 by only oviparae and 31 by both males and oviparae.
2. These sexuales are distributed over all the subfamilies of Aphididae except Hormaphidinae and Pemphiginae.
3. These sexuales are mostly found at higher altitudes during colder part of the year.
4. The oviparae are usually apterous except in the subfamily Anoeciinae and Greenideinae and the males are almost always alate except in the subfamily Lachninae.

From the above it can be said that in Indian climate the majority of the aphids have anholocyclic thelytocus life cycle and only for a few species there is anholocyclic development coupled with a minor, perhaps sometimes abortive gamic cycle. A similar idea is given by Bodenheimer and Swirski (1957) for aphids of Middle East, Richards (1965) for Canadian Callaphidine aphids and Eastop (1966) for Australian aphids. None the less it can reasonably assumed that some species like *Aphis craccivora*, *Brachycaudus helichrysi*, *Brachymyzus jasmini*, *Brevicoryne brassicae*, *Cavariella* (*Cavaraiellia*) *aquatica*, *Macrosiphum* (*Sitobion*) *rosaeformis*, *Micromyzus kalimpongensis*, *Micromyzus mawphlongensis*, *Neoacyrthosiphon* (*Pseudoacyrthosiphon*) *takahashii*, *Perillaphis perillae*, *Rhopalosiphoninus longisetosa*, *Rhopalosiphum nymphaeae*, *Shinjia pteridifoliae*, *Tricaudatus polygoni*, *Uroleucon*

*longisetosa*, *Chromaphis hersutatibis*, *Taoia indica*, *Tinocallis distincta*, *Periphyllus villosii*, *Greenideoida ceyloniae*, *Mollitrichosiphum* (*Metatrichosiphon*) *alni* and *Schoutedenia lutia* are perhaps leading holocyclic life cycle in Indian climate since in these species both oviparae and males could be found over and above usual parthenogenetic forms. Some of the above species have their host plants very restricted at least in respect of plant families. The significance of the find of males and oviparous females on the same host plant as viviparae may be attributed to laying of eggs for over wintering purpose to overcome the ill effects of cool winter.

Usually the alate forms are looked upon as migrants. So the males which are usually alate can be supposed to have been produced for migrating to the primary host in case of host alternating species for mating with the oviparae if found there at all or else the males can be looked upon as abortive gamic form. The report of apterous male for *Aphis clematidis simlaensis* by Kumar and Burkhardt (1970), that for *Cavariella* (*Cavariellia*) *aquatica* by David and Hameed (1975) and that for *Schoutedenia emblica* (= *lutea*) by David (1958), appear somewhat interesting since the males in the tribes Aphidini and Macrosiphini and of *Schoutedenia* under Indian temperate climate are so far known mostly alatae. If however, the males are truly apterous then it becomes a point of interest to enquire into fact of extreme neoteny for males inspite of the possible necessity of host alternation for perpetuation of sexual cycle if it really occurs. Otherwise these instances should have to be looked upon as examples of abortive gamic forms. A similar assumption can be made for the apterous oviparae in cases where these are the only sexual morphs found. The find of an apterous male in *Protrama penecacea* is an example of extreme neoteny. So also the find of alate oviparae in *Aiceona* sp. and the species under Greenideinae are cases of zero neoteny

The find of majority of the sexuales at higher altitudes during colder part of the year suggests that lower temperature and shorter day length influence production of sexual or in otherwords the production of sexuales can be correlated with physico-chemical changes of the host plants harboured by the parthenogenetic forms brought by the changes in the climate.

#### SUMMARY

In this paper sexuales of 80 species distributed over 53 genera under 6 subfamilies of Aphididae are reported from India. Among

the sexuales only males are known for 11 of these genera, oviparae for 14 genera and both males and oviparae for other 28 genera.

The sexuales are mostly known from areas of higher altitudes (*ca* 750 metre to *ca* 4500 metre) during colder part of the year.

On the basis of the find of sexuales a discussion on the nature of life-cycle followed by the majority of the Indian aphids has been incorporated.

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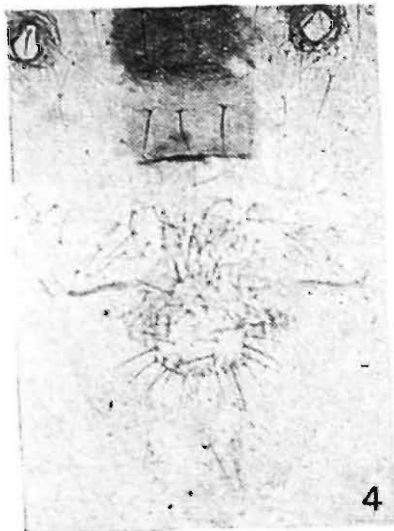
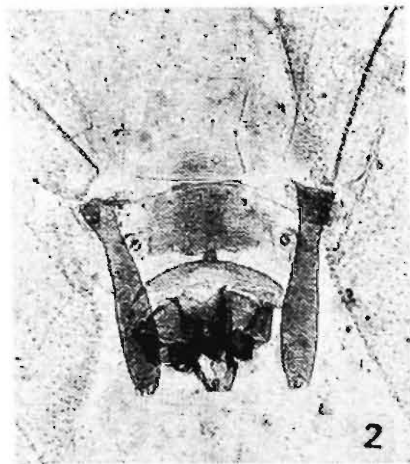
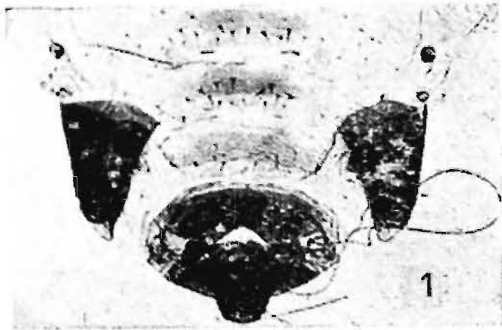
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PLATE I



1. *Acutosiphon obliquoris* Basu, Ghosh and Raychaudhuri: Posterior portion of alate ♂ showing genital structure.
2. *Cavariella* sp.: Posterior portion of alate ♂ showing genital structure.
3. *Dysaphis ghanii* group: Posterior portion of alate ♂ showing genital structure.
4. *Aiceona robustiseta* Ghosh and Raychaudhuri: Posterior portion of apterous oviparous ♀ showing genital structure.
5. *Aphis craccivora* Koch: Apterous oviparous ♀.
6. *Myzocallis polychaetus* David: Posterior portion of apterous oviparous ♀ showing the eggs within the body and swollen hind tibia.